Hamaiian Gazette. FAVOR

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488UED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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Mandate of Powers Meets With Disfavor in Greece.

BIG DEMONSTRATION PLANNED

Populace and Officers all of One Mind.

Cameron Resolution Remains in Washington-Wilson Bill Leaves Deficit.

LONDON, March 4 .- A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Athens says: Premier Delyannis has long conferences with King George daily, and the Cabinet is now sitting to discuss the character of the reply to be given to the identical notes of the powers, and the military measure necessitated by the situation.

Thessaly, where the Turkish troops on the frontier are taking up an Irritating attitude, is likely to produce a collision at any moment. Meanwhile preparations continue for the mobiliention and disputching of further re-

enforcements to the seat of danger.

A monster demonstration has been arranged for tomorrow in favor of the policy of resistance to the mandate of the powers. This is the dominant feeling of the populace, and the belief is universal that even if Colonel Vassos is recalled by the Government his officers will resign their commissions and join the insurgents.

The Crown Prince, the members of the Cabinet and many officers were present yesterday at the obsequies of the late Metropolitan held in the Cathedral. The Metropolitan of Athens preached a long funeral oration. The Greek newspapers unite in de-

laring that Greece cannot withdraw her troops from Crete without dishon-Signor Barbatow, the Italian Deputy with 100 Sicilian volunteers, started

for Crete tonight. NOT SENT TO GREECE.

Department Witholds Senate Resolution of Sympathy. NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The Herald's

Nash, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lewis and the Wilson revenue tariff law end with business.

\$25,508,515. The Wilson law has been a failure in its production of revenue both as to customs receipts and internal revenue. Reducing tariff rates upon the assumption that the reduction would so stimulate importations as to increase customs revenues, it in fact reduced the net collections at the Custom Houses. Increasing internal revenue taxes, it has collected less internal revenue than the law which preceded it. In both customs and internal revenue branches receipts have fallen below the receipts of the McKinley law in the corresponding period of its his-

This is more suprising because of the enormous increase in importations. Customs receipts in the first two and a half years of the Wilso law fell \$100,-000,000 in round numbers below the customs receipts in the first two and a half years of the McKinley law. Internal revenue receipts under the Wilson law fell \$75,000,000 in round numbers below the internal revenue receipts in the first two and a half years of the McKinley law.

EX-QUEEN LILIUOKALANI SEATED Place Reserved In Diplomatic Gallery

For Inauguration. WASHINGTON, Feb. 26,-There was for a moment this afternoon danger of dress of President Wm. McKinley: war over the seating arrangements in

mmunicated to the ex-Queen. Then he will have only two seats, not four

GAWAHANS IN WASHINGTON. Their Presence Has No Official Sig-

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.-Francis M. Hatch, Hawaiian Minister to the United States, has returned from Chi-Washington special says: Relations cago, where he met Attorney General Washington special says: Relations between the administration and Senate have been still further strained by the refusal of Secretary Olney to transmit to the Covernment of Greece the States, said they were here in their instances of the second of the states, said they were here in their instances of the second of the seco

ed March 15.

Reciprocity Relations of 1890 Ad vocated-Deficit Must be Stopped.

Following is the inauguration ad-

Fellow Citizens: In obedience to the

an enduring basis, not subject to easy athe significance of the whole affair tacks, nor its stability to doubt or disilted in the location of Her ex-Haoute. Our currency should continue under railan Majesty inside the gallery. But in my judgment, a constant embarrass In my judgment, a constant embarrassment to the Government and a safe balance in the treasury. Therefore I believe it is necessary to devise a system, without diminishing the circulating medium or offering a premium for its contraction, which will present a remedy for these arraskements which, temporary in their nature, might well in times of our prosperity have been displaced by wiser provisions. With adequate revenue insured, but not until then, can we enter upon such changes in our fiscal laws as will, while ensuring safety and volume to our money, no longer impose upon the Government the necessity of maintaining so

TAXES ON FOREIGN PRODUCTS.

The best way for the Government to maintain its credit is to pay as it goesnot by resorting to loans, but by keeping out of debt—through an adequate income secured by a system of taxation, external or internal, or both. It is the settled policy of the Government, pursued from the beginning and practiced by all parties and administrations, to raise the built of revenue by taxes upon foreign productions entering the United States for sale and consumption, and avoiding for the most part every form of direct taxation, except in time of war. The country is clearly opposed to any needless additions to the subjects of international taxation, and is committed by its latest popular utterance to the system of tariff taxation. There can be no misunderstanding, either, about the principle upon which this tariff taxation shall be levied. Nothing has ever been made plainer at a general election than that the controlling principle is the raising of revenue on imports in

ment of Greece, though the residual control of the control of the

AUMINISTRATION PLANS MAPPED OUT

Inaugural Address by President

Wm. McKinely.

The case during the past two years. Nor must it be forgotten that however much loans may temporarily relieve the situation, the Government is still indebted for the amount of the surplus thus accorded, which it must ultimately pay, while its ability to pay is not strengthen, but weakened, by a continued deficit. Loans are imperative in great emergence of extrements in second when the second with the sential content of the public treasury, as has been indicated, denands the immediate consideration of Congress. It alone has the power to provide revenues further der such circumstances I can clew in modern that Congress in session is dangerous to our general business interests, its members are the agents of the people and their presence at the seat of government of either has no justification.

TAXES ON FOREIGN PRODUCTS.

The best way for the Government to maintain its credit is to pay as it seemed to put the Government on a sound financial and economic back, it is an example which absence of a public necessity is not to be continued deficit. The condition of the public treasury, as head been indicated, denands the immediate consideration of Congress. It alone has the power to provide revenues further of the government. Not to convene it under such circumstances I can clew in me der such circumstances I can clew in me der such circumstances in session is dangerous to our general business interests, its members are the agents of the people and their presence at the seat of government of the provide revenue in time of peace for the maintenance of either has no justification.

TAXES ON FOREIGN PRODUCTS.

The best way for the Government to maintenance of either has no justification.

The best way for the Government to maintenance of the peace for the maintenance of either has no justification.

for a moment this afternoon danger of war over the seating arrangements in the Senate diplomatic gallery on the occasion of the incoming President's imaguration ceremonies on Thursday next. So great has become the demand for seats in the Senate gallery that every resource of diplomacy and dinance is exhausted to secure the covered pasteboards.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani, having put to fine the desired to witness the ceremonies and so sent a request to Senato Perkins, who was her guest to chemonies and so, sent a request to ceremonies and so, sent a request to ceremonies and so, sent a request to Senato Perkins, who was her guest of the President of the Committee of the Senator laid her request before Sherman and Elkins of the Committee of Arrangements, and they, with Sergent-at-Arms Bright, went over the set of plan at length.

After some discussion it was decided that two seats could be put into the set of plan at length.

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After some discussion it was decided that two seats could be put into the set of plan at length.

After some discussion it was decid drain upon the gold reserve held for the redemption of our currency, which has been heavy and well high constant for several years.

CIVIL SERVICE REPORM.

Reforms in the civil service must go on, but the change should be real and genuine, not perfunctory or prompted by a zeal in behalf of any party, simply because it happened to be in power. As a member of Congress I voted and spoke in favor of the present law, and I shall attempt its enforcement in the spirit in which it was enacted. The purpose in the was to secure the most efficient service of the best men who would accept appointment under the Government, retaining faithful and devoted persons in office, but shielding none, under the authority of any rule or custom who are inefficient incompetent or unworthy. The best interests of the country demans this, and the people to meet the law wherever and whenever it has been thos aniministered.

Congress should give prompt altention to the restoration of our merchant marrine, once the pride of the seas in all the great highways of scenn commerce. To my mind, few more important subjects and propagative, deepends more important subjects and propagative, deepends more important subjects and the people heartily approve the law wherever and whenever it has been thos aniministered.

Congress should give prompt altention to the restoration of our merchant marrine, once the pride of the seas in all the great highways of scenn commerce. To my mind, few more important subjects and these years of charges by the American people, with the present highways of scenn commerce. To my mind, few more important subjects and these years of charges by the American people. With the present highways of scenn commerce. To my mind, few more important subjects and these years of charges by the American people with the present highways of scenn commerce. To

Smith and Thurston in the United States, said they were here in their or crowth of experience and trial, and treating dovernment of Greece the States, said they were here in their or crowth of experience and trial, and treating agreed to without was introduced by Senator Cameron, and was immediate agreed to without debate. A certified copy was sent to the State Department of Greece, though the resolution request that it is not the intention of the administration to forwarded. Senator Cameron has learned that it is not the intention to forward it, and he intention to forward it is not the intention to the intention of the wisdom shall dome it is presented and intention of the wisdom shall dome it is presented and intention of the intention of the intention of the proposed changes where the intention of the intention of the intention of the intention o

a necessity would be unwise on the part of the Executive, because unjust to the interest of the people. Our actions now will be freet from mere partisan consideration than if the question of tariff resistent contract us and formation of the contract us and formation of the contract us and formation of the problem of tariff resistent contract us and formation of the problem of th

This is the obligation I have reverently taken before the Lord Most High. To keep it will be my single purpose, my constant prayer—and I shall confidently rely upon the forbearance and assistance of all the people in the discharge of my solemn responsibilities.

side over the Senate of the United States is a distinction which any citizen would prize, and the manifestation of confidence which it implies is an honor which I sincerely appreciate. My gratitude and loyalty to the people of the country to whom I owe this honor, and my duty to you, as well, demand such a conservative, equitable and conscientloss conwhom I owe this bonor, and my duty to you, as well, demand such a conservative, equitable and conscientious construction of your rules as shall promote the well being and prosperity of the people, and at the same time conserve the three tomored precedents and established traditions which have contributed to make this tribunal the most distinguished of the legislative bodies of the world. In entering upon the duties of the office to which I have been chosen, I feel a peculiar delicacy, for I am aware your hoody with whom for a time I will be associated has had but a small voice in the selection of its presiding officer, and that I am called upon to conduct your deliberations, while not perhaps your choice in point of either merit or fitness.

It will be my constant effort to aid you, so far as I may, in all reasonable expedition of the business of the Senate, and I may be permitted to express the benefit that such expedition is the hope of the country. All the interests of good government and the advancement toward a higher and better condition of things call for prompt and positive legislative action after the fullest and freest discussion after the fullest and freest discussion after the fullest and freest discussions.

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In many is questioned that its publication would be "from the public that secretary Othey is very much displeased with the course of Consul General Lee, especially because it has greatly increased his popularity with the public.

SPEAKS FOR ANNEXATION.

Senator-Elect Turner of Washington State, in an interview today, said: "While I am

a your names. To obstruct the regular course of wise and prudent legislative action after the fullest and freest discussion is neither consistent with true senatorial courtesy, conducive to the welfare of the people, nor in compliance with their just expectations. While assisting

of the people, nor in compliance with their just expectations. While assisting in the settlement of the grave questions which devolve upon the Senate, it will be my endeavor to so guide its deliberations that its wisdom may be made fruitful in works, whilst at the same time exercising such fairness and impartiality within the rules of the Senate as shall deserve at least your good opinion for the sincerity of my effort.

Infamiliar with your rules and manner of procedure, I can only promise that I will bring all the ability I possess to the faithful discharge of every duty as it may develove upon me, relying always upon your suggestions, your advice and your co-operation, and I should feel unequal to the task did I not trustfully auticipate that includent aid and consideration which you have at all tibies given to my predecessors, and without which I could not hope to acquit myself to your satisfaction or with any degree of personal credit, It shall be my highest aim to Justify the confidence the people have reposed in me by discharging my duties in such a manner as to lighten your labors, secure your appreciation of my honest effort to administer your rules

duties in such a manner as to lighten your labors, secure your appreciation of my honest effort to administer your rules with an eye sirgle to the public good and promote the pleasant and efficient transaction of the public business.

I trust our official and personal relations may be alike agreeable: that the friendships we may form here may be genuine and lasting, and that the work of the Senate may redound to the peace and hanor of the country and the prosperity and happiness of all the people.

Cornellus Bliss.

WASHINGTON. March 1.-McKinley washington. March 2.—McKinley completed his Cabinet at noon, when he induced Cornelius N. Bliss to reconsider his determination not to accept the place of Secretary of the Interior, and Bliss yielded. President-elect McKinley went over the situation in detail with Bliss, and at his personal request, Mr. Bliss accepted the place. This solution of the trouble was agreeable to Platt, the Republican Senator-elect, who so informed McKinley. Bliss was the original choice of the Republican organization, which stood solidity hehind him, until he made it known to McKinley that there were personal reasons why he could not go into the Cubinet.

of Massachusetts.
Secretary of the Interior: Cornelius N.
Bliss of New York. Secretary of Agriculture: James Wil-son of Iowa.

Attorney General: Joseph McKenna of California.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED MILLIONS. 1 Immigration Bill Vetoed. Amount of Appropriations by the

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The President today sent to the House a message washington, March 2.—The President today sent to the House a message with the minigration bill. WASHINGTON, March 2.—The President today sent to the House today the immigration bill was passed over the President's veto by a vote of the report was sent to the House. The President today sent to the House today the immigration bill was passed over the President's veto by a vote of the report was sent to the House.

OLNEY AND LEE, Secretary of State Not Pleased With Consul-General. o

NEW YORK, March 2-The Sun's Senators: To have been elected to preside over the Senate of the United States is an identified which it implies is an honor which I sincerely appreciate. My stratitude and logarity to the people of the country to whom I owe this honor, and my duty whom I owe this honor, and my duty soleman is respondence that his come between the manifestation of confidence which it implies is an honor which I sincerely appreciate. My stratitude and logarity to the people of the country to whom I owe this honor, and my duty whom I owe this honor, and my duty whom I owe this honor, and my duty to the people of the country to whom I owe this honor, and my duty to the people of the country to whom I owe this honor, and my duty to the people of the country to whom I owe this honor, and my duty to the people of the country to whom I owe this honor, and my duty to the people of the country to whom I owe this honor, and my duty to the people of the country to the people of the coun correspondence that has come between him and Consul General Lee on the ground that its publication would be "in-compatible with the public interest." There is no doubt that Secretary Olney is very much displeased with the course of Consul General Lee, especially because it has greatly increased his popularity with the public.

giving it my assent. I at least will not aid Hanna in carrying out his piedges to the protected industries." Turner thinks Hawaii should be

annexed to this country without delay LEE DID THREATON RESIGNATION. Documents in the Scott Case Prove

the Truth of the Story. WASHINGTON, March 1.—The correspondence of the Department of State with Consul General Lee of Havana in the case of Charles Scott, an American itizen, which was laid before the Ser ate tonight, confirms the published story that General Lee threatened to resign unless the Department supported his de-mand that Scott be released from soli-tary confinement.

. AGAINST DURRANT. Supreme Court Aftirms Judgemen of Guilty of Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 4.—Or Easter Sunday, 1895, the nude body of murdered Blanche Lamont was found in the belfry of Emmanuel Baptist Church. Yesterday-Ash Wednesday, 1897,-the Su preme Court of California handed down an opinion affirming the lower court's judgment of guilty against Theodors Durrant, the murderer of Blanche La-

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 24.—Governor Bushnell said tonight that he had re-ceived a letter from Fresident-elect Mc Kinley, thanking him for the appoint ment of Chairman Hanna to succeed Sen-McKINLEY'S CABINET.

McKINLEY'S CABINET.

Completes His List by Appointing Cornellus Bliss.

McKINLEY'S CABINET.

McKinley's as a profile of the regards the appointment in part that he regards the appointment in asking that Chairman in asking tha man Hanna be appointed to the vacancy

personal reasons why he could not go into the Cabinet.

The make-up of the new Cabinet is as follows:
Secretary of State: John Sherman of Ohio.
Secretary of the Treasury: Lyman J. Gage of Illinois.
Secretary of War: Russell A. Alger of Michigan.
Secretary of the Navy: John D. Long of Massachusetts.

Beet Sugar Colon
SALINAS, Cal., Feb. 28.—C. H. Huffman, large land-owners and colon-lists of Merced, arrived here last night in the company of ex-Attorney General W. H. H. Hart. They are looking up real estate around here with a view of investing largely for the purpose of bringing emigrants from the East in colonies to grow sugar beets.

Soundings for a Cable Line. Secretary of the interior. Corneans & Biliss of New York.

Secretary of Agriculture: James Wilfon of Iowa.

Postmaster General: James A. Gary of daryland.

Attorney General: Joseph McKenna of Salifornia.

WASHINGTON. Feb. 22.—Senator Smith from the Committee on Naval Affairs today favorably reported Senator Lodge's amendment to the naval appropriate 25,000 for soundings for a cable line between Japan and the Sandwich Islands.

WASHINGTON, March 2-The Presi-

BASE BALL GAMES VALUED PRESENT

Schedule Arranged by Eskbank Given to Mr. and League.

ember 11 - Kamehameha and Punahou on the Side.

Yesterday morning the Hawaiian baseball league completed the arrangement of games to be played between the First Regiments, Stars and St. Louis boys during the season of 1897 Cut this out and paste it on the inside of your hat if it is a new one:

April 24.-Stars vs. First Regiment. May 1.—First Regiment vs. St. Louis. nection.

8 .- St. Louis vs. Star. " 15 .- Star vs. First Regiment. 22.-First Regiment vs. St. Louis, 29 .- St. Louis vs. Star.

June 5 .- Star vs. First Regiment. " 12.-First Regiment vs. St. Louis. " 19.—St. Louis vs. Star.
" 26.—Star vs. First Regiment

July 3.-First Regiment vs. St. Louis 10.—St. Louis vs. Star. 17.—Star vs. First Regiment. 24.-First Regiment vs. St. Louis.

" 31.-St. Louis vs. Star. Aug. 7.-Star vs. First Regiment 14.-First Regiment vs. St. Louis. " 21.-St. Louis vs. Star.

28.—Star vs. First Regiment. Sept. 4.—First Regiment vs. St. Louis. 11.-St. Louis vs. Star.

teams have decided not to be behind faithfully promised his family to build the times and allow their talent to be A house was soon started and the wasted on the desert air so they have arranged a series of five games to be the name of Eskbank. In the mean-played each Saturday, the first to take place on the Makiki baseball grounds at 3:30 p. m. Saturday. To these games there stood their home, the creation of no admission fee will be charged, the College boys deeming it best to play nolulu. just for the sport there is in it. Both these teams have very strong batteries this brief history of Eskbank. Above and their fielders are as good as any in town. A hot game will be on Saturday stern piece of the Eskbank, with the afternoon, a game that anyone may

well afford to attend.

When these five games have been ompleted the College boys hope to be Mrs. S. G. Wilder.

First Game April 24, Last Sept- Brief History of Building Home-How a Father Kept His

> On Monday last arrangements were completed by which the beautiful Wilder home, Eskbank, on Judd street, was given by Mrs. Wilder to her son Samuel G. Wilder, and his wife. A bit of the history of the building of the home might not be amiss in this con-

One Sunday morning in the month of September, 1880, and when the Wilder family were at their home in Walkiki (the present Young residence) the children who were playing on the beach, sighted the wreck of the Eskbank off Diamond Head.

The late S. G. Wilder ordered his

horses harnessed at once and informed his family before leaving that he intended buying the wreck and that with the money he made therefrom, a fine home should be built for them Then he went into town and out to the wreck on a steamer. Negotiations were not long pending and the wreck be came the property of S. G. Wilder The returns were well worth the trouble and the money obtained there Now the Kamehameha and Punahou from was put into the home which h

> letters forming the name that is so beloved by the Wilder family.

Recent mortality returns from the able to get some pick-ups with the Southern States show that the death league teams and if such can be arranged, hope still to give them a rub culosis is three times as high as that of that will well be worth remembering. the whites.

DISEASES

Instantly

Relieved by

ITCHING SKIN

A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a

single application of CUTICURA, the great skin cure,

followed by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT

(the new blood purifier), will afford instant relief, permit

rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, economical, and

permanent cure of the most distressing of itching, burn-

ing, bleeding, scaly, and crusted skin and scalp diseases,

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Women and Are most competent to fully appreciate the purity, sweetness, and delicacy of Curreura Soar, and to discover new uses for

Women Only for annoying irritations, chafings, and exceriations of the skin

has proved most grateful and comforting. Like all others of the CUTICURA REMEDIES

the CUTICURA SOAR appeals to the refined and cultivated everywhere, and is beyond all

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Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist, All goods are GUAS ANTEED in every respect.

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NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,

comparison the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world

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it daily. In the preparation of curative washes, solutions, etc.,

and mucous membrane, or too free or offensive perspiration. it

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T. MAY, Anditor

SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

after physicians, hospitals, and all other methods fail.

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DID IT EVER Strike You? About

That a long continued residence in this country is decid-

occasionally.

There is nothing on the market today that does the toning and building up of the weak or-

monials that have come to us. voluntarily, extolling the viration by local consumers.

It is a safe wager at 10 to 1 the street who look fresh have

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Physicians' prescribe it, and

without fear of its results.

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If You To Go By

To go buy a Bicycle, con't do so until you first know it were wise to give edly enervating on one's OURS the "go by." Why we sell so many Bicycles is no mystery, for the names "Rambler," "Columbia," and Your system needs toning up "Stearns" are known to every one who knows what the word Bicycle means, and about everybody in the Islands knows that we are the agents for these three leading makes.

We will not say much about the "Stearns" this time, as the lot of '97 wheels which left New York on February 10th, did not catch the "Australia," gans of the body so successful- and you do not want to hear about a ly and to the satisfaction of wheel you cannot see, so we will tell you about them when they get here. the consumer as MALT-NU- But if you want a pretty mount, something up to date, come in and see our '97 "Columbias" and "Ramblers;" but come quick, as we have sold over half Lack of space forbids us of the lot just received, and we are sure from presenting you with testi- to be out of both makes before we can get a good look at them ourselves.

We will have just forty-four (44) bicycles on the "Australia" when she gets tues of this wonderful prepar- here on March 30th, and from that on we don't think anybody will go by to buy a wheel because we have not got the stock to show them.

Our "Columbias" this year, as well that the people you meet on as our "Ramblers," are fitted with the well-known G. & J. tires. This tire has proved to be the best one ever used in a sprightly walk and a sparkle these Islands, and if you get the genin their eye are taking MALT- uine G. & J. tire you get what you need for this climate and our roads. The genuine G. & J. tire is sold by the "Rambler" Agency here, and is fitted Abandon the use of beer, ale, to wheels we order. You can get tires porter, stout and similar bey- that are said to be G. & J. and look just the same, but you won't want more erages for a short time and than one pair; looks don't wear, you

Points of interest to you will be the way the spokes are fastened on the "Columbias," the new special seat and the handles and grips on the Ladies" "Ramblers:" in fact, you will find lots to interest you, and you are welcome to feel safe in recommending it examine any wheel to your heart's confor weak and delicate persons. tent, even if you have no idea of buy-We have just added largely to our stock of sundries-such as Lamps, It can be given to children Bells, Luggage Carriers, Bike Stands, Enamels, etc.—and we can fit you out with about anything you need.

FOR THE BEST of everything in the wheeling line, go to

Agents for "Rambler," "Columbia" and

Upon Greece.

GEORGE IS UNYIELDING

He Has Six Days to Make Decision.

Situation of Exceeding Delicacy Russia Getting Tired of the Delay.

LONDON, March 2-It is no longer possible to deny that the situation in the East has become one of the utmost gravity. The Cretan crisis is rapidly growing into the larger question of the fate of the Ottoman empire, and it is becoming strongly probable that its radical solution will speedily be forced upon Europe It repeatedly has been declared by Salisbury and other high authorities during the past year that the only possible solution of this question is by the sword. It is only a week ago that Balfour assured the Cmomons in the most solemn language that a general European war was inevitable if it attempted the partition of the Turkish Empire.

The exact limits of the long-pending

The exact limits of the long-pending agreement of the powers were made known tonight. It was decided to send two notes to the Greek Government. The first, which was delivered in Athens this evening, requests Greece to withdraw her troops and fleet from Crete within six days. No threats are made in this communication. If, however, the mandate be disobeyed, a second note will be dispatched notifying her of the intention to employ coerdion unless the demard is promptly compiled with.

It is now a matter of practical certainty and understood by the powers themselves that Greece will refuse to yield to either request or threat. It is expected further that in the event of any pressure whatever from the powers Greece will declare war against Turkey, and within a few days begin a campaign in Macedoffia and Thessaly. It is virtually admitted that the powers are not prepared for any such exigency, and it is scarcely boped they will be able to deal with it in harmony. In fact, it is now an open secret that they have been able to reach the present point of agreement only with the greatest difficulty, and that the bonds which hold them together at this moment are of the weakest description.

this moment are of the weakest description.

The situation, indeed, is so threatening that the Government made it known privately to the leaders of the opposition today, so it is stated in the lobbies of the hotels, that it would be unwise and unpatriotic to embarrass them by serious criticism. The debate on Crete, therefore, was opened by Harcourt in a speech so mild and coloriess that it astonished his followers until the explanation was privately circulated. It should be added that many members of the opposition do not share the Government's belief that a general war will follow hostilities between Greece and Turkey in the Balkuns. Several days of inactivity, at all events, may be expected before any decisive steps are taken, and the tension may relax

Stort.

CRETAN BLUE BOOK.

Diplomatic Correspondence Regarding Crete.

LONDON March 2 - A Cretan blue book

RUSSIA IN COREA. Officers of Czar Drilling Troops of Asiatic Kingdom.

Asiatic Kingdom.

LONDON, March 1.—In the House of Commons today Sir Charles Wentworth Dilke asked the Government whether they had any information that the King of Corea is under the protection of Russia; that the Corean military are being drilled by Russian officers, and whether in the opinion of the Government the action of Russia in Corea is consistent with the pledge given by that power when England abandoned Port Hamilton.

Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs Curzon said in reply that it was true that some Corean troops were being instructed by Russian officers. The King of Corea, he added, left the Russian Legation on February 20th and returned to the palace. Nothing was happening, Curzon said, that could be regarded as being at variance with the guarantee given by Russia in 1886—that she would not take possession of any Corean territory.

GREECE HOLDS ON.

tion.

King George replied to a visiting deputation that he was not deviating by a hair's breadth from the original policy

ASKED FOR WARSHIPS.

denied not only by Secretary Oiney, but by all New York papers and the Associated Press;
"Olney, Washington:
"Have demanded the release of Scott, American citizen, who has been kept in prison and incomunicado without due process of law II days. I trust you appreciate the gravity of the situation and are prepared to sustain me. I must have a warship immediately. How many ships have you at Tampa, Key West, and Southern waters, and are you prepared to send them here, should it become necessary? I cannot and will not stand another Ruiz murder.

"Havana."

LEE.

The a speech at Rigmingham Eng.

WEYLER'S RESIGNATION.

Said to Have Been Made

"Conditionally." NEW YORK, Feb. 28.-The Herald's Havana special says: I am informed on the very best authority that Captain General Weyler has forwarded his resig-nation to the Spanish Government at Madrid. The Captain General, I am also informed, will leave the island as soon as possible, probably in about three weeks.

weeks.
This decisive step General Weyler de-termined to take, my authority says, as soon as he heard of the release of Julio Sanguilly. The Captain General had fre-quently said that he would resign if the Crown should interfere with his policy in regard to prisoners, especially Amerithe control of the co

It is reported that Gen. Ramon Blanco Arenas, the Marquis of Pena Plate, may be appointed to succeed General Weyler.

LONG BACE ENDED. Ship Cromartyshire Reaches The

Queenstown First, QUEENSTOWN, March 2.-The British ship Cromartyshire, Captain Henderson, from San Francisco, November 20th, for this port, one of four sailing vessels en-gaged in a race from San Francisco, has arrived. None of the others have been

urrived. None of the others have been aghted.
SWANSEA, Wales, March 2.—The Brit. SWANSEA. Wales, March 2.—The British bark Kilmeny, at this port for San Francisco, had her deck beams and middle stanchions broken and decks bulged upward, three inches by a recent explosion of gas, generated by the cargo.

FERTH, West Australia, March 2.—The British bark Villalta, from Tacoma, on November 9th, is ashore © miles north of Freemantie, for which port she is bound. Capitalh Harlin was drowned. Assistance has been sent to the stranded ship

PANAMA SCANDAL AGAIN. Briber Arton Promises to Confess Dealings With Deputies.

PARIS, Feb. 25.-At the Seine Assize oday there was heard the appeal of Arton from the sentence of two permise Arton from the sentence of two years' imprisonment, imposed upon him for bribery, in connection with the Pana-ma Canal scandal. In the course of the proceedings Arton promised to explain completely the distribution of 2,000,000 francs among the members of the Chamber of Deputies, who were bribed to sup-port the project of the canal. There was much excitement in the Chamber of Dep-uties when it was learned that Arton had concluded to make a full confession of his dealings with certain of its members.

CECIL RHODES ON THE STAND He Tells Why He Did Not Assist possessions of France or of Germany Jameson.

LONDON, March 2.-The inquiry of the

Diplomatic Relations Have Been Resumed.

LONDON, March 2.—A Cretan blue book has been issued, covering a period between February, 1896, and September, 1896. It is chiefly interesting as going to show Lord Salisbury's steady refusal to accept Count Goluchowski's proposal to blockade Crete in the event that Greece shauld disregard the collective note of the powers demanding a stoppage of the importation of arms and the sending of volunteers into Crete.

Count Goluchowski expresses great regret at the attitude of Lord Salisbury and the fear that further massacres will result. It appears that Lord Salisbury contended that it was not an even-handed policy to use the fleets of the powers against the Cretans and only diplomatic remonstrances against the Sultan.

As far back as September, Lord Salisbury virtually advocated autonomy for Crete, and declared he could only join a coercive measure against Greece in cases she should make a hostile attack upon the integrity of the Turkish empire.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The State Department has been informed that diplomatic relations between Venezuela and Great Britain, which were lations between Venezuela and Great Britain, which were interrupted some years ago, have been restored, and that Juan Pietrie, present Venezuelan Minister to Germany, has been transferred to Great Britain, This will leave but one step to wind up the whole embaring and critical Venezuelan Congress arbitration agreement.

The Queen Holds a Drawing-Room.

LONDON, Eng., Feb. 24.—The Queen, who arrived in London from Windsor yesterday, held the first drawing-room of the season at Buckingham Palace to day. The weather was mild and sunny. The debutantees were attired in white.

The other ladies present wore white or tints of which pale green predominated with jeweled embrodery.

Alaskan Boundary Treaty. WASHINGTON, March 2.-The State

Alaskan Boundary Treaty.

TORONTO, Ont., March 1.—The treaty for the demarcation of the boundary be-tween Canada and Alaska makes a sur-render of Canadian territory to the Unit-ed States. The Dominion Government is being urged to further consider the mat-ter before ratifying the treaty.

Leo and the Cardinals.

ROME, March I.—The Pope gave a re-ception today to the Cardinals, who wait-ed upon His Holiness to congratulate him upon the 87th anniversary of his birth, which will occur tomorrow.

Japan Adopts Gold Standard. YOKOHAMA, March 1.—The Japanese Sovernment has decided to adopt the old standard upon the ratio of 32 1-2 to The new standard goes into operation next October.

I desire to attest to the merits of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as one of the most valuable and efficient preparations on the market. It broke an King George Does Not Fear Man-date of the Powers. exceedingly dangerous cough for me in 24 hours, and in gratitude therefor in 24 hours, and in gratitude therefor, ATHENS, March 3.—The Greek newspapers are unanimous in counseling resistance to the mandates of the powers. The semi-official Prola says: We cannot understand why a Graeco-Turkish war should threaten the peace of Europe, but we warn Europe that an injustice against Hellenism would fender peace impossible. ATHENS, March 3.-The Greek news- I desire to inform you that I will never ney, Editor Democrat, Albion, Ind. For peace impossible.

The Neaphimeris, the Government organ, hopes that the reply of Delyannis to the identical notes of the powers will conform to the desires of the Greek na-

The Commercial Journal.

Beginning with the issue of the present week the Commercial Journal will Copy of Consul Lee's Dispatch to instead of Tuesday as heretofore. The Secretary Olney.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The Herald this morning publishes the following telegram which was sent by Consul General Lee, in which he asked for warships. That exclusive announcement had been lication.

Journal will appear today and may be a tea tray that was beaten out of an old Prussian halfpenny, a teapot made of a German farthing and tiny cups made from coins of the several German principalities.

In a speech at Birmingham, Eng., November 13, 1896, Mr. Chamberlain, Colonial Secretary, said:

"I should be perfectly prepared to admit that if other nations would only stand aside it might have been wiser that we should have proceeded more gradually, that we should have developed the countries that we already possessed before seeking this vast extension. But there was no appearance of such an inclination on the part of other nations. I can truly say that we were not the first or the most eager to move but if we had remained passive what would have happened? Is it not as certain as that we are sitting here that the greater part of the continent of Africa would have been occupied by our commercial rivals, who would have icy, to close this great potential market to British trade? Let me make one remark here, the proper consideration of which would, I think, do very much to modify that jealousy with which undoubtedly foreign nations regard our extension. My remark is this: That we, in our colonial policy, as fast as we get new territory and develop it, develop it as trustees of civilization for the commerce of the world. We offer in all these markets over which our flag floats the same opportunities, the same open field to foreigners that we offer to our own subjects, and upon the same terms.

And in that policy we stand alone, because every other nation, as fast as it acquires new territory-acting above all in the interest of the countries that they administer-every other nation seeks at once to secure the monopoly for its own products by preferential and artificial methods. Under these circumstances, I say, it was a matter of life and death to us that we should not be forestalled in these markets of the future to which we may have learned to look for the extension of our trade, and even for the subsistence of our people, and in considering the results of our policy, I think we Britons-I must not say Englishmen, be-cause my Scotch friends would think I was excluding them from a field indeed in which they have taken even more than their fair share-but I say that the results of our policy are results upon which we Britons can look back with satisfaction. It is interesting to notice that we alone have been success ful in making these acquisitions profitable. Every addition to the colonial adds immediately, and continues to add, to the latest date, a heavy burden upon the taxpayers of the mother Several days of inactivity, at all events, may be expected before any decisive steps are taken, and the tension may relax vail raid was resumed today. Cecil Rhodes was asked why he had not accepted the responsibility of coming to example of Russia, has begun extraordinary preparations for any eventuality. Dispatches from all the navy yards in the kingdom tonight say that work has been begun in every department on even a greater scale than when the flying squadron was suddenly equipped for say yards ago.

LONDON, March 2.—The inquiry of the latest date, a heavy burden upon the latest date, a heavy burden upon the latest date, a heavy burden upon the latest date, a heavy burden are taken, and the tension are excluded and the mother country. Whereas in our case all pur colonies and territories are either self-supporting from the first or become self-supporting in a very short space of time, the French colonies and the German colonies seem somehow or other to rail to attract any commercial and civilian population. I think the recent official returns of the German Empire. ficial returns of the German Empire show that in their colonies, which ex-GREAT BRITAIN AND VENEZUELA. tend over more than a million square miles, there are less than 700 civilian Germans-less, in fact, than there are of that nationality in many of our own colonies. While in the foreign colonies no population from the mother country is attracted, in our colonies we find that settlement proceeds gaily, and they take off all our most adventurous spirits and relieve us of some o our surplus population. And I think I may go further and say that this system, while it is certainly satisfactory to ourselves, is productive of advantages to the people over whom we exercise control. It is said that you cannot make omelettes without breaking eggs You cannot exercise control over say age countries which previous to your arrival have been in a state of constant anarchy and disorder without occasion ally coming into conflict with their savage rulers and having to shed some blood; but I say that universally it has proved to be the case that after a time we have secured the pacification of the country, we have put an end to the tribal conflict which has previously interfered with progress, we have destroyed those slave-raiding expeditions which have been fatal to commerce and we have secured the permanent improvement of the country and the increase of the population. Now that is a statement which I believe applies universally to all the new acquisitions which we have made on the continent

MONEY IS PAID.

of Africa, and I cannot help thinking

that it justifies even that large exten-

sion of territory which has been forced

upon us.'

Celeberated Dimond Case Finally Desposed of.

Below is a statement of the amount paid to Mrs, Dimond by W. W. Dimond and the terms on which it was paid: Mrs. Carrie Dimond to leave the country by the steamship Peru, and to withdraw the appeal of the divorce suit. She to assign his life insurance of \$25,000 to W. W. Dimond. He to pay to her one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, to be disbursed as follows: Passage money, \$100; draft on San Fran-cisco, \$450; cash, \$50 (to be handed to Mrs. Dimond by the purser of the Peru at sea); \$400 to be paid to her attorney, A. S. Humphreys, 24 hours after the departure of the steamer.

The German Empress, it is said, has

Comparative tests by intelligent Engineers show that these Oils are from 20 to 75 per cent better than other Oils used in this market. That is why they are steadily increasing in use. Other Oils, under variously changing names, are being tried from time to time and discarded.

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always the same, being manufactured by a patent process in Vacuum It does not change its name or quality, and it saves money to every one who

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On the Islands: Mail or Telephone Orders receive prompt attention. Only skilled labor is employed in the manufacture of our goods,

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,

FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC.

Special Manures Manufactured to Order-

The manures manufactured by the California Fertilizer Works are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts.

No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the California Fertilizer Works is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

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IN THE LATEST STYLES. A spiendid line of Planneis, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashweres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

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Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Moleskins, Meitons, Serge, Kammgarns, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawis,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hos-lery, Hats, Umbreilas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Per-fumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles.

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture,
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American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters,
Oils and Paints, Canstic
Soda, Sugar, Rice and
Cabbages,
Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrap
ping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press
Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square
and Arch Firebricks,
Lubricating Grease.

and Arch Firebricks,
Lubricating Grease.
Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized
Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized
Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails
(18 and 20), Railroad
Bolts, Spikes and
Fishplates,
Railroad Steel Sleepers,
Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks,
Also, Hawailan Sugar and Rice; Golden
Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's
and El Dorado Flour, Saimon,
Corned Beef, Etc.

Corned Beef, Etc.

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Kamaiian Gazette. SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR. FRIDAY, MARCH.

MANUFACTURING INTERESTS.

that we have a few, but not enough to amount to anything. Ask the average citizen outside the country what Honolulu people do and he will say that they "raise sugar." In this issue of the Gazette is contained a general description of the manufacturing industries of this city-a demonstration that we have in our midst progressive, and, for the most part, prosperous individuals and corporations engaged in supplying to some extent the demand for manufactured products. In a country where sugar is king, coffee a healthy and growing prince and agricultural products in the ascendency generally, it cannot be said that our manufactures cut much figure in a comparative statement of our national industrial affairs. We have no forests and no mines. tion in years past has been to buy upon the citizens of the United the manufactured products in the States, irrespective of party lines markets of the United States and party prejudices, to set to shows, in its present session, the This is the general custom at the work to better the present condi. peculiar results of government present time; nevertheless, as our tion. In this particular feature he without party issues. The various population and national wealth has put to shame some of his combinations against the Cabinet has increased we find the active predecessors and set a good extumble to pieces. The members Anglo-Saxon gradually feeling his ample for those who will come of the House deal with men, not way along the pathway of home production. In every department of this particular line of business the beginning has been made in a small way, and the measure of success rewarding the various ventures has been satisfactory.

than the preparation of our natural products for market, has an unprecedented future or that it offers unusual opportunities for investment we are not prepared to assert. Hawaii must always look to other countries for raw material, ation of markets for their proddepend upon the character and dollar they receive. In carrying country, the increase of population gain for the American producer cutural specialties.

BRITISH EXPANSION.

from Mr. Chamberlain's speech in marks on this topic is one of Birmingham, are worth reading. It is a forcible argument in favor men." The arbitration treaty is of the British policy of annexation. endorsed in the strongest lan-Mr. Chamberlain claims that which guage, and the people of the Unitcannot be disputed, that, as a rule, ed States are particularly urged British dominance is wise and just, and that it stands as the "trustee for civilization."

There is however a moral side to the question which is trouble-British to do these things? The "called for the vengeance of God." ground about it. In these matter. Here is the trouble of applying the declarations of his party. moral principles in the conduct of human affairs. It is the same vexed question which perplexed

down in the interests of trade. The morals of the whole business are in a dense fog. We, Americans, feel very solemn over British greed, and persuade ourselves that we could never be made parties to such wicked transaction. Gen. Ask the average citizen of this Porter, in his recollections of country whether Honolulu has Gen. Grant, says that when Grant any manufacturing industries, and was a lieutenant, he once resolved

> of the world by the British is real- whole world." ly in the interests of human pro-

M'KINLEY INAUGURAL.

President McKinley's inaugural address, which is given in full in another column, is the sound, patriotic and conservative document which the people of the United States had reason to expect. One of the most noticeable features is the care with which he has avoided any reference to the mistakes of the past as the result of the shortcomings of any particular political party. He upbraids no one, but recognizes the failures of the previous adconsequently the general disposi- ministration as existing, and calls

poses a non-partisan investigation | the Government." of the monetary system of the value as members of the body po- as the financial condition of the litic. That manufacturing, other individual citizen. He believes the farmer should have better re turns for his labor, and argues that assistance given the manufacturer is direct assistance to the farmer. The lesson drawn from the election is that the farmer and manufacturer desire the creand the increase or decrease of ucts, rather than legislation that manufacturing establishments will deals directly with the size of the size of our population. The devel- out this principle the President opment thus far has however kept advocates a return to the recipace with the steady growth of the procity policy of 1890, which will and larger production of its agri- special favors in foreign lands. This, from the American standpoint, is sound doctrine.

The question of foreign relations is handled very gingerly. The extracts which we reprint and the general tenor of the re-"peace on earth, good will toward to heed the counsels of the first President of the United States. the temptations of territorial ag-

JAPANESE MATTERS.

de corner." The bayonet moves long. Its policy was one opposed law. in front of the cross. The "rights" to that of Count Ito, who did so

"Opposition" in Japanese politics is not founded on political statute books, the fact still remains in the sand. principle. It is rather a personal that it is there, that the Governaffair, and touches men and not measures, Count Okuma, on the 15th of January made a remarkable speech in the House of Representatives. He announced that "National polity must be fixed, unchanged and continuous, and the best method of diplomacy is in nine cases out of ten he will say to throw up his commission rather to adhere strictly to the principles than join in the infamous invasion of international law. Diplomacy of Mexico by the American army. must be based on justice. The it before the legal authority of the exclude from the United States, the development of the Hortical-At any rate, the fact remains power of justice is great, for it is land—the Supreme Court. The ignorant and "undesirable" people. tural Station on the side of Punchthat the subjection of a large part sure to enlist the sympathy of the Government will abide by the de- It is perfectly well understood that bowl, is a necessity in these critical

world that it accepts the very trouble. broadest principles of justice in its international affairs. Count Okuma alludes, also, to the great influence of the United States in the Venezuela matter. If any one suspects that the Government of Japan had at that time any designs about these Islands, he can see, in this speech, the very profound respect it has for the opinions of the Great Republic.

Japanese Parliament measures. The spirit of the clan, President McKinley touches so long dominant in the country, lightly upon the monetary quest still rules in politics. The day tion, endorses international bi for party issues has not come.

new earried on here is that it erence to the depression in busi- cal issues. We have the same these facts in their hats. calls for skilled workmen, and ness and the depleted treasury condition here. Annexation is a when men are brought to the coun- shows beyond question that settled policy, about which there try to fill positions with the va- President McKinley holds to his is no issue. "Issues" will rise in rious corporations, they come from old principle that the taxation of Japan and in these Islands as the middle classes, and there is no foreign imports is the balm for all soon as the political leaders have question as to their influence and woes in national finance, as well had time to find out the general drift of opinion and get it into definite shape.

> The Japanese Government proposes to encourage a gold cur- people of the United States, symrency policy. It fixes the rate of pathised with us, after the revolusilver at 32 to 1. This will be a tion of '93, solely on the ground, carried out, will provide some val- conscientious band of men, were uable facts for the next presidential campaign in the United establish Anglo-Saxon institutions States. The effect of this policy here, in fact, and not in name will be seen here, on the wages of the Japanese laborer. At present he converts his monthly wages of \$13 in gold into \$25 in Japanese silver. Under the new order of things he will get only about \$18 for it. It is the \$25 in tion to the Union, on its crest. Japanese silver which makes these Islands the financial Para, what. Any observer, at the Amdise of the Japanese laborer. A erican political centres knows it reduction in the apparent value For the last two years, too of silver will modify the desire many of these warm friends for emigration.

JAPANESE IMMIGRATION.

In the discussion of the immi-fully demonstrated your ability to gration question now before the permanently maintain order and tion; if the Japanese question were courts, the Japanese will do well peace. The majority of Amerinot to be too rapid in their inter- cans do not today care a snap about interested in every minute detail The expression: "We want no pretation of the action of this Gov- commercial relations. We have wars of conquest; we must avoid ernment. The assertion that the tried in these columns to give the one side. Under the circumstances, Government action has its founda- reasons for it. There is nothing however, we feel that the press gression," is undoubtedly offered tion in prejudice and a desire to which Mr. Thurston and his have ample reason to raise their some. What "right" have the to allay the popular desire for a shut out Japanese is absolute bosh. friends dread so much as this fallsympathetic war to free Cuba. To put the situation briefly the ing tide of sympathy due as we Americans did the same thing with The foes of Hawaiian annexation question to be decided is whether have said, to the belief that the the Mexicans and Indians. Henry will probably seek to interpret the laws of this country are to be crisis has passed and the feeble Ward Beecher said their conduct this sentence as a blow to this respected or ridden over rough infant of '93 is now a stalwart, and churches a picture of "St. Charles, country, but as the acquisition of shod. The only reason why the needs no aid, and that our coten-So, neither nation can take high Hawaiian territory calls for no Japanese feel the restraining hand porary's statement that "we are "war of conquest," there is noth of the Government oftener than are perfectly capable of taking care the most civilized nations act like ing to suggest that President Me other classes is simply due to the of ourselves," releases them from pirates and no questions are asked. Kinley will seek to make light of fact that either through ignorance the duty of sympathy, and active or malice of forethought-we trust political aid. the former—the Japanese have Mr. John W. Foster, a statesfailed to appreciate the fact that man of considerable experience It was believed last year by the in coming to the Hawaiian Islands took, with much emphasis, Mr. the old darky, when he stole the foreign residents of Japan that as contract laborers, they as well Thurston's view of the case.

when de Lord doant look around Count Matsukata, would not last comply with the strict letter of the ernment must be discussed under derful profusion of sweet scented

Notwithstanding the contract of the weaker races are stricken well during the war times of '94. labor system is distasteful and will sooner or later be wiped off our ment must be recognized in labor importations, and whatever class, Government has been simply to get of annexation. cision of the Court and the Japa- "undesirable" people include all times. Here is a government which is nese must do the same if they ex- those who will work at cheaper 'pagan," as the term is generally pect to continue to be classed as wages than the American workused, Christianity has no direct law abiding citizens. The action men, and those who will compete force in it. The people governed of the Japanese in talking of indig- with American laborers. The by it are in the depths of "heath- nation meetings is ill timed and ill Asiatics are distinctly within the enism." Yet within 30 years it advised and demonstrates that they prescribed class. places itself abreast of the most either have no appreciation of the civilized white races, and tells the situation or are inclined to make people from the United States, and

that they are not in any way the way our enciaies are putting it. this Government must be and will a feather against a wind storm. The new order of things in be upheld. The law is no respecter | If these statesmen prevail, as we

LOCAL SELF-GOVER MENT.

a two-edged sword in the annexa- to do about it?" tion business.

Probably the majority of the very pretty experiment, and 'f that they believed that a small, there less of the "missionary" struggling, against great odds, to more of the American force This belief created a wave of sym pathy which rose, and rushed through the corridors of the Capi tol, in Washington, in February, 1893, and nearly carried annexa-

But this wave has receded some have been saying: "You do connected with the representative not need our help any longer; you can stand alone; you have

AMERICAN IMMIGRATION LAW.

To exclude all these undesirable at the same time, annex our isl-The Japanese have the same ands in which they largely outrights under our laws as the citi- number the whites, would be rather zens of any other nation, but they an inconsistent act. We are putought distinctly to understand ting the case in bold relief. It is

exempt from the penalties follow- It does not follow that Congress ing infraction of those laws. As will consent to take this view of a matter of fact they have howled it. Congress does queer things. before they are hurt. They must All depends upon the power of the not consider that they are always far seeing statesmen of America. in the right and the Government to control the immediate action of consequently in the wrong. It will Congress. These men see that time for them to talk when the forces are steadily working which Court has completed its work. If may prevent the Americans from the Japanese see fit to test the elas- obtaining peaceable control of the ticity of our immigration laws they islands. We mean the power of must endure the inconvenience of colonization, working silently and going through the Courts. Had slowly towards the local domina-Americans, English, Portuguese tion of some race here, which will or Germans come here under the refuse to be controlled by the same circumstances as the last lot Americans; a force against which metallism, suggests changes re. Every member of the House feels of Japanese they would have suf- the local self-government power of garding paper currency and pro- like the Irishman: "I am agin fered the same fate. The laws of the Anglo-Saxon race, will be as

One of the best features con- country, in order to take the Japan has not reached the stage of persons. It will be well for some hope they will, the inconsistency nected with the manufacturing question out of politics. The ref. of party government or of politic of our Japanese citizens to paste of excluding a class, by prohibitory immigration laws, and at the 'ame time, taking in the same class by annexation treaty will be designat- conservative of the religious pa-The statement made by our ed as emergency legislation. It is evening cotemporary, that "in- not uncommen. Legislators do not devil has been cordially hated wardly we can manage our home hesitate to say, when charged with for some centuries, and this affairs with perfect ease," is simply inconsistency, "what are you going hatred has been a solace and con

> The short-sightedness of some something remarkable. spirit among the newspapers and which demands that the public, through the press, shall be represented in matters of public importance, many of our citizens placed in authority would be handled without gloves. In the official investigation of the Japanese at the quarantine station last evening representatives of the press were not allowed to be present but were promised that they would be informed as to the result of the evening's business. If the men papers of this city were beach combers and barroom loafers we would not be surprised at this acnot one in which the people are we would not resent the thrust to

phia have placed in one of their the Martyr." This exalted fool was suddenly eaught in the belting of the whirling political machinery of his times, and his head was taken off. But even in his evil deeds and bad example some people discover virtue, and the means of improving their own imperfect souls. We once planted a rose vine over the buried carcass of chickens; "dar' am occasions, the new Cabinet, formed by as all other nationalities must The question of local self-gov- a dead mule. There came a won-

the light of the last census. That roses. A little child asked: "How discussion has not even been open- can a dead mule make such beaued. Like wise and farseeing os- tiful flowers?" "That," said the triches, we have buried our heads scientist "is the miracle, which we see with our own eyes but cannot explain." The unsavory memory of Charles I, by a sudden transfor-The immigration bill passed by mation of moral evolution, feeds clan, race or faction attempts to the American Congress, vetoed by and enriches the religious thought make a broad interpretation of the President Cleveland, and now of some doubting souls. Let us law to suit their own purposes must passed over his veto by the House, hope that the equally unsavory abide by the results. Up to the and not vet, by the Senate, is, in memory of some dead pirate, or present time the course of the a general way, opposed to our plan villain, will, by the same process, enrich the soul of the government, the matter in such shape as to bring | The intention of the bill is to with the beautiful thought, that

> The Kona Echo, the most recent addition to the newspapers of Hawaii is a good demonstration of the ability and determination of "Young Japan" to dip into all lines of business. So far the Echo is a curiosity. Its composition and press work are done entirely by hand and the reader has an opportunity to study the character of the editor's penmanship as well as his ideas. In fact it brings back the days when Honoluln's only newspaper was a bulletin posted up in prominent places about town. One portion of the paper is devoted to readers of English and the latter part to the Japanese. Should the subjects of Japan residing here increase in numbers at the present rate there is no telling when English newspapers will follow the example of the Kona Echo editors and publish a Japanese edition.

The New York Observer. speaking of the devil, says: While we are told to hate evil, we are nowhere told to hate the evil one. This may be rather a nice distinction to make, but it seems to be reasonable to suppose that we are not to entertain vindictive feelings even towards the rascally old serpent who enticed our first parents to sin." Is the Observer the most pers, becoming "unsound?" The solation to many who do their best work under the inspiration of hatred. If there is to be a of our citizens in dealing with the change of theological basis, let it newspaper men of this city is be done slowly. Rude shocks Were produce skepticism.

> The Hawaiian Gazette Company. Limited, will reward anyone giving information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person guilty of stealing the Advertiser from any place

and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh The surest way to have good blood is to take Hood's

talizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. It is because of its great power to purify the blood that

Some Episcopalians in Philadel- Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished so many wonderful cures. It makes the blood pure, drives out the germs of disease. Thousands today enjoy good health

Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Hood's Pills pripe. All druggers pain or

> HOBRON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents.

IN MASS MEETING

About 300 Japanese Meet and got \$13 a monty work Sundays. Discuss Matters.

RECOMMEND PACIFIC MEASURES

Will Abide by Decision of Supreme Court.

One Man Becomes Personal and is Bounced-Good Treatment at Quarantine Station.

The Japanese seem to be genuinely aroused over the action of the Government regarding the quarantine affair. As intimated in yesterday Advertiser the mass meeting was held last night in the hall over W. S. Luce's auction rooms corner of Queen and Fort streets. The meeting was called for 8 o'clock, and an hour before the time announced Japanese began crowding around the doorway.

A few minutes before 8 o'clock, Mr. Shiozawa, chairman of the meeting stepped on the stage and was received with considerable applause. After bowing his acknowledgements, Mr. Shiozawa said:

"I wish to say to you, my friends that you were called together for the purpose of expressing yourselves upon the action of the Government re garding the men at quarantine station. But I must inform you that I have been requested by our attorneys, the decision of the Court before expressing any opinion on the matter. As law abiding citizens we will abide by the decision of the judges, and await that decision before saying there is anyone in the audience who Long Island Sound. wishes to speak he is liberty to do

Mr. Takino, a Japanese minister of the Gospel, who was located in California several years but who has recently been living in Japan advanced to the stage and was introduced by Mr. Shiozawa. After taking a copious draught of something from a and for several days, he sailed. On pitcher the gentleman saids

"I came here with the passengers on the Shishiu Maru and was landed of rare workmanship. This article is at Quarantine. To you who have friends there, I wish to say-they are all right. During the investigation by a corpulent gentleman and one who wore whiskers on the side of his face we were treated with the greatest cordiality. Each passenger was questioned regarding his money and had plenty of time to answer all the question put to him and these were nut down by a clerk. We had plenty to eat and the food is pel to Christian Japanese and I am interested in you all. With that interest in my heart I wish to advise u to wait until the case is decide before expressing your opinion."

The next gentleman to volunteer his services was one whose business in terests were evidently affected by the difficulty. His patriotism did not seem to have been touched in any way. He was recognized directly he stepped alongside the center table and received a generous applause from a number of people in the audience. The man is a hotel keeper, and it was suggested by Interpreter Doyle that the claquers were boarders in arrears. But this was not confirmed. Before the hotel man opened his mouth to speak, he gave the impression, by his attitude, that he was there to speak a piece even if landed him in jail. He spoke his little piece and was then landed on the man; Joseph M. Camara, Robert Hoastairs leading to the street. He said, in pili Baker. part, before he was landed:

"Gentiemen and Lady:—I come here tonight to tell you my troubles. I keep a large and elegant hotel in this city and have among my guests retired Japanese laborers who stop in Honolulu ong root to their native heaths and heathers. It happened that about 20 of these tourists came to my hotel and stopped, intending to leave anon by poikal, Henry A. Baldwin. the Shinshiu-Maru, because that steamer would take them to Japan cheaper than the China. Things were William H. Rice, Jr. progressing finely, and mine was a happy household where boarders were taken in. As the time for the sailing of the Shinshiu-Maru arrived and she seemed not to be able to go, consternation arose, and my boarders became restless, and finally decided to go by the China. They departed, and as the fare on that steamer was higher than on the Shinshiu-Maru, not one was able to liquidate in full. I find that I am out on board bills and extras some thing like 17 yen on the lot, and I lay the cause of my trouble to you, sir (pointing to Shiozawa), and to that

The audience looked at Chester Doyle and Chester blushed, and wanted to interview him, but Furuya held him back. A Japanese in the rear of Chester was on to the direction which finger of scorn pointed. He rose as one man and told the speaker he was prevaricating. The hotel man said he open negotiations with the Hawaiian was another, and the fellow in the audience reached for him in two jumps, steps for the removal of the restricand then there was a clinch. Shiozawa tions with regard to the number of tried to separate them, but failed Japanese emigrants who are allowed Then he adopted heroic measures by to land there. It appears that a limit is taking him by the collar with one placed on the number of Japanese emihand and the waistband of his trous-grants, while there is none on Chinese ers with the other and removed him laborers. from the stage. From there the hotel man was lifted to the stairway.

Stepping to the footlights, Mr. Shiozawa said: "Gentlemen: The dignity of this assembly must be well pre-

would like to take a fall out of some- 1895.

body, and stepped to the footlights. He told how the Japanese had left their comfortable homes in Japan, where they were earning five yen a month, working many hours a day, to take po sitions in a country where they only got \$13 a month, and didn't have to

mate of Hawaii and say with emotions swelling in our breasts: 'We made you what you are and you belong to us'." "You can travel all over the Islands, but nowhere can you go but you will find H. I. J. M.'s subjects working in the cane fields, in the homes of the rich or in the banking bouses and offices in the city. But I digress. We came not here tonight to raise Cain, but to reason with one another. We are law-abiding citizens, and we respect the courts and judges here, We must wait for the decision to be rendered. Upon that we pin our faith, and not until that is rendered can we say whether we are to be respected or abused. From what the Japanese have done in this country I am inclined to believe we are entitled to the ownership of it, but we will wait for the judge's decision. Everything he says in this country goes, and there you are. A man-o'-war may have been sent for and may arrive, but until it gets here we are not in it. Stand by each other and obey the laws of Hawaii, and if the law is against you, try

arbitration. Chairman Shiozawa announced, as the gentleman left the platform, that Bowen. On account of the absence of as the extemporaneous speakers were a draw. They would wait now until the court had finished. After that, no previous meeting read and a previous meet matter the result they would hold an-

other meeting. There were about 300 Japanese, including one woman, and a number of kena. Recommendation adopted. white people present.

NOTED VISITORS.

Philanthropist and Owner of Valuable Capt. Kidd Relic.

Two noted women through passengers on the China, visited this city yesterday. One of them is Mrs. Os-Messis. Kinney and Ballon, to await borne, who contributed \$150,000 to the building of a dormitory for Yale College. The other is Mrs. Hobson, who is a sister-in-law of ex-Vice-President Morton. She is a lineal descendant more. So far as I am concerned the of Col. Gardiner, the owner in remeeting is now adjourned but if mote days of Gardiner's island in and early and later accomplishments

> When Capt. Kild, the celebrated pirate, reached Long Island Sound, he anchored near this island. He went ashore, and demanded provisions, as he was afraid to sail westward towards New York city. Col. Gardiner gave him provisions and water. After remaining near the islthe eve of sailing, he presented to Col. Gardiner, several articles, one of which was a piece of cloth of gold now in the possession of Mrs. Hobson, and she exhibits it to friends in her residence in Washington city.

FOREIGN BORN PARENTS.

Census Returns Giving Detail of

1	eign birth.	Fe-	
2		males.	Totals.
2	Americans 401	419	820
ì	British 352	360	712
ij	Germans 252	268	520
8	French 10	16	26
-	Norwegians 71		162
e	Portuguese3,606	3,353	6,959
1	Japanese1,054	1,024	2,078
6	Chinese1,204	1,030	2,234
i	S. S. Islanders 21	25	46
1	Other Nat'l'ties 27	89	176
f	Tratal 7 059	0.075	10 700
2	Total	0,010	10,100

To Register Votes.

President Dole has appointed the following persons as members of the Boards of Registration:

Island of Oahu-Henry Davis, Chair-

Hilo, Puna and Hamakua, Island of Hawaii-Erdman D. Baldwin, Chairman; Harry Rycroft, Henry J. Lyman. Kohala, Kona and Kau, Island of Hawail-Henry H. Renton, Chairman; J. K. Nahale, William P. McDougall.

Kauai and Niihau-George H. Fair child, Chairman; Henry Peters and

Maul, Molokai, Lanai and Kahoola

we-F. W. Hardy, Chairman; A. N. Ke

Cooper-McGrew Nuptials.

The invitations are out for the Cooper-McGrew nuptials, Following is the form: "Dr. and Mrs. John S. McGrew request the honor of your presence at the marriage of their daughter, Katherine Christie, to Dr Charles Bryant Cooper, on Wednes-day evening, March twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, a half after seven o'clock, in Saint Andrew's Cathedrai, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

The reception is set for 8 o'clock

Japanese Interested.

According to the Japan Dally Ad ertiser the Kokumin says that the Japanese Government has decided to Government to ask the latter to take

Japanese in Brazil.

NEW YORK, March 1.- The Brazilian press is unanimous in oppos ing Japanese immigration. The num-When the excitement had subsided ber of Japanese who settled in Brazil Susumagro, a photographer, said he in 1896 was much smaller than in

THEY TALK SCHOOL

Regular Meeting of Commissioners "But, thank goodness, we are able to point with pride at this glorious eliof Education.

AN APPLICATION EXTRAORDINARY

Amusing Letter from St. Joseph, Mo.

Mr. Bowen Tells of His Visit to Arm strong Smith's School-Unpretentious Medicine Chest.

At a meeting of the Commissioners of Education held yesterday afternoon B. F. Dillingham, Mrs. E. W. Jordan, Deputy Inspector General Scott, Professor Alexander and Mr. W. A. President Cooper in the Supreme

The Teachers' Committee recom mended the appointment of Mrs. Amala as assistant school teacher at Hoo-

Z. Austin, the position to which he was appointed at the last meeting of the

Board, was read. An eight page letter from a young lady in St. Joseph, Mo., was read by Prof. Alexander. In this the applicant for a position as teacher in some one of the schools of the Republic of Hawaii, asked for all the information mails. Copies at newsdealers. that the secretary and members of the Board might be able to gather. had heard of the teachers out here getting \$150 a month and was most de- tion. Mr. James McCandless thinks a sirous of having such money. She described her physical condition and appearance, enumerated her capabilities and told of how she had at one time made up her mind to be a nurse in a hospital but found the scene behind the curtain not quite as enticing as the representations that had been made to her, all this helping toward prejudic-ing her in favor of the life of a school

Mr. Scott made a short report on improvements made in various schools of the city and especially in the Prac-

Professor Alexander reported that the school lot at Waipio, Ewa, had been rediscovered. Mr. C. A. Brown was desirous of obtaining a lease of the place. It was mode and carried that the matter be referred to Minister

Mr. Bowen told of his visit to Armstrong Smith's school on Wednesday in company with some of his friends were put down by a clerk. We plenty to eat and the food is I came here to preach the gosChristian Japanese and I am sted in you all. With that in in my heart I wish to advise wait until the case is decided expressing your solutions.

Following is the census return showing the could not speak too highly of the excellent work done along the line of music. The tonic sol fa system was perfectly familiar to the children and their manner of singing was easy and accurate. Mr. Bowen then told of a certain little medicine chest which Mr.

The could not speak too highly of the excellent work and look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the Australia, were opened on Friday but won't look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the Australia, were opened on Friday but won't look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the Australia, were opened on Friday but won't look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the Australia, were opened on Friday but won't look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the Australia, were opened on Friday but won't look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the Australia, were opened on Friday but won't look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the Australia, were opened on Friday but won't look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the excellent work done along the line work and look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the excellent work done along the line work and look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the excellent work done along the line work and look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the excellent work and look to their laurels if they would stand supreme. A big assortment arrived by the exc all times for the cure of various ills that from time to time beset the children and of the very good effect that the various medicines therein contained had had upon the children. In the predominate, with plenty of the mysterious chest:

"The chest I speak of is something open-mesh stuffs. original with Mr. Smith and I am sure when you hear of its qualities you will agree that it is something that should have been introduced a long time ago. It is a small box containing a lot differently colored bottles, in which, in turn, small pieces of candy had been put. These bottles are labeled: "Badness," "Laziness," "Bad Words," and the other tricks and habits that are common to a certain portion of the school children all over the world. If a teacher reports to the principal that a pupil has been guilty of any one of these misdemeanors, he is taken before the principal, his case diagnoses and the proper medicine prescribed. This having been done, the patient is given a dose, his school duties are sus-

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every finker to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for AT 10C. A YARD--proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, lafter such treatment; ever so AT-12 1-2C. A YARD--much better to send it right Gaze Cordonnet, down to as, for we allow Mimosa Dimity, nothing but perfect work to AT 15C. A YARD--leave our workshop.

on will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

otches are securely packed in AT 30c. A YARD---

H.F.WICHMAN

BOX 342.

Daily Advertiser, 75 cents a month, delivered by carriers.

pended for the day, and he must sit until his disease is wholly cured. The teacher goes to the pupil a dozen or 15 times a day and inquires into his or her state of health. The medicine has its effect, and before the day is at an end the disease is cured. It has come to such a point that although the 'medicine' administered is nothing more than candy, the pupils who have used it come to hate it like so much poison. Since the inauguration of the medicine chest scheme some

time ago only about eight have par-

taken of its bitter-sweet medicine. In closing his remarks Mr. Bowen spoke of the excellent work that Mr. Armstrong Smith was doing among the children, and of how the man had thrown his whole soul into the work Continually he was thinking up something new for the advancement in education of the children in his charge. No one had ever succeeded better than Mr. Armstrong Smith in the school work of the city and the

Just at this point Minister Cooper, having finished his work in the Su-preme Court, came in and took his seat at the head of the table. He expressed himself as being very much gratified at the way that the work had gone on. After asking a few questions as to what had been done during the there were present the following: Mrs. afternoon, he declared the meeting adjourned on motion made by Mr.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sugar 314.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and Ayer's pills aid digestion. Hollister Drug Company.

Senior Don Antonio Benetez, Secre tary of the Spanish Legation at Wash-A letter of acceptance from Mr. H. ington is a passenger on the China.

The baseball men are getting into The Makiki ball grounds are occupied with practicing teams every afternoon

the outgoing foreign and local

Water has been struck at a depth of 300 feet at Waipio on the Oahu Plantagood flow will be reached at 400 feet

plicant for the position now filled by Ellis Mills. As he has the Kohlsnat Times-Herald push behind him he will probably get the place. Among the arrivals from San Fran

cisco on the China yesterday were Mr H. A. Isenberg and bride who will make their home here; George R. Carter, home from a business trip and Mrs. Allan Herbert.

A petition was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by James B. Castle by H. E. Cooper, Attorney General ad interim, to dismiss the petition filed Nor are the goods we sell excelled in qual-

COTTON AMERICAN cotton DRESS goods are as fine GOODS today as the best French were ten years ago. week.

Lawns, lappets, lace-effects and Etamine weaves following language Mr. Bowen told of plain-color lawns to line the



THIN PRINTED GOODS.

Jaconet Duchesse, Gulpure Lattice, Cordele Marquise,

Printed Organdie, Printed Jaconet

Madras Lace Jaconas.

Point d'Alencon, Eschelle Lace Dimity Lappet Mulls, Mechlin Lace Mull. AT 20C. A YARD---

Corded Mulls, Aberfoyle Tieulaine, Brandenburg, Tambour Fantaisies. Figured Lawn, Figured Dimities,

in the safest possible manner. Figured Lawns, Suitable for Evening Dress
Turkish Towels, 200 dozen; fine quality, from roc. to 75 c. each.

WAVERLEY BLOCK,

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Pair. Gold Medal, Midwinter Pair,

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

40 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO., Agents, Honolulu. H. I.

by Kaku et al. and to quash the writ of habeas corpus issued upon their petition.

Copies of the New Hawaiian Cook Book are now on sale at the Woman's ed at the meeting of the Ladies' Society Thursday morning.

The manager of Heeia plantation had one of his fingers injured in the ma-chinery at that place Monday, and was forced to come to town to have it dressed. He returned the same day.

On the morning of Feb. 20, 1895, I bed until May 21st, when I got a bot- Friday Aug. 6 Friday Dec. 31 The Gazette (12 pages, semi-weekly) bed until May 21st, when I got a bot-will be issued this morning in time the of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The first application of it relieved me almost entirely from the pain, and the second afforded complete relief. In a short time I was able to be up and about again .- A. T. Moreaux, Luverne, Minn. Sold all Druggists and Dealers; Benson, Smith & Co., Wholesale A Chicago newspaper man is an ap- Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

LEWIS & CO.

No firm of grocers in Honolulu can sell the same quality of goods we offer and at same prices unless they buy right. We boast of our prices just as a proud mother does of her first born-they can't be beat. ity by any firm.

Since bringing our wares before the island public by means of printer's ink, the orders from people on the other islands have doubled in number. This means that the people are satisfied with goods

Following is a partial list of goods just | dates: received from English and European mar-

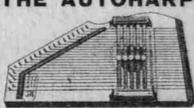
Copeland's English Peas, Cod's Roes Mackerel in Mustard Sauce, Cambridge Sausage, Teyssonneau Pate, Crosse & Blackwell's Pie Rhubarb and Jams, Boneless Sardines, Eating Chocolate, etc.

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The simplicity of the Autoharp is its most remarkable feature. Any may play it, at the same time it is an instrument for the musician, as evinced from the interest which such leading artists as Richard Arnold Victor Herbert, Robert Thallon, etc. are showing by recognizing it as a solo instrument.

A book containing full instructions and 21 or more pieces of music, also tuning key, music rack, and two picks accompanying each Autoharp. The Autoharps are packed in neat paste board boxes which serve as cases.

No. 27, Price Complete, \$6.00 net.

WALL, NICHOLS CO. MUSIC DEPARTMENT. Headquarters for Everything in the Music Lin

W. C. ACHI & CO.

Brokers and Dealers in Real Estate, We will buy or sell Real Estate in all parts of the group. We will sell prop-erties on reasonable commissions. Office: No. 10 West King Street.

TIME TABLE

S. S. KINAU,

Will leave Honolulu it is o'clock a. m., touching at Labaina, Maalaca Bay and Makena the same day; Mahukona, Kawalhae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same after-

LEAVE HONOLULU. Tuesday .. Mar. 16, Tuesday . Aug. 19 Friday Mar 26 Friday Aug. 39 *Tuesday .. Apr. 6 Puesday .. Aug. 31 Friday Apr. 16 *Friday ... Sep. 19 Tuesday ... Apr. 27 Tuesday .\Sep. 21 *Friday May 7 Friday Oct. 1 Tuesday ... May 18 "Tuesday .. Oct. 12 Friday May 28 Friday ... *Tuesday .. June 8 Tuesday .. Nov. 2 FridayJune 18 *Friday ... Nov. 12 Tuesday ... June 29 Tuesday ... Nov. 23 Friday ...July 9 Friday Dec. 3

FridayJuly 30 Thursday .. Dec. 25 Will call at Poholki, Puna, on trips

Tuesday ...July 20 *Tuesday .. Dec. 14

Returning, will leave Hile at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahnehoe, Mahukona and Kawaihao same say; Makena, Maalaea Hay and Lahaina the fellowing day, arriving at Honolula the afternoons of Tuesdays and Fridays.

ARRIVE HONOLULU. Tuesday ... Mar. 23 Tuesday ... Aug. 17 Exchange. Copies may also be obtain- Friday Apr. 2 Friday Aug. 27 Tuesday ... Apr. 13 Tuesday Sep. 7 Friday Apr. 23 Friday Sep. 17 Tuesday ... May 4 Tuesday ... Sep. 28 Friday May 14 Friday Oct. 8 Tuesday ... May 25 Tuesday ... Oct. 19 Friday June 4 FridayOct. 29 Tuesday ... June 15 Tuesday ... Nov. 3 Friday June 25 Friday Nov. 19 Tuesday ... July 6 Tuesday ... Nov. 30 FridayJuly 16 Friday Dec. 18 was sick with rheumatism, and lay in Tuesday ... July 27 Tuesday ... Dec. 21

> Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the second trip of each manth, arriving there on the morning of the day of miling from Hilo to Honolulu. The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance.
> Round-trip tickets, covering all expenses, 150.

S. S. CLAUDINE,

CAMERON, COMMARDER, Will leave Honolula Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kahulul, Hana, Ha-moa and Kipahulu, Maul. Returning, arrives at Homolulu Sunday mornings. Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once cach

No freight will be received after 4 p. n. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom. Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owners risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of pursers. Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

C. L. Wightt, President.

S. B. ROSE, Secretary.

CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Superintendent.

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Steamships will leave for and arrive

Arrive at Honolulu Leave Honolulu for from S. Francisco San Francisco or Vancouver. 1897. or Vancouver.

On or about On or about Miowera .. Mch 18 Rio Janeiro Mar 23 BelgicMch 20 Warrimoo .Mar 24 tustralia .. Mch 30 Monowai .. Apr 1 CopticApr 8 Gaelic Mariposa ..Apr 8 Australia . Warrimoo .Apr 16 Doric Apr 13 Rio Janeiro.Apr 17 Miowera ...Apr 24 Australia ... Apr 27 Alameda ... Apr 29 Monowal ... May 6 China May 4 Peking ... May 8 Australia ... May 5 Miowera .. May 16 Peru May 23 Doric May 18 Warrimoo .May 24 Australia .. May 25 Mariposa .. May 27 Alameda ...Jun 3 CopticJun 1 BelgicJun 5 Australia ...Jun 2 PeruJun 15 GaelicJun 20 Warrimoo ..Jun 16 Monowai ..Jun 24 Australia ...Jun 22 Miowera ...Jun 24

Australia S. T. ALEXANDER

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PekingJun 28

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CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby Street, Boston. Or C. BREWER & CO., Ltd. Agents, Honolulu.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE

IS DISSATISFIED YOKOHAMA

Reuter's Agent Proposes New Contract.

Japan Lies Outside Circle of Telegaphic Communication of World.

Apropos of the Pacific cable scheme for supplying news to the far East, the Japan Mail, in its issue of Feb. 24, presents some facts showing the value of the present system to Yokohama. The aritcle in the Mail on the subject is occasioned by a circular issued by the agent of Reuter's Telegram Company on the expiration of the contracts entered into with the Gazette and the Mail. The proposition in the circular is that should sufficient private sup-

port, at \$100 per annum for each subscriber, be forthcoming, new arrangements could be made for supplying te-legraphic news of the chief events of says the Hilo Tribune of March 6th. stranger in those parts who is con-fused and befuddled, who knocks peoments could be made for supplying te- meetings were freely entered upon the world. By the new arrangements, President Grossman was in the chair each subscriber would receive private and A. M. Wilson secretary. After the information of all the events prior preliminaries, business and reports to their appearance in the papers. The Mail says that during the past

year the public has received telegrams from Shanghai, reperesenting an out- recommendations, so many different lay of 600 yen monthly. Of that amount 400 yen was paid by the Japan ous subscribers, and 200 yen by the Japan Mail. We ourselves never believed in the wisdom of the arrangement. Japan lies outside the circle of telegraphic facilities. It costs four times as much to have a message wired from Shanghai to Yokohama as it costs Shanghai to procure the same message from Hongkong. Shanghai, in short, lies at the end of a chain of stations-Hongkong, Singapore, Columbo, etc.-each of which contrimitting a commonly useful telegram it up to the sun, free and friable, turn-from London, and all have the advantage of a special press rate. One obvious result is that these places retoo dear at six pence a word. When, past twelve months seems sufficient to under two years and a half old, and furnish an answer. Has the community received a fair equivalent, or any- pest. thing like a fair equivalent, for the heavy outlay involved?

Of course Reuter's Agents in Shanghai and Yokohama have spared no pains in performing the service, but the point is that the material available for transmisison to Yokohama was, in great part, not worth the cost of transmitting it. So long as the in California, where irrigation was in present scale of rates remains unvogue, and at first too much water was changed, the sensible plan, we ven- used, which resulted in the tree roots ture to think, is to procure the cream only of the Shanghai telegrams. If the whole of the telegraphic news received there from London were forwarded to Japan, the expense would be about a thousand yen monthly. method of root pruning, and in we Yokohama has, therefore, been getting six-tenths of the service approximately, during the past year, and has been paying for it rearly two and a half times as much as Shanghai pav for the whole. A careful examination of the telegrams received here unde. the arrangement just terminated. shows, we think, that, on the mofavorable estimate, not one half o them were worth what they cost. Now that fresh subscriptions are invited. these facts ought to be taken into consideration.

MeNEILL NOT GUILTY. Skipper of the Barkentine S. G. Wilder Exonerated.

The case of Captain McNeill of the solls. barkentine S. G. Wilder, charged with cruelty to animals, came up in the Police Court yesterday morning. Defendant plead not guilty.

J. Macdonald the owner of the horses told of the shipment of the same from San Francisco, of the fact that Captain McNeill had charge of them, that one of the two injured ones had to be shot for the suggestion that the association on account of injuries sustained through contract with the stalls, these being too small. Witness testified that the injuries could have been prevented. The horses in the next stalls were for \$3,500, and one that could handle smaller and were not injured at all. the crop of all time to come would cost The horses in the next stalls were

This was done at sea.

errival of the Wilder. One was a perfect mass of sores and the other was ing to be called by the chair. so badly injured as to be unable to Mr. C. L. Wight, as preside

the horses for three successive days

after leaving. Cross-examined-Lengthened stables just after got to sea. Have brought down horses for the last 20 years but none have been so badly chafed. The weather was very bad and I had to look after my ship. Did all I could to alleviate the suffering of the animals.

A. Stewart testified to about the same story as Captain McNeill, taking

all blame from his shoulders.

Judge De La Vergne found defendant not guilty and discharged him

Association at Hilo.

Needs of the Planters Discussed-Coffee Cleaning Plant May Be Frected.

The Hawaiian Coffee Planters' Association met in Firemen's Hall last Saturday evening and there was a good attendance, and the purposes of these were disposed of, a lively exchange of ideas as to pruning, topping and planting followed, and so varied were the conditions and effects resulting that the Tribune scribe could not keep track Gazette, the Japan Herald, and vari- of them, which is very regrettable. A number agreed that cultivation and enriching the soil produced more vigorous trees, and vigorous trees were not materially influenced by red spider and kindred parasites that flourish upon weaker stock. The planting of trees for windbreaks should be done with care, for such greedy feeders as the banana flourished at the expense of the neighboring coffee trees. It was evident that cultivation of the soil is gaining in favor, for all who are doing it see a vast improvement in their trees butes to defray the expense of trans- The sweetening of the soil by turning of the littered field wherever it is possible to do so. Drainage of fields wa recommended wherever practical, as it ceive from Europe items of news not was another means by percolation of sweetening the land, in preference to evaporation by the sun. Forking the however, Yokohama is invited to pay soil around the trees where the cultivatwo shillings a word for the same tor had not reached was advocated intelligence, sent across from Shang- and particularly is this desirable in hal, the question whether correspond- those fields where no cultivation was ing value is obtained for the quad-rupled charge becomes well worth considering. The experience of the confined his operation to trees only when that age was passed the trees

> One planter, whose opinions are held in great esteem, who holds that exten-sive cultivation is most essential to success, warned his listeners that disturbing or tearing the roots worked as injury to the trees and did not seen able to suggest how cultivation of the land and avoidance of the roots was to be accomplished. [Note: This same difficulty has been experienced confining themselves to the surface soils. Deeper ditches were tried with success, and a systematic pruning of roots of all trees at time of planting. It is recognized to be a fact that the shape of a tree can be largely influenced or controlled by the manner and districts where the tendency of trees were toward surface roots the custom is to prune off the laterals and give care to the setting downward of the tap root. Drainage is also of great "alue, as it will lower the moisture and he roots will inhabit lower levels. and then cultivation of the land does

seemed to enjoy immunity from this

not threaten the life of the roots.] A discussion as to results in planting out nursery followed, and a great vadety of experiences were offered, and every known seed had proven good and which seemed to mean that the condition of the seed must be carefully looked after. There seems to be no particular season best adapted planting seed, as it grows immediately and flourishes continuously. It is rec-ommended that holeing the land should be done sometime in advance of setting out the trees, that the proper chemical changes in the soil be accomplished before tamping back the filling

"What are we going to do with our coffee?" was asked. "Who is going to clean it and market it?" It was reported that the Hilo Electric Light Company had changed their plans about putting up a cleaning plant, but would be pleased to furnish power for the same. It was evident that there has been considerable debate on the outside of this meeting on this question, should build its own cleaning plant was greeted with applause, and inquiry brought out the fact that a plant complete in every respect could be erected Captain McNeill had admitted to him \$6,000. This fact brought a motion up that the stalls were improperly built, that committee of five members be ap-When he put the horses aboard he ex- pointed to examine into the feasibility plained that he had the stalls lengthen- of forming a \$10,000 company from Thibet, has arrived at Lian-chaufu, ed so that there would be no chafing, among the members of the association, whence he started for Peking. After a and it was carried. Messrs. C. L. short stay there M. Sven Heddin pro-

committee to report at the next meet-

Mr. C. L. Wight, as president of the Wilder Steamship Company, requested Captain McNeill—On the morning of the coffee growers present to furnish him with two-pound samples of their was called to the fact that the stalls coffees for exhibition in Honolulu, and were too short so I made them 15 also for the purpose of sending them toches longer than the usual stalls. Rough weather caused the chafing of ing a demand and grade for Hawaiian coffees, which were freely promised, and doubtless will be forthcoming. The steamer of the same to their destina-

> The following parties interested in coffee growing were offered as new members and were duly elected: Rev. Mr. Hill, C. L. Wight, Judge Lyman, quality is good. W. A. Ray, George Williams, Mr. Gamielson, Mr. McAulpin, Mr. Borden Frank Rosa, Elmer Ray and L. Tur-

ner.
Those present were: Messrs. Grossman, William Goudie, Ross, Hamblay, C. L. Wight, J. H. Williams, Gamiel-Trowbridge, McAlpin, Ebling Supe, Highton, Sisson, Hardy, Jack Goudie, Baldwin, Judge Lyman, Bor-den, Canario, Winter, Abercromble. Meeting of the Planters Rheinhart, Peck, LeBlond, Peck, Jr., Gibb, Wise, Junkin and Waiakea Wilson. There were others which escaped notice. The meeting was very much enjoyed by those present, and all unite in agreeing that they should be held more frequent.

THE MAN WHO KNOWS THE ROAD.

He drives directly home, even in dark nights, does the man who knows the road. The over-hanging gloom the deceptive shadows, the uncertain sounds, don't bother him. He can feel the ground under his wagon wheels, and the "lay of the land" is open to him as at clear noontide. It is the ple up to ask questions, who finally odges in the ditch.

Where to go, and how to get there; what to do, and how to do it-why the man who knows that comes to the front everywhere and always. But the opposite-the waste of time, money power, health, &c., in blind experi-ments, how disheartening and disastrous it is! Take an illustration of this sort, and you will see how it fits in a minute.

"In the spring of 1892," says a lady who lives down near the east coast "I began to feel ill. I had a poor appe tite, and after everything I ate, no mat-ter how simple it was, I was seized with great pain across the chest and around the sides. I was frequently sick, vomiting a sour, bitter fluid. was almost afraid to eat, and my food gave me no strength. In this state continued now a bit better, and then worse until December, 1893, when became very ill. I got so weak could hardly bear the weight of my body on my feet. I tried this and tried that-all kinds of medicines heard of, but none of them gave me any

"In January, 1894, I read in a little book about the cures done by Mother Seigel's Syrup. The book contained etters from people who had been cared, some of whom had suffered like me. I got a bottle from Miss Caroline Foster, grocer and draper, High street in this place. After taking it I vess much better. I had a new relish for food, and no more distress after eating. I continued taking Mother Seigel's Syrup, and was soon free from all pain and sickness and fast gaining strength. Since then I have been in the best of health, and needed no me l cine. (Signed) Mrs. Faces of Messingham, Brigg, Lincs, April 30th.

"In the early part of 1875," writes another, "my health began to fall me felt low and weak, and lost all power and disposition to exert myself. After every meal I had pain in the chest and all over me. I felt so tight around the waist that it seemed as though some thing was holding me. I was much troubled with a sickening wind coming up from my stomach; and now and then I belched up a sour fluid that bit my throat and half choked me. Then, too, I had attacks of spasms, which gave me intense pain. I got about my work slowly and in much distress, and grew gradually weaker and more de spondent in mind. I tried all the various medicines I could hear of that might possibly be good for me, but none of them were of any avail,

"After five tedious years of suffering. my daughter, who is in service in London, wrote me of the benefit her mistress had derived from the use of Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup when troubled much as I was. I replied, and my daughter sent me two bottles of the Syrup, and after having taken it, I felt quite like a new woman. I had no pain after eating, and was in better health than I had been in since I was first taken ill. From that time onwards my health was good and if I ail anything temporarily, as the best of us will, a few doses of Mother Siegel's Syrup put me right. I have told many persons of what this now celebrated remedy did for me, and am willing you should publish my statement if you desire to do so. (Signed) (Mrs.) Ann Knight, near the Church, Fenny Comp-Leamington, September 27th

1895. By looking back to the italicised words in these letters the reader will catch my point on the instant. Both these ladies, not knowing the true remedy for their disease (indigestion and dyspesia), blindly experimented with anything they could get hold of. Under like circumstances we all do the same. When one doesn't know the road he is almost certain to blunder and stumble; and he can't know until he learns. Now, in all ailments of the digestion, with the local symptoms which proceed from it, Mother Seigel's Syrup is, so to put it, the right road, Follow it faithfully, and you are fairly sure to bring up in the pleasant shelter of good health. Knowing this, direct your neighbors.

across the still unexplored parts of clean coffee in the parchment. Deputy Marshal Hirchcock testified Wight, Le Blond, Sisson, Judge Ly-poses returning to Russia, and thence that he had seen the horses after the man and Ross were appointed on this to Sweden by way of Siberia.

Wicker **FURNITURE**

Is well adapted to this Tribune will offer to forward these climate because it is cool. a bushel and expecting the samples if they are sent in on the stages, and attend to the shipping by No establishment in Honolulu has such a stock of this made in this respect has al-

> Rockers, Straight Back



and Easies.

Our prices for these goods have never been equalled and we defy competition.

We have our usual large assortment of high class oak Potato Planters. and other hard wood chairs -- carved and finely polished.

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A Model Plant is not complete with out Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles

Electric Power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field also water, and does away with high priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available in costs nothing to generate Electric

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COM PANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descrip tions at short notice, and also has or hand a large storck of Wire, Chandel iers and Electrical Goods.

tention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

All orders will be given prompt at

Honolulu Coffee Mills

Having established a modern plant The Swedish traveler, M. Sven Hed- for hulling, polishing and assorting din, after succeeding in making his way coffee, we are prepared to buy and Moderate charge made for cleaning

> Apply to H. HACKFELD & CO. 4481-3m 1820-3m

AVING a stock of goods will do better on scattered about in two or three warehouses is a practical illustration of putting a light under HAY AND GRAIN

public to see the glare. The change we have recently ware as we carry, and the ready had its effect. The is the very best at the superior quality of the goods we have been obliged to keep in out-of-the-way places are now in position in places are now in position in the mammoth show rooms of the building formerly occupied by H. W. Schmidt & Sons, on Fort street, mauka of our store. They are arranged in a systematic manner and the sun has a chance ner and the sun has a chance to shine on them. Two Metropolitan floors, having several thousand square feet of space, are filled with goods and in a convenient manner for inspection.

Our friends the plantation managers may now inspect plantation implements without falling over them in their efforts to see their exclusive merits of superiority.

On the first floor is an assortment of the Hendry Breaker, than which no better plow has ever been introduced here: Rice Plows, all sizes-side-hill and subsoils; Cultivators, especially adapted to the wants of coffee growers; Deere Sulky Disc Plows: Avery Sugar Land Cultivators and Stubble Diggers, and Aspinwall's

On the second floor there are sewing machines, wheelbarrows, step ladders. Then Mail Steamship Companies. there are parts to the various plows and machinery carried by us, aermotors, rope, and everything else necessary on plantations.

ine Hawaiian Hardware Co

Pictures! Pictures!

Fancy being able to buy in Honolulu a picture framed handsomely in white and gold moulding, measuring 26x30 inches

others still larger and better for \$3.00, and from that up. Then there are Wall Pockets for \$1.25 fitted with pictures, glass and all-which are dirt-cheap at that price.
Drop in and have a look

King Bros.' Art Store.

110 HOTEL STREET.

-:- THE -:-

H. M. WHITNEY, 1 !

Contents for February, 1897.

Notes on Current Topic. Voluntary Labor Contracts. Young Cane Seedlings. Industrial Prospects of Fiji. A Planter's Views on the Sugar Crop Successful Experiment in Greensoil ng with Lupines. Prof. Albert Koebele and His Work.

Report of the Entomologist of the Hawaiian Government. Farming in Waimea, Hawaii. Nitrate-producing Plants. Sugar Industry of Hawaii. Molasses Going Out. Coffee in Hawaii H. B. Oxnard on Sugar.

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

4 Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIE W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORG-DYNE; that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately natrue, and he respected to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 18, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEAD CHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when extausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysen-tery, Diarrhosa.

The General Board of Hualth, London, re-ports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose gen-erally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhosa." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in

Neuralgia, Cout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colle,

Palpitation, Hysteria, IMPORTANT CAUTION. - The land and the Pale of this Remedy has given rise to

N.B.-Every Bottle of Genuine beats on the Government Stamp the name the inventor, Dr. J. Coille Browne. in bottles is 14d., 2s. 3d. and 4s. 5d., by

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C. HUSTACE.

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Investigation Continued by Government

EXCITEMENT IN POLICE CIRCLES

One Squad of Officers Sent Over to Keep Order.

Everything Quiet But Trouble Was Feared-Investigation Will Continue Uninterrupted

Nobody hurt! Shortly after 8 o'clock last night the telephone bell at the police station station immediately?" It was Jack Mc-Veigh's melodious voice, and while there was in it no ring of agitation, still, there became communicated to the police station a touch of agitation extraordinary, which resulted in Lieutenant Wells of the Mounted Patrol executing a Paul Revere ride through the

cinb nervously. "Go up to the police station!" came the command. Perpetual motion was set to work in connection with this officer and others, and before long 10 stalwart policemen were at the sta-tion, as well as a crowd of about 100 others, who gathered about the doors calling for guns to quell the disturb

city. The first place he struck was the

Inter-Island wharf, and, obeying a

command, a policeman came tumbling

out of the deep shadows, fingering his

ance, in what locality they knew not The hurrying of the policemen to the station attracted the attention of pedestrians, and rumors of war among the Japanese at quarantine were quickly circulated. One excited individual rushed among the crowd and informed each individual that the entire lot of Japanese had escaped from the grounds and that the police were required to capture them. This rumon obtained credence all over the city though it was entirely without founda

Next came the rush to the boat landing of 10 policemen, who piled into the boats tied there without fear of even a bath in the water. A pull of a very few minutes landed them on the pler of the quarantine station wharf, and then came a quick march to the

There they were met by Jack Mcpests, relieving the regular guards and specials. They took their places as ordered and shortly afterwards, Lieutenant Wells, all dressed for war, came stalking down to the station to take command of his men, according to orders from police headquarters.

at the quarantine station that the sight of these might stir the Japanese into turbulent mood. Clubs were handed the men with the brass buttons, who not being used to such light weapons, made somewhat of an objection, but when they saw the quiet mood of the Japanese immigrants they concluded that their hard fists might suffice to quell any disturbance.

They took their posts, and the other guards, tired out from hearing the beating of the waves and the uncertain babel of many voices from the town, stole away to their blankets among the mosquitoes

While all this was going on there was a more sober scene in the fumigating room, where, seated around the table was a council of investigation, of which J. A. Magoon was president. To his right sat a young attorney, while on the other side of the dimly burning kerosene lamp were Messrs. Mc-Stocker and Stratemeyer of the Custom House. Stenographer McMahon and a Japanese agent. Behind these latter was Chester Doyle, who tapped the Japanese immigrants gently on the back and bade them, under oath, answer the questions required of them. These were the beginning of the 535 imigrants, who were rejected by the anthorities, and into whose cases the Government were carrying on an investigation, which will probably last today, tomorrow and the next day.

It was a very grim council that. Even Chester Doyle refrained from a smile, and Josh Tucker, on the outside uttered a melancholy cry of distress. No dinner had yet been served.

However, the police were busy doing their work, and about 11 o'clock, while the authorities were still questioning Japanese, a squad of five more men with Captain Parker in charge, arrived on the scene. Two men in charge of Lieutenant Needham were would remain for two or three days at the quarantine station, or until the in-

and probably not until this morning statement is supported by the agent of case require. will some too sanguine people believe the immigration company. that "nobody was hurt."

doors, and the only newspaper man who managed to reach the station was cumstances publish it, as the state-

Japanese and English, as the case required, Occasionally Mr. McStocker would suggest a question, but Judge Magoon was the chief investigator.

OF NO INTEREST.

Public Not Concerned in Arrival of Japanese.

Deputy Collector McStocker, Port Surveyor Stratemeyer, ex-Judge Magoon, Chester A. Doyle and two stenographers, left Oceanic wharf at 7:30 ast night for the purpose of making another official investigation into the status of the 665 Japanese immigrants, whose term of quarantine expires to-

A reporter for the Advertiser requested permission of Deputy Collector McStocker to accompany the expedilon, but as it was to be something out of the ordinary and bore a somewhat legal aspect he was referred to Judge Magoon, with the remark that he (Mr. McStocker), personally, had no objections to a member of the press going

with them. Ex-Judge Magoon, however, was of a different opinion. On receiving an affingled merrily to the tune of: "Send firmative answer to his question: "Do policemen over to the quarantine you belong to the newspaper?" he promptly denied the request, and remarked that it was "not a matter for the newspapers, being an official investigation, the press cannot be rep-

> resented. "But it is a matter which concerns the public," ventured the reporter. "It does not make any difference," retorted the attorney. "You can hear

> of it after the investigation is over." Then Chester Doyle suggested that the Honolulu papers could copy it out of the Kona Echo. And with this echo ringing in his ears the reporter paid a hackman two bits and walked back to the office, still unconvinced that the public was not interested in the landing of 665 Japanese students, whose claims to a residence in Hawaii are not considered legal by some authorities.

Consul General Shimamura is Dissatisfied.

Considers Present Trouble the Result of Prejudice - Denies Allegations-Will; Warship Come?

The "official investigation" at the quarantine station on Tuesday night was merely a duplicate, or to be more Japanese had a legal right to land. great maritime and strategical impor correct, a quadruplicate of the first. In a day or two, after this present case Veigh and assigned to the various Each immigrant upon whom there was a suspicion of crookedness in the matter of his or her landing was put ter of his or her landing was put not the Japanese Government had been through a rigid examination and when notified of the affair, Mr. Shimamura he had answered all the questions, he didn't know where he was at. Of the entire lot less than a hundred passed deposit their guns in a safe place, and muster and those who did run the to hang their cartridge belts on top of them, as it was thought by authorities without being scarred were allowed to pack their blankets and go up town will be forwarded to the department

and see their cousins yesterday noon. Among the Japanese kamaainas, those who have lived here from six months to as many years, the action of the Government is not looked upon with any degree of favor. One of these, a merchant of considerable standing in the colony thought the position of the Government most extraordinary. In speaking of the excitement caused on Tuesday night by ending a detail of police to quarantine island, he said:

The Hawaiian Government claims that the landing of the Japanese immigrants at quarantine station does not constitute a legal landing in the Hawaiian Islands. Suppose the Japanese should kick up a row there, what inrisdiction would the Government start a fight," continued the little brown fellow, "just to have the thing decided. But there won't be any troubie, I am sure. These men have been in quarantine the limit of time, and

blame them. "Suppose 600 or more Americans were prevented landing in Japan, and kept on a sandy beach, beyond the limit of time required by law. Do you not think the authorities at Washington would take pretty prompt action? That is what the Japanese Government should do. The main objection to these men is the fact that they were given the necessary \$50, instead of earning it at some trade. There is no Government question German, British law to prevent a father or mother giv- or American subjects as to where they

they should become surly I could not

permit him to land here. too many free laborers are coming Japanese is merely prejudice. A few here; hundreds of them are idle in years ago and their charges might Honolulu and cannot get work. They be true, but today it is not. I have inare coming on every steamer, and those who have \$50 when they land, it fully." back. It was learned at a late spend it soon after, and then live on hour last night and the police and a their friends, or the earnings of we- Supreme Court, what will be squad of regulars from the barracks men. So long as they can live in this course?" was asked the Consul Genway they will not work, and so long eral. as the immigration agents get \$2.50 a vestigation into the cases of the re- head on every laborer, free or con- I may ask the Minister of Foreign Afjected Japanese has been completed tract, who lands here, those people tairs for an explanation. I may go by the Government. will be encouraged to come. Laborers further and insist upon an investiga-Rumors of an uprising among the on plantations write home that they tion, at which I will be present. I pro Japanese were rife in town last night, are making plenty of money, and this pose acting as the exigencies of the

The investigation was behind closed favor bringing here as many free la- case is decided in favor of the Japanborers as wish to come, until they find ese. In that event, will Japan ask on their arrival that employment is damages from this Government? told to remain outside and guess what an impossibility. I cannot agree with "That I cannot say. The people who was going on within, but under no cirthem on this plan. On the contrary, I have been kept in quarantine longer believe missionaries should be sent to than the law specifies certainly suffer ments of the men would be used as evidence in the case when it is tried in the Circuit Court. The women, number of the case when it is tried in the Circuit Court. The women, number of the steamer is the circuit Court. The women, number of the steamer is the circuit Court. The women is the circuit court in the circuit court in the circuit court. The women is the circuit court in the circuit court in the circuit court. The women is the circuit court in the circuit court in the circuit court in the circuit court. The women is the circuit court in the circuit court. The women is the circuit court in th bering a score, were the first to be ex- waii is. One white man and a Japan- company may ask damages. I do not

lating the questions and answers into necessary for their expenses could be Government. I can take no action in raised by popular subscription and with assistance from the Hawaiian Government."

> representatives of the various immigration companies waited upon H. I. action then?" J. M. Consul General Shimamura and of this meeting, which lasted more and free laborers, if the contract la than an hour an indignation mass borers have come here against the meeting of Japanese residents will be laws of the Republic I will have noth-held today, the location of it could not ing to say after this is proven in court. e learned.

that they intended taking any steps that the money does not belong to toward pressing their claims for a recognition of their rights. In order to go back."

ascertain whether the meeting today "Your position in that case, Mr. will have the support of the representative of Japan a reporter for the Advertiser called on Consul General Shimamura at the Legation last night. Replying to the question regarding the call of the immigration agents in the afternoon the Consul General said:

"It was in no sense a meeting. Several of the immigration agents called here and presented their applications and the action of the Government in refusing, a landing to the Japanese now in quarantine was freely discussed."

"Can you say whether there will be a meeting of Japanese residents tomorrow?" was asked by the reporter. "That I know nothing of, These gentlemen called upon me as the official representative of Japan and stated their grievance and I listened to what they had to say.

"Assuming, Mr. Shimamura, that you consider that they have a grievance do you propose taking official recognition of it?"

"Assuredly yes! I am here to pro-

tect to the extent of my power all Japanese subjects and that I propose to do. This second refusal of the Hawaiian Government to permit Japanese subjects to land here is a very serious matter. Hawaiians are allowed to land in Japan and Japanese must be permitted to land here as long as the money in possession of these free laborers, students your paper calls them, has been provided by the immigration agents or the steamship companies This is false; investigation has prov en it so, and in my opinion it is simply a prejudice of the people here against my people.

"The parents of these free laborer can furnish them money and experi-ence no hardship from it and I know, from an investigation, which has been made by me, quietly, if you wish, that the charges made are groundless. It is serious thing to prevent the landing of these Japanese subjects, a very serious thing.

"Have you had any correspondence relative to the matter?" was asked of

the Consul. "As yet no. I have been too busy in preme Court. This was the case some months ago and it was decided that the ly politically. Honolulu po act but I cannot do so until then.' In reply to the questions whether or answered testily.

"Certainly. I must keep my Govern ment informed in all matters which matter, let me repeat is a serious one matter, let me repeat is a serious one fo us and all of the documents in my possession in connection with the case there with their families. The Japaat Tokio by the steamer tomorrow.' "You also forwarded a cablegram by the Australia today, Mr. Shimamura; was that in relation to this quarantine case?" asked the reporter.

"It had to do with that, ves, but you must not question me too closely. You understand my position and that there are questions I cannot answer. With a keen perception of the situation the reporter became more guard-

ed and the next question was: "Of course you do not mind telling me, Mr. Shimamura whether or not you have requested your Government

to send a man of war here?" At this the shrewd diplomat dodged again and said laughingly, decline to answer such a leading ques tion. My Government has been notihave over them? I wish they would fied of the action of this Government further than that I decline to speak. Then the reporter tried a side step followed by a center rush on another point which seemed vulnerable.

"It is said by the Japanese mer they know it, and want to get out. If chants, Mr. Shimamura, that you favor the importation of all free labor as may wish to come, and when the number is so much greater than the demand that employment is an impossibility, they may return to Japan.

Why should they not come. The treaty gives them the right, and, if intervals. Minister Cooper has labored they have the necessary financial qualification, no matter the source which it is derived, why should they be prevented a landing. Does this ing a son the amount necessary to obtained the money to get here or to permit him to land here.

obtained the money to get here or to enable them to land? No, sir! and "So far as I am concerned, I think this close inquiry into the cases of the vestigated this matter and understand

"When the case is decided by the

"That depends entirely upon results

"For the sake of argument, then, Mr. "I am told some interested parties Shimamura, let us assume that the

"That I cannot say. The people who amined. Judge Magoon asking the ese interpreter is all that would be re-questions and Interpreter Doyle trans- quired, and the few thousand dollars only for me to report the case to my

the premises until I hear from Tokio." "On the other hand, suppose the case is decided against the Japanese

Yesterday a delegation composed of and the Government orders their peremptory return. What will be your "If contract laborers: understand stated their grievances. As a result there is a distinction between contract

My actions will be in reference to the The Japanese up to the time of the free laborers, those who have \$50 in meeting have been tranquil and this their possession, and are refused a is the first intimation they have given landing because there is a suspicion them. I do not think those men will

> Shimamura, will be aggressive, and in this place to be aggressive, one must have something more stable than the Pacific Ocean behind him. Do you expect a warship from Japan in response to the dispatches which you sent on the Australia yesterday, the Pern on Tuesday, or the steamer China, which sails for Yokohama tomorrow?

"Again I must decline to answer your question. I would be pleased to give you all the information you request, but there are some forms which must be respected in diplomatic circles, and answering such questions la one of them."

"Then let me put the question in a different way," said the reporter, "Do you deny that you have requested your Government to dispatch a warship to Honolulu without delay, and that the cable was sent on one of the steamers which left for San Francisco within the past two days?"

"I decline to answer either question and you must respect my position." As there was no denial, it is reason able to believe that a man-o'-war has been ordered. Allowing seven days for the dispatch to reach San Francisco and 12 days for the warship to steam between Japan and Honolulu, she will be here in less than three weeks. In 1893, when Saburo Fugii was Consu treaty between the two Governments General of Japan to Honolulu he sent continues in force. People say that the a request for a warship. Two of them reached here by constant steaming 11 days after leaving Yokohama.

Habeas Corpus.

A writ of habeas corpus was served on Collector J. B. Castle late yesterday afternoon in connection with the Jap anese quarantine cases. made returnable today.

JAPANESE AND HAWAIL German Papers Calls Euoropean At tention to Them

BERLIN, Mar. 3 .- The "Kreuz-Zeiting" calls the attention of Europe t with the Department of Foreign Affairs | the scheming of Japanese stateshen for the acquisition of Hawaii. The steamboat line from Honolulu to Seattle, is says, is only one mesh of a net of vas my office and I see by the papers that the matter is being taken to the Suat first commercially, and subsequent tance, which is increasing daily. goes to the Court and decided I will view of the rapid development of cities on the Pacific Coast, this importance will assume an international character if the Nicaraguan canal is ever opened. At present there are 26,000 Japanes living in Hawaii, and if immigration continues at the present rate the Japanese population will soon gain the pertain to Japanese subjects. This upper hand there, particularly since a

> It is, or should be, the highest aim of every merchant to please his customers; and that the wide-awake drug firm of Meyers & Eshleman, Sterling Ill., is doing so, is proven by the following, from Mr. Eshleman: "In my sixteen years' experience in the drug business I have never seen or sold or tried a medicine that gave as good satisfaction as Chamberlain's Colic. Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy." Sold by all Druggists and Dealers; Benson, Smith & Co., Wholesale Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

nese element is a danger for all sea-

faring nations.

Choral Society Formed.

The Choral Society has been formed with Minister H. E. Cooper, president; W. O. Atwater, vice-president; A. St. M. Mackintosh, secretary; Miss Margaret Hopper, treasurer and Isaac Sherwood, librarian.

There were between sixty and sev enty singers present at the meeting Tuesday evening in the High School building and an excellent rehearsal under Prof. Yarndley, resulted. Rehears als will be held each Tuesday night and concerts will be given at convenient hard for the formation of the societ and his efforts have been crowned with the greatest of succes

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ders, Ammunision, Bicycles, Agricultural Im-ements, Vehicles of all kinds, Furniture, Bool every subject. We handle only dependab We believe we can send to any clime, goo

We believe we can send to any clime, goods of any kind, perfect in quality, at lower prices, Inid down, than the residents thereof can obtain them anywhere eise. Our belief is founded on a quarter century's experience. To acquaint you with our facilities we will send you, or any other foreign resident, free of all charges, our "BUY-ERS" GUIDE," a 2½ pound book, 200 page. 13,000 illustrations, 40,000 fescriptions—it is unique, useful, valuable—and also our "HAND BOOK FOR FOREIGN BUYERS," which contains all recessary information to putyou in close tains all necessary information to putyou in close touch with our marvelous methods. WILL YOU ASK US TO DO SO?

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The C. & C. Rice Plow;

Sizes 5 to 10 in.; made for light culti vating and all ordinary use.

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plowing. These plows, made expressly for us. are well braced, strong, light, and are the result of careful study of plantation needs. They have met with universal approval wherever used.

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ALSO A NEW LOT OF

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Which you will find convenient for making quick cold drinks.



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This college instructs in Shorthand, Type-writing, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, Pen-manship, Drawing, all the English branches and everything pertaining to business for full six months. We have 16 teachers and give individual instruction to all our pupils.

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C. S. HALEY, Secretary.

NORTH BRITISH

Total Funds at 31st December, 1896,

The accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from lis-

bility in respect of each other. ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO. Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

LIFE AND FIRE

AGENTS FOR

HARTFORD. mburo-Bremen Fire insurance

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above commonly are prepared to insure risks against tire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents,

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden. Having established an agency at Hone-tulu and the Hawaiian Islands the understaned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the

ost favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islander

German Lloyd Marine insurance Go OF BERLIN. OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and

on the most favorable terms. F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agta

OF HAMBURG. Capital of the company and re-serve, reichsmarks
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Total reicismarks -107,650,00 NUTTH GRIDDEN THE MISH COMES GOING OF

OF HAMBURG. Capital of the company and re-serve, reichsmarks

Capital their reinsurance com-

panies Total reichsmarks - -43,830,0

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawalian islands, are prepared to insure Buildings furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills and Vessels in the harbor, against loss a lamage by fire on the most favorable terms. H. HACKFELD & CO.

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INSURANCE. Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE. Established 1836.

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WAS FOUND DEAD

Alex. Gray, a Consumpt- days from San Francisco ive, Shoots Himself.

Deed Committed With Parlor Rifle. Found Lying in Coach House.

Alexander Gray, a young man 26 Kauai. years of age, committed suicide by shooting himself in the mouth, some- Kanai. time between 9 o'clock and midnight

Deceased was an engineer by pro- from San Francisco. fession, but has been too ill from consumption for two years past to do any work. During most of that time he has lived with his uncle, William Auld, at Palama. His father, George Gray, who at one time was manager ports. for Alexander Cleghorn, is the young

Deceased was in rather better spirits than usual yesterday, and retired about willwill. Hanamaulu and Koloa. 9 p. m. At midnight one of the members of Mr. Auld's family had occasion to get up to administer toothache drops to a boy who was suffering. San Francisco To get the medicine it was necessary to pass through Gray's room. It was le, Hanapepe, Makaweli and Niihau. found empty, and his night dress was on a chair. At the same time it was noticed that a 32-caliber parlor rifle was missing from the room

Other members of the family were called, and suspicion that something was wrong dawned upon them! George Lucas, clerk of the Supreme Court, and a relative of Mr. Auld's, was telephoned to, and he came out and joined search through the yard. man's slippers were found near the coach house, and Mr. Lucas pursued his search into the carriage house, and there found the body fully dressed. and with the rifle at his side. He had fastened a string to the trigger and put his foot through the loop. The ball had passed through the roof of the mouth, evidently resulting in instant death.

Deceased was, an inmate of Queen's Hospital for a time, but was discharged as incurable. He then went to Niu with Mr. Auld, but deriving no benefit returned to town and placed himself in the hands of a Chinese herb doctor, but got no relief. Lately he has been using a patent medicine and told his relatives he felt better.

Young Gray was well known on the a. m. Island of Maui, where he was born, as well as at Honokaa, where he was Honokaa and Kukuthaele at 10 a.m. employed. Deputy Marshal Hitchcock ordered Lieutenant Edwards of the Mounted Patrol to the scene, and on his report decided that no inquest was necessary. H. H. Williams was tele phoned for and took charge of the re-

A man stands no chance of being elected to the mayorship of a city unless he enjoys the confidence and esteem of his neighbors. Geo. W. Humphrey is the popular mayor of Swanton Ohio, and under date of Jan. 17, 1896. he writes as follows: "This is to certify to our appreciation of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My family and neighbors have tested it, and we know it is an excellent remedy for coughs son, Smith & Co., Wholesale Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

At Quarantine.

Marshal Brown and Interpreter Doyle visited quarantine yesterday and asked the immigrants if the neand asked the immigrants if the accommodations and food were satisfactory. Mrs. N. S. Hatton, Mrs. J. E. win & Co. A pleasant commodations and food were satisfactory. Farnum, Miss E. Farnum, Miss M. H. perience of the Irwin. tery. They expressed themselves to a man as being highly pleased with ev-

The deepest shaft in the world is that of the Red Jacket, one of the Lake Superior copper mines, where a depth of 5,000 feet has been reached.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, and Incipient Consumption, no remedy approaches Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has long been the most popular and successful anodyne expectorant in Pharmacy, and is everywhere approved and recommended by the Faculty. It soothes the inflamed membrane, breaks up irritating mucus, allays coughing, and induces repose. As a family emergency medicine, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral takes the lead. For the relief and cure of croup, whooping-cough, sore throat, and all the pulmonary troubles to which the young are so liable, it is invaluable. No household is quite secure without

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A. Gald Medals at the World's Chief Expositions.

By Beware of cheap imitations. The name—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral—is promisent on the wrapper, and is blown in the class of each bottle.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY

ARRIVALS.

Tuesday, March 9. Stmr Mauna Loa, Simerson, from Maui and Hawaii ports. Am ship W. F. Babcock, Graham, 17

Wednesday, March 10. 23 hours 38 minutes, from San Fran-

Thursday, March 11. Stmr Noeau, Pederson, from Kauai. Stmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from

Stmr James Makee, Tullett, from

Sumr J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Am brig Wm. G. Irwin, Williams,

DEPARTURES.

Tuesday, March 9. Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for Maui

Stmr Iwalani, Gregory, for Lahaina, Kukuihaele and Honokaa. Stmr Mikahala, Thompson, for Na-Stmr James Makee, Tullett, for Ka-

Haw schr Honolulu, Thonagel, for Stmr W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Elee P. M. S. S. Peru, Friele, for San

Wednesday, March 10. O. S. S. Australia, Houdlette, for San Francisco. Am hk May Flint, Nichols, for New

Am bktne S. C. Allen, Johnson for San Francisco. Stmr Waialeale, Parker, for Hanamaulu

Br seal schr Agnes Maedonald, Cutter, for Japan. Stmr J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Oahu

Thursday, March 11. Stmr James Makee, Tullett, for Ka-Stmr Kaala, Mosher, for Oaha ports.

China and Japan.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Stmr J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Oahu ports at 9 a. m. Stmr Mauna Loa, Simerson, for Lahaina, Maalaea, Kona and Kau at 10

Stmr Noean, Pederson, for Lahaina,

PASSENGERS.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per On Jan. 24, steamer Sakura Maru tur Mauna Loa, March 9.—British (Jap.), at Yokohama, Jan. 25 from Seat-Commissioner A. G. S. Hawes and valet, C. W. Dickey, B. T. Phillips, L. P. Lincoln, John Harrison, E. P. Mc-Greeney, Miss Dora Todd, C. Akau and

From San Francisco, per P. M. S. S. China, Mar. 10-Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Isenberg, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Goodhue, Miss Goodhue, Mr. and Mrs. Ponsonby Ogle, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Newell, Mr. Master Suydam.

Through: For Yokohama-Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Small, Miss M. J. Shea, Mrs. J. B. Sanger, Mrs. W. H. Osborn, Miss Hutchinson, Mrs. H. Eckstein, Miss H. H. Eckstein, Miss J. C. Eckstein, Mrs. C. Lay, Mrs. J. H. Hobson, B. Guggenheim, Y. Wooyeno, J. O. Berner, H. V. Henson, H. L. Talbol, J. E. Farnum, G. L. Farnum, Dr. A. D. Smith, A. Benitz, G. W. Middleton, W. M. Treglown, U. H. Brown.

For Hongkong-S. Hankin, Jay Charm, Mrs. E. Halliday, Miss Alexander, Miss A. K. Wellman, Miss E. R. Wellman, Miss E. Moore, Grille, M. Gray, R. J. Wood, Miss L.

From Kauai, per stmr Waialeale, Mar. 10-R. C. Spalding, Rev. C. H. Welles and 12 deck passengers.

From San Francisco, per brig Wm. G. Irwin, March 11.-Miss Jessie R. Hopkins, Mrs. George Dennison, Mas-ter H. Dennison and Miss Bertha Den-San Francisco. A good trip was spent

Departures.

For Maul, per Stmr Claudine, March 9.—R. R. Berg, Mrs. R T. Wilber, Rt. Rev. Bishop of Panapolis, C. A. Spreckels, Mr. Lono, A. Tibbs, Mrs. Asiu, Asiu, William Chung Hoon, R. A. Drummong and Tong Kong.

For San Francisco, per P. M. S. S. Peru, March 9 .- W. H. Stevens, Miss Alice Sweeney, E. C. Potter, R. C. L. Perkins, Mr. and Mrs. Lord, Mrs. Cleveland and daughter, P. A. Falk-enburgh, Mrs. W. W. Dimond, Mr. and day for Hilo, where she will load with Mrs. George F. Myers, Dr. Haberer and sugar for New York, says the Chront-

For Kauai ports, per stmr W. G. Hall, March 9.—Mrs. L. Kahlbaum and W. H. Rice, Mrs. Dreier, Theo. Wolff, Mrs. Maeblum, Lau King, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Lindsay, E. Hutchinson C. von Hamm, A. S. Wileox, G. N. Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. Ah Gun, D. J. Laird, A. C. Pistana, Mr. Day and seven on deck.

For Hamakua, per stmr Iwalani, March 9.—C. Notley. For Kauai ports, per stmr Mikahala, March 9 .- A. H. Turner and Mr. Phil-

For San Francisco, per O. S. S. Australia, Mar. 10-Count Theo. di Kergor- sailed March 3. lay, Rev. C. B. Sumner, S. D. Sutton, Otto Vollbehr, Mrs. Lovejoy, Mrs. made fourteen round trips, between Brenig, Mark Ezeklel, Mrs. M. I. San Francisco and Nanaimo, each in thereto annexed as required by law. persons thereto entitled, and dis harg-Brown, Miss H. Sumner, Captain Dick-less than thirty days. It is said that troon, wife and child, A. R. Colburn Capt. Ryder gets a thirty dollar suit at d wife, D. U. Loose and wife, H. of clothes for every time he accom-Platt and wife, Mrs. O. Jennings, J. T. cisco. Bowers, A. T. Hartwell, H. A. Green, Contrary to all expectations the P. office of the undersigned on or before counts, and that all persons interested G. M. Knight, Miss P. Makinney, Mr. M. S. S. China came into port and Wednesday, the 14th day of April, A. may then and there appear and show

Hamilton, Harry Lee and valet, Mrs. C. Schmacker, Mrs. E. A. Powers, Mrs. Seely, J. L. Dougherty and wife, R. P. Burt, Miss M. T. Gilman, W. R. Porter, cisco. Her arrival was especially wel-H. Eccles, Jerome Hart, Donald de V. Graham, Frank Unger and Harry

For China and Japan, per P. M. S. Wednesday, March 10.

P. M. S. S. China, Saunders, 5 days
hours 28 minutes, from San Franing, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Murphy, Mrs. isco.
Stmr Waialeale, Parker, from Kauai.
Mrs. Hitchcock, Captain Dithelpsen, Simr Kaala, Moshier, from Oahu Mrs. Z. W. Walker, Mr. George R. Thorne and wife, Miss Thorne, Mr. Kaeser and Mr. Robbins.

BORN.

SEARLE.—At Hilea, Kau, Hawaii, February 15, 1897, to the wife of John C. Searle, a daughter.

DIED.

PLACE.-In Honolulu on March 11, 1897, at 2:30 p. m., Lahra Lanae and Mrs. William Place. Brooklyn, N. Y., papers please

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

United States Branch Hydrographic Office, Merchants' Exchange.

San Francisco, Cal. Captains of vessels touching at any of the ports of the Hawaiian Islands by communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco will be furnished with the Monthly Pilot Charts of the North Pacific, and with the latest information regarding the dangers of navigation in the regions which they frequent. Nautical Inquiries will be investigat-

ed and answered. Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publications of the Pilot Charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES. Lieutenant, U. S. Navy, In Charge.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Honolulu from San Diego.

The brig Wm. G. Irwin brought 46 P. M. S. S. China, Saunders, for kegs of powder for Castle & Cooke.

The U. S. S. Alert will leave for Mare Island on the arrival of the U.S.

The Mauna Loa reports plenty of water at Pahala plantation, and Naalehu just beginning to grind.

The Ke Au Hou went on the marine railway for cleaning and repairs. She is to be furnished throughout with electric lights, The British sealing schooner Agnes

Macdonald, Cutter master, came off the marine railway yesterday morning and sailed for Japan. On Jan. 24, steamer Sakura Maru

tle, reports, Jan. 24, lat. 34 N., lon. 1 4 E., saw a derelict vessel, of about 250 to 300 tons, bottom up. Something like \$215 was handed in by the captain of the May Flint at police headquarters yesterday for deten-tion of deserters, special watchmen

aboard the bark and other items. Sailed from San Francisco: Feb. 23, O. S. Newell, Miss M. Newell, Miss E. bktne Wm. G. Irwin, for Honolulu. Cash Freeholds or Right of Purchase waihau, Island of Kauai. Rev. M. C. Harris, Rev. Jas. Feb. 24, schr Albert Meyer, for Kaand colds.—George W. Humphrey." H. Smith, Geo. L. Carter, Mrs. Allan hulul. Feb. 27, brg Consuelo, for Ma-Sold by all Druggists and Dealers; Ben-Master Suydam, H. S Hilo. March 3, schr Helen N. Kimball office of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, or the for Kahului.

The American brig Wm. G. Lewin, Williams master, arrived yesterday morning, 16 days from San Francisco with a cargo of 600 tons of general merchandise, consigned to Wm. G. Irwin & Co. A pleasant trip was the ex-

Arrived at San Francisco: Feb. 25, ok Mohican, 19 days from Honolulu; schr Anna, 20 days from Mahukona, Feb. 26, brg Lurline, 22 days from Kahului. Feb. 27, bk Ceylon, 24 days given from Honolulu; bktne W. H. Dimond, lowing 55 days from Honolulu.

The Kaala brought the following report from places on the other side of this island: Mokuleia, cleaned out; Keawanni, 2,500 bags paddy; Puuiki, 380 bags sugar; Waialua, cleaned out; Kahuku, 340 bags sugar and Punaluu, cleaned out. Very heavy winds.

The American ship W. F. Babcock. R. G. Graham master, arrived in port late yesterday afternoon, 17 days from on the way down. The Babcock comes to load sugar for Wm. G. Irwin & "o. Captain Graham brought his family along with him.

The Philadelphia Engineering Company recently shipped overland to San Francisco, and thence to Japan, a steel plate smokestack 175 feet high and feet 3 inches in diameter in the clear weighing more than 80,000 pounds. The stack is to be used in a new electric light plant at Yokohama.

cle of Mar. 2 She will be the first Bri tish ship to leave this port for Hilo Captain Matson, master of the bark Annie Johnson, will go with her to pilot her in and out of the Hawaiian harbor, as well as superintend her loading.

Expected to arrive: Schr Allen A from New Whatcom, sailed Feb. 22; Klikitat, from Port Gamble sailed Feb. 24; schr William Bowden, from Newcastle, sailed Feb. 23; schr John D. Tallant, from Port Gamble, sailed Feb. 26; bk Highland Light, from Departure Bay, sailed Feb. 21; bk Diamond Head, from Port Blakely,

The ship Elwell, Capt. Ryder, has

come since it gave the business people of Honolulu a chance to answer imme- Honolulu, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said diately, communications of an important nature from abroad. First Officers Saunders is in command of the China this trip, Captain Seabury having gone East on account of the death of his father.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having been ap pointed Administratrix of the estate of Anna M. Armstrong, late of Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, hereby notifier all persons having claims against said estate to present the same within six months from the date hereof to her at her residence in Kilanea, Island of & Stanley, at their law offices situated Place, the 5-year-old daughter of Mr. on Merchant Street, in said Honolulu, they will be forever barred. And equested to make immediate payment A. Z. HADLEY,

Administratrix Estate of Anna M Armstrong. Honolulu, H. I., Feb. 6th, 1897. 1836-6m

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigend, each of Honolulu n the Island of Oahu, Republic of Hawaii, have formed a copartnership with each other, for the purpose of carrying on a Commission, Real Estate, and Insurance business at No. 10, Queen street, Honolulu, under the firm nam of HENRY WATERHOUSE & CO.

Dated Mar. 1, 1897. HENRY WATERHOUSE, ARTHUR B. WOOD, HENRY WATERHOUSE, JR. 4547-3t 1843-8t

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hawaiian Gazette Company, Limited, held this day, in the The U. S. S. Marion is en route to company's office, the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year:

W. R. Farrington......President
W. M. Pomroy......Vice President C. G. Ballentyne.....Treasurer William Savidge.....Secretary fames B. Castle ...

The above officers also constitute the Board of Directors.
WILLIAM SAVIDGE,

Honolulu, March 5, 1897. 4550-3t 1844-2w

PUBLIC LAND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 34 lots of land, from 10 to 50 acres each in area, at Kaiwiki, Hilo, Hawaii, will be open for application at the office of E. D. Baldwin, at 9 o'clock a. m., on Tuesday, March 30th, 1897, under the been appointed a member of the Road provisions of the Land Act. 1895, for Board for the Taxation District of Ka-

For further particulars apply at the Public Lands Office, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN. Agent of Public Lands. Public Lands Office, Honolulu, March loth, 1897. 1845-td

EXECUTIVE NOTICE.

The President directs that notice be given of the appointment of the fol-

BOARDS OF REGISTRATION: Island of Oahu:

Henry Davis, Chairman; Joseph M. Camara, Robert Hoapill Baker.

Hilo, Puna and Hamakua, Island of Hawaii: Erdman D. Baldwin, Chairman; Harry Rycroft, Henry J. Lyman.

Kohala, Kona and Kau, Island of Ha Henry H. Renton, Chairman; J. K.

Nahale, William P. McDougall. F. W. Hardy, Chairman; A. N. Kepoikai, Henry A. Baldwin.

Kauai and Niihau: George H. Fairchild, Chairman; Heny Peters and William H. Rice, Jr. Executive Building, March 8, 1897.

GEORGE C. POTTER. Secretary Foreign Office.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

KAA SUGAR COMPANY.

Whereas-The Paukaa Sugar Company, a Corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Hawaiian Islands, has, purand provided, duly filed at the office of the Minister of the Interior, a peti-ined and approved and that a final or-

Now Therefore—Notice is hereby as such Administratrix. alding and wife. Geo. Andrews, J. plishes the feat, and that his wardrobe been or are now interested in any day of March, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock P. Groom, Miss Goldstein, T. W. Hoby on and wife, Thos. Carter, E. A.

Well is 1357 tons, built at Damariscotta,
Huber, Eugene Bernheimer, Charles

Me., in 1875 and halls from San Franof the said petition, must be filed in the

hauled alongside the Pacific Mail wharf | D. 1897, and that any person or per- cause, if any they have, why the same at about noon yesterday, 5 days, 23 sons desiring to be heard thereon must hours and 38 minutes from San Fran-be in attendance at the office of the undersigned in the Executive Building, day to show cause why said petition should not be granted.

JAMES A. KING. Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, February 6, 1897. 1836-9tT

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC IN-STRUCTION.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

Examinations of applicants for Teachers Certificates will be held on the Islands of Hawaii, Maui and Kauai Kauai, or to her attorneys, Thurston on the 9th and 19th of April as follows:

WailukuMaui Teachers on the above named Islands who have no certificates or whose certificates have expired are expected to MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENattend these examinations.

By order of the Department of Public C. T. RODGERS, Secretary,

POUND NOTICE.

Honolulu, March 2, 1897.

In accordance with Section 1 of Chapter XXXV of the Session Laws of 1888, Lin Chong and Ah Fong, doing busi-I have this day set apart an enclosure for the impounding of Estrays at Kaupo. Maui, on the Government land of Honolulu, in Book 121, pages 80 and Kumunui, in Kaupo, on the mauka following,

side of the Government road. In accordance with Section 2 of Chapter XXXV of the Session Lews of 1888, I have this day appointed J. W. Ka- and interest when due, waakoa, Poundmaster for the above

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, March 2, 1897. 1843-3L

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Saturday, March 20th next, 12 o'clock noon, at Front Entrance of Anin and Ahuna, dated October 1st Judiciary Building, Honolulu, will be old the Lease of land known as the Ill o Kapolna in Walehu, Maui, including the Poalimas, and containing about acre for ten years, and the leasehold 15 acres, a little more or less.

Term-21 years. Upset Rental-\$75 per annum. Pay-

able annually in advance. J. F. BROWN. Agent of Public Lands. Public Lands Office, Honolulu, Feb.

JOHN W. NEAL, ESQ., has this day

The Board now consists of S. N. Hundley, Chairman; Daniel Lowell, and

John W. Neal. J. A. KING. Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, March 5, 1897.

1844-3t

G. W. NAWAAKOA, ESQ., has this day been appointed Pound Master for the Government Pound at Walanae, District of Waianae, Island of Oahu vice C. A. Newman.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, March 1, 1897. 1843-3t

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Probate. In the matter of the Estate of M. McInerny, late of Hono-

lulu. Oahu. deceased. The last will and testament of said leceased, having been presented to said Court, together with a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to Edward A. Maui, Molokai, Lanai and Kahoolawe: William H. and James D. McInerny, having been filed, notice is hereby given that Monday, April 5th, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for proving said will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted

Honolulu, March 6, 1897. By the Court, GEORGE LUCAS,

1845-3tF

IN RE DISSOLUTION OF THE PAU- IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Antonio Marcellino, deceased,

On reading and filing the petition suant to the law in such case made and accounts of the Administratrix of tion for the dissolution of the said cor- der may be made of distribution of the poration, together with a certificate property remaining in her hands to the ing her from all further responsibility

given to any and all persons who have It is ordered that Monday, the 29th of the said petition, must be filed in the place for hearing said petition and acouffice of the undersigned on or before counts, and that all persons interested

Dated at Honolulu, H. I., this 25th day of February, A. D. 1897. By the Court,

J. A. THOMPSON, 1841F-3ta

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawailan Islands, In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Warren Goodale, deceased, intes-

Petition having been filed by William W. Goodale, son of said intestate, pray-ing that Letters of Administration upon said estate be issue to said William W. Goodale, notice is hereby given that Friday, the 2d day of April, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock A. H. in the Judiciary Ruilding, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for hearing said petition when and where all persons con-

Honolulu, March 4, A. D. 1897. By the Court,

GEORGE LUCAS. Clerk.

TION TO FORECLOSE, AND OF

Notice is hereby given that by virne of a power of sale and other powers contained in a certain mortgage deed dated the 9th day of December A. D. 1889, made by Wong Tim, Wong Achaa, Young Atau, Chow Alecus, Yong Chan, Hen, Wong Ayan, Young Ahi, Wong Akau, Ah Som, Kam Hoon, Ng Akee, Akau, Lan Ahi, Chung Kum, ness under the firm name of Tong Tuck Company, to James A. Hopper. recorded in the Registry of Deeds, in

The said James A. Hopper intends to foreclose said mortgage for breach of conditions in said mortgage contained, to-wit, non-payment of both principal

Notice is likewise hereby given that efter the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed and covered by said mortgage will be advertised for sale, and will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Monday, the 5th day of April. A. D. 1897, at 12 o'clock

noon of said day. The property to be sold under said mortgage is thus described: 1. That certain lease from B. P. Bishop to Y. 1883, recorded in the Honolulu Registry of Deeds, in Liber 84, at page 165, for a term of 25 years, being 58 40-100 acres, at \$10 for 14 years, and \$20 per demised thereby; which said lease was duly assigned to the said Tong Tuck Co.

2. That certain lease from Kawallos Ranch Co. to Tong Tuck, dated March 1st, 1884, for a period of 10 years, at an annual rental of \$300 per annum, and the leasehold demised thereby 3. That certain lease from the Ka-

wailoa Ranch Co. to Tong Tuck, dated the 14th of May, 1889, for a term of ten years, at an annual rental of \$12.50 per iere for 7 45-100 acres, and the lease hold demised thereby. 4. That certain lease from the Hul Aina o Panian Kal to Lau Chow and

others, doing business under the firm name of Tong Tuck Co., for a period of eight years from December 1st, 1890, and the leasehold demised thereby. Rent about \$390 per annum And also all buildings, structure

rice floors, store-houses, animals of all descriptions, plows, harrows, harnesses tools and implements of all kinds, and crops and other property now upon. about or connected with the said lease-

holds or any of them. JAMES A. HOPPER. Mortgagee Terms cash. Deed at the expense of he purchaser. For further particulars apply to Kinney & Ballou, Honolulu, Attorneys for the Mortgagee

Dated Honolulu, March 5, A. D. 1897,

1845F-4ta MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage dated the 31st day Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In of March, 1883, made by Jos. Paa of Kohala, Island of Hawaii, H. I., to John L. Blaisdell, Jr., of the same place, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 77, pages 496 and 497, and assigend by the said John L. Blaisdell, Jr., to William C. Achi, by assignment recorded in said office in Liber 77, page 496, and by the said William C. Achi duly assigned to C. Afong by assignment recorded in said office in Liber 117, pages 211, 212, the said C. Afong, mortgagee, intends to foreclose said mortgage for a breach of the conditions in said mortgage contained, to wit: the non-payment of the principal and interest when due. Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments in said mortgage contained, and described will be sold at public auction at the auction room of W. S. Luce, on Queen street in said Honolulu, on Monday, March 15th. 1897, at 12 o'clock noon.

> The property covered by said mortgage is thus described:
> All those premises lying, situate and being in Kohala, more particularly described in deed of Pulehu to said mortgagor, dated 26th Feb., 1877, and recorded in Liber 48 on folios 474 and 475, which is a portion of the land of Uwaia, described in Royal Patent 10,908, containing an area of ten (10)

described in R. P. 780 to Apiki, et al. which said undivided 25 acres were conveyed to said mortgagor by deed of Pepe, son of said Apiki dated 7th Nov., 1882, and recorded in Liber 76, page

Terms Cash, U. S. Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of purchaser. C. AFONG, Assignee of Mortgage. Dated Honolulu, Feb. 13, 1897. For further particulars, apply to
J. A. MAGOON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage.
1839-4tF

SOME OF HONOLULU'S INDUSTRIES

Different Lines Manufactured in Honolula Where Raw Material looks to lightness and strength in his try.

It has business connections in the Must be Imported.

POSSIBILITY OF CREAT EXTENSION WITHIN NEXT FEW YEARS

One Industry That Has Died With Growth of Plantations and Building of Wharves.

Cooperage a Lost Art-Carriages Built Here Equal to Coast-How Several Industries Have Grown - Statistics as to Hawaiian Weather and Review of Government Reports.

ed a manufacturing town in the sense 15th of this month, so you see, work has commenced over there. that the term is used in other countries "Why do we call it Taroena? considerable work is turned out in the ed and receive the protection necessary Hackfeld. The works of the company year. A number of firms engaged in to warrant the large outlay of money various lines declined, in true Hono-various lines declined, in true Hono-profit on the article for the next three ft. at the corner of Alakea and Halefulu style, to furnish any data con- years in advertising, believing that the kauila streets, to which has also been nected with their business and for that by the aid of printers' ink, Taroena will reason their names do not appear here, become as much a household word as ing. Steam power is used entirely But even without them the showing is any of the other foods. Taroena, you there being two 150 horse power tubular boilers and one 350 horse power not a bad one for a locality to which son that in the manufacture the starch Hine safety boiler. There are three nearly every article in the raw state is largely changed into dextrine, ren-dering it a partially digested food—the respectively, and four dynamos supply must be imported.

Most of the lines mentioned are already covered but with the constantly HAWAIIAN CARRIAGE MFG, CO. town. The management of the comincreasing population, they must be enlarged. New lines are being taken Manager Dillingham Supplies has held the position since Sept. 1, 1894. up all the time and it will be only a few years when everything in the man- The oldest, carriage and wagon facufacturing business will be represent- tory in the Republic is the Hawaiian ed. During the past month two bicy- Queen, Edinburgh and Halekaulla cles have been built in Honolulu, one streets. Through the products of these by Mr. Wooten, the other by Mr. Pear- shops, Honolulu has long held honorson of the Hawaiian Cyclery. This is able mention wherever good carriage but a forerunner of the future.

TAROENA.

company are located at Wailuku, Maui. ple not acquainted with the trade have no idea of the labor and expense re-Islands taro in its natural state is the Hawaii's seaports. food and the excellent health of the Hawaiians is attributed in a proverbial for their excellence of workdegree to its general use. The idea of manship, and are invariably preferred making it into flour was conceived by judges to the imported some years ago, and it has been used by unscrupulous manufacturers. When as an infant's food with pronounced the American carriage dealer says: success since then.

fact that Taroena is easily assimilated and nothing but the best and safest will and digested makes it invaluable in the win her acceptance. sick room, and this fact has influenced ing Company are now running at their ing Company are now running at their the company to increase the capacity fullest capacity, employing 25 men, and and make Taroena a medicinal food

the orders received here, and sees as smithing, such as ship work, truss rods well to the prompt shipment. In the and tie rods for builders, car work, United States the main office will be etc., is done here. in St. Joseph, Mich. This is a town about 60 miles from Chicago. It is an the woodworking department there are four men engaged in body there are four men engaged in body help is very reasonable. The company has secured a large two story, brick the carriage body with mechanical ers. The flour will be shipped there in selection of the ash, hickory and white-

of taroena, he said yesterday:

ing up the merits of taroena.

he left he took two dozen packages.

ing out about it and commencing to use nish is applied. order from the Government of Fiji by varnishing for no one. Work that is now situated.

While Honolulu may not be consider- |commenced sampling physicians on the

Much Local Trade. Carriage Manufacturing Company, on the raw material used in this industry the wood, the painf, the leather and is divided into 15 rooms The New Food for Infants and all the little incidentals of manufact emperature varying from 10 degr ture coming across the sea and involv-An industry which has taken on new ing more or less custom duties, freight life during the past year is the manu- charges, etc. Carriage work carried on facture of Taroena, or what has been 2,100 miles from the base of supplies known as taro flour. The works of the necessarily has its difficulties, and peoand the demand for the article has quired to turn out a fashionable surgrown until many physicians look upon rey or phaeton in Honolulu. No other taro as an invaluable food, especially class of industry in the Islands feels fittings and is prepared to install electare as an invaluable food, especially suited to dyspeptics. In the Hawalian suited to dyspeptics. In the Hawalian Francisco's magnificent distance from fittings for house lighting.

whose character has been sadly soiled "Anything is good enough for the Lately the company has increased its Sandwich Islands," he should go to a

About 10 tons have been shipped to the States during the past six months.

The headquarters of the company is in Honolulu, and T. W. Hobron is the general manager. He attends to all smithing such as ship work truss rods have some substantial orders ahead.

In the woodworking department

excellent shipping point, and rent and and wheel making and general jobbing. Here the nice details of constructing building, which will be the headquart- precision are attended to. An expert bulk and put up into packages and wood, which make up the basic parts for shipment. The office will be of a vehicle, often means the real in charge of Mr. W. F. Sesser, who is strength and durability of the fabric. a man of considerable advertising ex- Thoroughly seasoned, clear stuff is perience, push and enterprise. He has used exclusively in these shops. In been here twice, and his knowledge of the machinery department, which is the Islands and people will enable him equipped with all modern woodworkto have a fine line of argument in talk- ing devices, the lumber is cut and planed to sizes before its final fitting Mr. Hobron is enthusiastic over the to the carriage, wagon or truck frame. prospects. In speaking of the merits A powerful electric motor furnishes the taroena, he said yesterday:

Quite a number have used it for inthe ornamental effects, wrought in fants. I have endorsements from two leather and cloth, give the lighter mothers who were well pleased with graces to the carriage, there is the it. One of these mothers found it was same activity that prevails elsewhere the only food that her baby could take, about the establishment. Every cus-It is a splendid food for dyspepties. tomer is privileged to choose the maist who came to Honolulu for his terial for his trimmings from an exhealth. He heard of Taroena and used tensive assortment of American leathit while here, and in a few days gained ers and European cloths, which have two pounds. He was a dyspeptic. When been purchased at places of manufac- he engaged the old bone mill at Kalihi brunt of prejudice and commercial disture. The paint shop and varnish room

HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC CO.

Since 1893.

The Hawaiian Electric Company was

the pioneer electric lighting and supply company of the Hawaiian Islands, to be organized by private citizens. The enterprise was first started by E. January, 1893, with a capital stock of tribute toward the expense of mainbeen raised to \$250,000. The present officers of the company are President, W. G. Irwin; Vice-President, J. A. Hopper; Treasurer, Godfrey Brown; Secre-Hackfeld. The works of the company occupy a brick building 100 ft. by 100 attached the large cold storage buildmain item of consideration in infants' electricity for the system of 6,000 incandescent and arc lights and motors used in different business houses about pany's works is in the hands of Theo. Hoffman, a practical electrician who W. F. Warriner is first superintendent. In the spring of 1896 an ice manufacwork is appreciated. It is hardly neces- ice is condensed, reboiled twice and drew renewed attention to the possible of the plant is 10 tons, but this has, on is produced in this country-the iron, 14 tons. The cold - storage plant returns. to 42 deg. Far. Meat markets, grocers, ing is two stories with all the latest fittings as electric elevators, electric lights through all the rooms, overhead tracks in the large meat rooms, etc. In the electrical department the company keeps a large stock of electrical

Successful Enterprise Managed by A. Frank Cooke.

The Hawaiian Fertilizing Company was organized by the present proprieworks on the Islands, the grounds and company is in its present prosperous condition. When he conceived the plan

artistic striping and decorating done condition and output is evidence of the ket-the United States. wide range of occupation. It caters to bones gathered here, the company was the past 18 months, and a movement to industry of Hawaii. the drayman, who requires work that the arst among the largest importers that end is now well under way that will wear; to the retail merchant, who of nitrates and phosphates in the coun-

who wants everything trim and tight; United States, Europe and South Amerto the sport, who is a fancier of style ica, who supply the home factory with and paint; to the father of the family, the highest grade fertilizers for comwho endeavors to please his wife in pounding purposes. From the United the nice matching of trimmings, and to States and Germany sulphate of Amthe hackman, who wants everything monia, double super-phosphates and pothat everybody else gets. It is hard to tash is secured, while the nitrates used gratify all tastes in an isolated com- are from the famous banks in Chili. munity like this, yet the Hawaiian Of the double super-phosphates, they Carriage Manfacturing Co. claim they carry phosphoric acid to the extent of thirty-five or forty per cent., soluble in duty under treaty stipulations, while water, and are the highest grades im- arbitrary legislation by a tariff-tinkerperted to this country. The wonderful Natural Plant Food,

product of Florida, U. S. A., is also Growth of Lighting Manufacture imported by the company in large States. Away with such sham reciquantities and treated with chemicals, procity. so that excellent results are obtained. These fertilizers, and they have no superior anywhere, are sold by the Haing to 25 per cent. less than that of a fairly paying investment under the other manufacturers. This is made possible by Mr. Cooke from the fact that O. Hall & Sons, being incorporated in the consumer is not called upon to con-\$20,000. The capital stock has since taining high salaried employes. The company owns in fee simple everything in connection with the works. and careful buying, without having to pay agents' commissions, is a leading factor in obtaining this result. Since the establishment of the Ex-

periment Station, analysis of soil is made and the strength and character of fertilizers required for districts throughout the Islands is obtainable

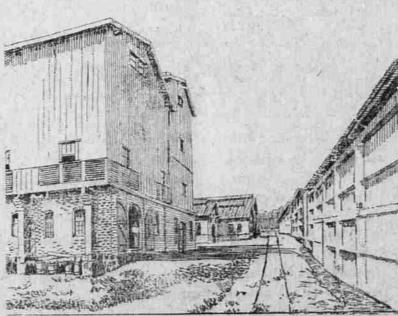
PINEAPPLE INDUSTRY.

Island Agricultural Product Second

to None. The pines ples can be successfully grown on these islands at any elevation up to 1,200 feet where soil and irregation requirements are met. In some sections, notably the district of Kona on Hawaii and the region about Ulupalakua on Maui, the black Spanish variety grows wild. In the early fifties' the fruit seems to have been quite exturing plant was added, also a cold tensively grown and figured for a time storage building with a capacity of as an article of export. The industry 100,000 cubic feet. The ice plant manu- lapsed, however, after a time and for factures all the ice used in the city of thirty years, the local demand was a Frick compound Corliss type of 100 chiefly met by the wild growing fruit horse power, run with compound con- above mentioned. In 1883, the impordensers. The water before made into tation of a number of new varieties sary to state that not a single item of filtered five times. The daily capacity littles of the industry and it was launchseveral occasions, been increased to ed on its second career in custom house

Some of the ploneers in this revival pay in Hawaii. movement were practical agriculturhave already taken up nearly all the chiefly due the present high standard can be done at any season, if the plants many years' ago, and was conducted ists-and to the efforts of these is available space of the plant. The build- of cultivation, size and quality of procayenne is the variety now almost ex- times longer, to bear fruit. clusively grown. The industry has 1884 to a total of 5,000 crates during the ples. Land plowed deep and thorough- attention to the manufacturing departimposed in 1894 on the importation of the plants right, and frequent cultivathe fresh fruit into the United States tion, together with judicious watering gave the industry a permanent set will yield good returns. Many growers back—at the same time, the increase of lare resorting to leftlize largest growers—the Hawaiian Fruit practice is so meager as to leave ning plant in 1895, the output for that recent low returns on sales. year being 500 cases-during '96 their output was 2,500 cases of pineapples tor and manager, A. Frank Cooke, in put up in a variety of ways and placed capital stock with a view to increasing the sale of the article in the United the sale of the article in the United comfort of her phaeton or surrey as States and the British Colonies. The she is about the quality of an oratorio, two thousad tons of stable manure ap- been made in times past, it has renually, to one of the largest fertilizing mained for this company to make the first extended venture in this line. Equipped with the most modern applibuildings covering nearly five acres of ances for can-making and fruit preland at Iwilel. It is solely through the serving, this concern has, during the energy displayed by Mr. Cooke that the past two seasons demonstrated the feasability of successfully preserving the pineapple.

As pioneers in this branch of the of supplying plantations with fertilizers industry they have had to bear the



STORAGE HOUSE-PACIFIC FERTILIZER WORKS.

Kai, formerly owned by G. J. Waller, trust of "new brands," but starting out He didn't like to be without it. The local physicians have great confidence in this food and recommend it very the subject of their work, here undergoes a thorough preparation of sand- rare managerial ability the business States in their product, with the result We have not been prepared until a papering and priming before color is soon outgrew the accommodations and that in all-probability they will place few days ago to sell Taroena in the new applied, and often several coats of var- facilities to supply the demand made the coming season's pack on the marform, but there is quite a demand for hish are laid on the color and then upon it. Land was leased at Iwilei and ket under much more favorable condiit right in this city. People are find- rubbed down before the finishing var- the company, yielding to the pressure tions than heretofore. This simply brought by a growing clientelle, the means success in the method of can-introduction of modern machinery on It is cheaper than the much-ad- Painting means long, wearisome days lines were extended until Mr. Cooke ning, to become commercially successvertised foods, and its results are more to the customer, but this shop has a found it advisable to the purchase the ful—i. e., profitable—the industry reuniform and reliable. We received an reputation of hurrying its painting and valuable tract where the works are
quires three essentials: 1, co-operation
the trade. Cooperage in Honolulu is a iness. Thus the appliances of the deuniform and reliable. We received an reputation of hurrying its painting and valuable tract where the works are quires three essentials: 1, co-operation the trade. Cooperage in Honolulu is a

on the part of the growers; 2, reduced lost art; the demand for kegs or bar-

they furnish striking examples of the erers, all over the islands. Its present fresh canned fruit into our natural mar-cerned, is jute bags, and with a present This concern has no specialty in its suming yearly hundreds of tons of and agitated at different times during of jute bags may one day become an

promises successful organization among the growers for the future. This accomplished, may assist in bringing about the abatement of the second barrier, but the third can only be effected by either closer political union or an abatement of the duty. Such a duty and such a treaty as we now have are dramatically spectacular to the man who has his money tied up in the fruit industry, so said one of them yesterday. Reciprocity it is with a vengeance

the condition of this industry it is man- of koa, and is a model of elegance. ifest that no one in the business can very low on our exports—hence, while uphoistering and repairing of furni-susceptible of considerable develop- ture. Besides these departments, they

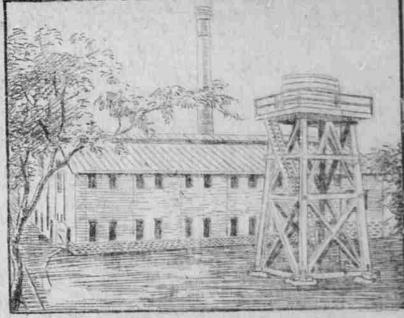
en mooted seems possible that the manufacture

HOPP & CO.

Special Furniture Manufactured from Native Woods.

Notwithstanding the fact that there are few hard woods indigenous to Hawall and that oak, walnut, cherry and other varieties suited to the purposs must be imported, furniture is made when thousands of cases of canned here to a considerable extent. Hopp & goods are allowed to land here free of Co., at the corner of King and Bethel streets, have been very successful in ing Congress forces goods of like kind manufacturing all kinds of furniture put up in this country to pay a duty of from special designs, and they point from 20 to 35 per cent into the United with pride to one dining-room set, made for a gentleman on Kauai at a From all that can be gleaned as to cost of \$1,800. This was made entirely

The lumber dealers in Honolulu have most favorable conditions that could be & Co. draw for their supplies, and created here. There is a large and while furniture manufactured to order growing market for first class fruit in by this firm may be more expensive the United, but it is too far east of than factory goods, imported from the the Rocky Mountains to be profitably States, it is manifestly superior in reached from here. On the West Coast quality. This establishment has a numwe have an ever increasing fruit-grow- ber of cabinet-makers in their employ, ing era to contend with to the end and include in the list two "French that-in season prices will always rule polishers." A large business is done in



VIEW OF FACTORY-PACIFIC FERTILIZER WORKS.

One of the most successful growers ity states that in this country planting Hopp & Co. established business are of suitable size. Well developed for a long time by Mr. Hopp. But with duct, and excellence of method adopted 15 months from planting. Smaller slips to cast aside the cares of active busiin packing for export. The smooth take from 18 to 21 months and some-

Heavy soil should be avoided in se- to manage the business. Mr. Marshall steadily grown from a few crates in lecting a location for planting pineap- is a practical man, and pays particular year, just closed-although the duty by pulverized is necessary to starting ment. output coupled with low prices realized pose of increasing the yield per acre. Home Supply for Needs of the during that year compelled one of the The data at hand relative to this latter and Packing Co., Ltd. to install a can-doubt about its desirability with the

J. H. BRUNS, COOPER.

Changes Which Have, Killed a Once Flourishing! Industry.

Prior to 1854 an industry which ranked high in Honolulu was that of the manufacture of kegs for containing sugar shipped abroad. Jute bags had not been introduced in Hawaii, and wharves near plantations were a rarity. Small boats from schooners were run on the beach, and the product of the gar culture of the past twenty-five plantations, packed in water-tight years. Plantations required machinery, kegs, were loaded into them. The dan- and this machinery needed repairs beger of damage by the surf breaking times. To send to the Coast for such over the boats necessitated the use of work would have taken a deal of money kegs. But when the plantation owners and, what is even more precious in the practicable, and kegs were abandoned, and the cooperage industry lapsed.

Bruns, who came here in 1851, conducted a large cooperage business, employ- in the sugar industry. ing 50 men. He bought all of his lumwas anable to carry on his trade owmaterial being exhausted. On one oc-casion he had orders for 90,000 kegs, but could not fill it on account of there 1854, and he went to Libue plantation. In 1862 the business revived through old repaired in event of accident the whaling fleet making this their. With the enlargement of the s Mr. Bruns went to California, returning a few years later and establishing himself with James Lewis, at Bethel and King, whom he afterward bought out. In 1876 the business again promaking this their headquarters, but when they stopped coming here the street to premises occupying nearly cooperage business was reduced to half of one of the largest blocks in the comparatively nothing, the business be- city. ing confined to the manufacture of containers for molasses, which Mr. Bruns purchased from the plantations shipped to the United States. With the plantations the supply and quality of the steamer of the 25th inst. for eight dozen, to be shipped on the next ship of the Canadian line. Our Eastern man of the Canadian line. Our Eastern man lately been painted in this shop, and engaged by the company as bone gath-

ment and extension, it will always re- have two large floors containing im quire constant and close personal ap- ported furniture from the best-known plication to make pineapple culture makers in the United States. They are of the latest designs and superior qual-

> ness life, he took his son-in-law, R. M Marshall, into partnership, and left him

HONOLULU IRON WORKS.

Plantations.

What is now known as the Honolulu Iron Works had its origin in the early days of this city. Before many of the oldest business houses of Honolulu were started, this establishment was in full operation.

In 1869 Mr. Alexander Young took charge, and remained the manager to the first months of 1896, when he retired, leaving the enterprise at the zenith of its magnitude and impor-

The Honoluly Iron Works made possible much of the advancement in suor the Government decided to build busy season—time. In such crises the wharves the use of bags was found Honolulu Iron Works appeared at the fore as the remedy. From a small beginning, additions to machinery and During the prosperous times J. H. room were made to meet requirements.

About 1876, there was a great boom were started right and left. "Mill. maber from local dealers, but at times he chinery" was the cry all over the land Then it was, as never before, that the ing to the supply of the proper kind of Honolulu Iron Works , too, proved itself the one institution of inestimable value to the country. Then it was that from Nilhau to Hawali, all the planters being no material. The manufacture of looked upon it as their strong arm in kegs was abandoned by Mr. Bruns in time of need—the one place where new machinery could be turned out, or the

With the enlargement of the sugar headquarters. Mr. Bruns had his es-tablishment with Lewers & Dixon, and industry came the constantly increasemployed a large force of men. The modern machinery, With this requirewhaling fleet was lost afterward, and ment the Iron Works increased its premises and improved its facilities. Better and more powerful applicawere introduced and the most skilled mechanics to be found were employed. Department after department was adgressed through the whalers again ded, until soon the works had expanded from a small building on Queen

> Mr. Young was enterprising-aggressive in business. The Company had utmost confidence in the manager's judgment, and invariably gave the fullest support to his suggestions for the improvement of the works and partments have multiplied and been

ager of the Works. His resignation ing the purifying apparatus, does not was received with great reluctance by come in contact with any metals but the Company. After considerable per- pure block tin. suasion he consented to serve in the | The machinery used in carbonating capacity of consulting engineer. The the water is a combination of the "Con-Company was exceedingly fortunate in tinuous" and "Intermittant" systems, having at hand at this juncture a man which experience has demonstrated to thoroughly capable and available for the best for this climate. The sugar used in the syr Young.

appears today, through the endeavors of its two successive managers, meets flavors is the pure concentrated juice to the town and country. Anything from repairing a roung pin to turning out a complete milling outfit, or equip-

the busy summer and autumn season, roller mills, boilers, triple effects, vacoum pans, water piping, molasses tanks and innumerable parts of machinery were being manufactured, while the great repair shops were in full blast. Most of the time as many as 275 men were employed. The services of every available mechanic in the city were secured and a number of skilled artisans were brought down men and keep five delivery wagons in from San Francisco for special work in the shops. Machinery was in motion all day and, most of the time, well HAWAHAN CYCLE & MFG. CO.

A trip through the works is a rare treat, and affords the only definite means of gaining an idea of the magnitude of the business there carried on. Fronting on Queen street is a large two-story building, which will special attention at present is that of be recognized as the front entrance the Hawaiian Cycle and Manufacturing to the Works. Down-stairs is the general business office where all contracts are ratified and the business of the Works is carried on. There manager Hedemann has a desk. Up-stairs is the draughting room, where all the plans for contracts are drawn. This de-partment has the appearance of the main room of an architectural firm in

into the night.

Parellel with the building just de-scribed, but running back half through the block, is another, a brick structure, in which are located the most important shops of the Works. In it is the foundry, where the greatest machinery is manufactured and handled with the smallest amount of muscular force. Here from 30 to 40 tons of iron casting is turned out every week. Next to it, though adjoining the same department, is the blacksmith shop, where anything from small bolt to an immense mill shaft is constructed.

There are three machine shops, all equipped with the most modern appliances. Back of them is the smith's de-partment, another large building. Off in the lower yard is the boiler shops, a most important adjunct of the works. Out of it have come the largest boilers in the country today. Plantation mills have been equipped and a majority of the boilers used by the island steamers have been supplied from this shop. With Mr. Hedemann, the manager

over all, no man has done more for the success of the enterprise in the past year than Mr. James A. Kennedy, That gentleman has conducted negotiations, had charge of the principal contracts and carried out the business part of

each one of them. fully figured out. Other important functionaries are: Cushingham, fore- wheel. The wheel is guaranteed for functionaries are: Lycett fore- one year. Mr. Pearson states that it man machine shop; James Lycett, fore man boiler maker; Thomas Smith, foreman moulder; H. C. Reid, foreman pattern maker; Chas. Crozier, foreman blacksmith.

Coming back to the works again, it may be added that, on account of the unprecedented increase of business during the past year, it has been found necessary to build a new and larger machine shop. In it, besides the routine of heavy machinery, there will be a crane capable of lifting 40 feet in the clear. This will handle with ease the largest and heaviest piece of machinery in the Islands.

The future of the works is established. It fills a most important mission, and does it in the most satisfactory manner. The most courteous least do enough in this particular line treatment is accorded all who have business with the establishment. Employing, as is done, the most skilled mechanics to be procured, the work of While they are essentially dealers in the shops has been eminently satis- furniture they also make to order such factory in every respect.

SODA WATER

Co., Ltd.

of the country would be far from com- brought from the Coast. The firm will plete without a description of the es. also manufacture frames to order when tablishment that provides the necessary aerated beverages for a thirsty community.

ter & Hyland it has now been in con- with high-class furniture, imported stant operation for 34 years, and to from the United States. The arrangeestimate the output in that period of an attractive display. time would be an impossibility.

Other establishments have been started only to be eventually absorbed in what is now the "Consolidated Soda Water Works Co., Ltd.," representing as it does the Soda Water Works of John A. Palmer & Co., Crystal Soda Works, Tahiti Lemonade Works and Hollister & Co., the successors of the original founders.

works enables them to manufacture at one time occupied as the National high grade goods on an economical Iron Works. basis, thereby supplying their patrons at prices lower than the same quality are sold for in the United States.

throughout a long business career, and number of years. that is, an absolute purity of the make repairs for all kinds of sugar beverages sent out. To this end an machinery or steam engines. The firm elaborate filtration plant, furnishing is not looked upon as a competitor of absolutely pure water, is in constant the Honolulu Iron works but it is

while removing the ordinary mechani- they began business four months ago cal impurities, recent experiments car-ried on in Providence, R. I. and other ployed. They have an extensive eastern cities, have shown that the iron and brass moulding department method in use in this factory success- in their establishment, employing fully removes all the forms of bacteria throughout only Hawaiian and white and organic life. The water, after pass- labor.

the office of manager. Mr. C. Hedemann The sugar used in the syrups is a specially refined article, free from color and other "whiteners." Over 400 lbs. The Iron Works, as the institution a day of this one item is consumed. The only acid employed in the syrup

all requirements and is a great credit of the lemon imported from Europe. Some idea of the business may be gained from learning of the enormous importation of bottles required to make ping a steamer with machinery, is un- good the loss by breakage and caredertaken and successfully carried out lessness of patrons. During 1896 over with neatness and dispatch. During 4824 dozen or 57,888 bottles were imported, a recent shipment bringing 24,-192 at one time.

The system of washing the bottles, apparently a trivial matter, receives in this factory as much attention as any other detail.

When the bottles are ready to be filled they are as clean as brushing and washing can make them. The works employ a force of sixteen

Bicycles Made to Order in Hono-

A show window that is attracting hibited the new bicycle, "Hawaii," built by that firm.

This wheel marks the advent of a new industry, as it is the first one ever put up in Hawaii.

Following the example of nearly all American manufacturers, the Hawaiian builders have contracted for the various parts of their wheel from specialty manufacturers only, believing that a factory devoting its entire attention to the making of but one part can turn out a much more perfect article than where their intelligence is diverted into many different channels No part of the wheel is manufactured

The wheel on exhibition is built on graceful lines, and has a substantial and pleasing appearnce. It will make a handsome roadster. Only one has been turned out thus far, but others are being built.

The wide range of territory covered by the local firm in selecting the com-ponent parts of the wheel, testifies to the care and trouble they have exerised to secure the best of everything Mr. Pearson, the manager, kindly fur-nished the Advertiser the following list, showing from what source the parts have come: Rims, from Indiana; spekes, from Massachusetts; hubs and crank hangers, Illinois; saddles, New York and New Jersey; balls, Connecticut; cranks and pedals, Illinois; han dles and chains, Indiana; tires, Illinois Ohio and Connecticut; small fittings from Ohio.

The company states it to be their Another important factor in the works is Mr. R. C. Monteagle, head of the draughting department. By him all plans of contracts taken by the concern are prepared, and every detail is carefully figured out. Other important fully figured out. Other important fully figured out. Other important form. intention to put on the market a biccsts \$20 more to put up the wheel than to purchase a high-grade machine outright. He recites this, as showing the confidence the firm has in the material they are using. Owing to the time required in getting the parts from the various manufacturers, a large out put of wheels will not be attempted before March.

ORDWAY & PORTER.

Upholstering Department Gives a Place in Manufacturers.

If Ordway & Porter are not extensive manufacturers of furniture, they at of work to entitle them to a position among the manufacturers of Honolulu. pleces as may be desired by their customers. They have engaged during the year a large force of men, whose work is in the upholstery department, where Consolidated Soda Water Works they manufacture a large number of mattresses. They also make a spec ialty of upholstering chairs and A review of the business enterprises couches, the frames for which are desired.

The store of Ordway & Porter in the new Waverley block is one of the handsomest in the city. Two large Founded in 1863 by Messrs. Hollis- show rooms are at all times well filled ment of the goods is such as to make

CATTON, NEILL & CO.

Capable Machinists and Iron Founders.

An enterprise that is making rapid strides is that conducted by the above The consolidation of interests and firm on Queen street, in the premises

The members of the firm are well known machinists and iron founders One idea has been adhered to having lived on the islands for a branching out steadily and constantly The advantage of this is evident, for, adding machinery to the works. Since

HAWAII'S FINANCES.

Statement From Minister Damon's Report for Year 1896.

The report of S. M. Damon, Minister of Finance, demonstrates that the year 1896, was the most prosperous in the history of the Hawaiian Islands. Following is the current account balance sheet for the year 1896:

Cash on hand Dec. 31, 1895

\$ 22,496.30

RECEIPTS. Customs Revenue \$ 656,895.82 (Expenses, \$66,912.16)

Postal Revenue (Expenses, \$62,495.41) Internal Revenue 1,240,937.12

EXPENDITURES.

General Expenses \$ 1,651,631.33 Interest on all Loans..... 236,459.59 Matured Bonds Paid 16,100.00 \$ 1,904,190.92 Cash on hand Dec. 31, 1896. 93,627.26

\$ 1,997,818.18 * \$ 1,997,818.18

The comparative statement showing the increase and decrease in expenditures and receipts for the years 1895 and 1896, gives an increase in receipts for 1896 of \$235,256.69 and decrease in expenditures of \$104.923.27. One of the principal sources of revenue is the Customs Bureau which for the year 1896, shows a total net increase in receipts of \$109,-

Of the \$7,164,561.40 worth of imports for 1896, \$5,464,-208.20, or 76.27 was from the United States. From other countries the imports were: Great Britain, 10.54 per cent.; China, 4.17 per cent.; Japan, 3.86 per cent.; Germany, 2.06 per cent.; Australia and New Zealand, 1.58 per cent.; and the balance of less than 1 per cent. from other countries.

Of the \$15,515,230.13 worth of exports for 1896, \$15,-460,098.15, or 99.64 per cent. went to the United States.

The total exports and imports amounted to \$22,679,719.53, or \$8,491,635.84 more than in 1895, and \$2,574,760.92 more than the best previous year. Of the total export and import trade \$20,924,306.35 or 92.26 per cent. was with the United States, 3.33 per cent. with England, and the remaining 4 per cent, with about a dozen countries.

American vessels carried 82.53 per cent. of the exports and imports, British vessels 7.93 per cent., Hawaiian vessels 5.26 per cent., German vessels 2.98 per cent., and other nationalities 1.30 per cent. A large proportion of the tonnage registered under British and other nationalities was chartered by American firms or steamship companies.

The following table shows briefly the number, tonnage and nationality of the vessels entered and cleared at all the Customs districts in the Republic:

NATIONALTY	No	ENTERE Tonnage	D Per cent	No	CLEARE Tonnage	Per cent	
American	247	243,983	51.04	243	238,213	51.21	
British	88	175,120			173,678		
Hawaiian					27,061		
German	8	9,705			5,292		
Japanese	9	16,735	3.50			100000	
All Others	8	7,405	1.56	1000		P.C.S.	
Total	386	477,997	100.	373	465,198	100.	

The Postal Bureau shows a revenue for the past year of \$77,488.94; an increase of \$16,770.10. The expense of conducting this Bureau has been \$62,495.41.

The total number of letters and prints received in 1896, was 692,979; and the total dispatched was 407,667. There were 32,809 money orders issued and 27,893 paid.

Referring to the proposed relations with the United States, Minister Damon treats with the questions of whether or not the United States can afford to assume the national debt of \$4,000,000, on which interest was paid in 1896 to the amount of \$236,459.59. He takes the two bureaus which would be taken over by the general government, the Customs Bureau and the Postal Bureau, and deducting the duties now paid on American goods not exempt from duty, and the running expenses of both bureaus from the receipts, he finds a net income of \$429,935.87. Deducting the amount of interest paid on the National debt in 1896, from this net income he finds a surplus of \$193,476.28.

As a result of so much time being spent by the Legislature in the last session on the subject of taxation the total amount of collections for the year past amounted to \$706,541.70, showing an increase of \$113,849.78 over the previous year.

The total revenue received from the Commissioners of Public Lands amounted to \$96,549.47, an increase of \$42,483.13 over the previous year.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

Captain Hackfeld was, prior to that captain Hackfeld was, prior to that time, master of a sailing vessel and which the house of Hackfeld & Co. has

launched in the old storehouse next plantations.

A short time ago complete machineto the establishment of J. T. Water-ry for preparing the coffee for market house on Queen street. Four years arrived and will be placed next week. later Mr. Pflueger was taken in as a partner. Business improved rapidly and a move was soon made to the house now occupied by Waterhouse's of Fort and Queen streets, Honolulu. crockery store. In the meantime extensive shipping interests were built up and a branch office was established in Germany. Mr. Hackfeld bought several vessels in the following few years, and thus imported his goods in his own ships his own ships

Glade, H. W. Schmidt and others officiated as managers at different times a great up to 1881. During this period Mr. Pflueger made several trips to Germany and finally died there on October 5, 1883. Mr. Hackfeld died October 20, 1887, aged 71.

In 1881, Messrs. H. Hackfeld, J. C. Pflueger and J. C. Glade became silent partners. At the same time Paul Isen-Hackfeld, the latter a nephew of the original head of the house, entered the ing interests of the islands form a firm as active partners. About the prominent part. Honolulu has several among them Waianae, were established with their financial aid. In 1889, Mr. Schmidt retired, and in 1894, Mr. H. F. Glade left the business and returned to Germany.

In 1890, Messrs. Hackfeld & Co. became identified with the Laysan Isiand guano enterprise. This island is kea to Richards street below Queen practically covered over with a rich fertilizer. The firm secured a lease of the property and then sent vessels down to bring the guano to Honolulu. A station was established and a number of men were sent to the island to get the fertilizer in shape for shipment. For a while the fertilizer was handled in its crude state, but it was soon seen that it must be chemically prepared for the soil and efforts in that direction were begun. The services of Dr. Averdam, an experienced chemist, were secured and he directed many of the plans which have since been carried into effect. While preparing fertilizers for market, as best because of the force of machinery to be found in any establishment of this character. The firm employs about thirty skilled carpenters and men accustomed to handling wood working machinery. In addition to a large contracting business in the construction of buildings the firm executes orders for mill work on lumber and ships many thousand feet to points on the other islands. The machinery is necessally in the latest improved machinery to be found in any establishment of this character. The firm employs about thirty skilled carpenters and men accustomed to handling wood working machinery. In addition to a large contracting business in the construction of buildings the firm executes orders for mill work on lumber and ships many thousand feet to points on the other islands. The machinery to be found in any establishment of this character. The firm employs about thirty skilled carpenters and men accustomed to handling wood working machinery. In addition to a large contracting business in the construction of buildings the firm executes orders for mill work on lumber and ships many thousand feet to points on the other islands. The machinery to be found in any establishment of this character. The firm employs about thirty skilled carpenters and men accustomed to handling wood working machinery. In addition to a large contracting business in the construction of buildings the firm executes orders for mill w practically covered over with a rich and contains all the latest improved paring fertilizers for market, as best to use as an office and draughting to use as an office and draughting rooms. ities, he planned the great works at Kalihi, which promise to furnish ere long all the manufactured fertilizers country.

and Fertilizer Co., having as its ob- for carpenters or builders. His en-ject the manufacture and sale of gines are never idle and his employes standard fertilizers. A site for the are always busy. works of the company was selected in a tract of level land at Kalihi, bounded by the Oahu railway on one side and the Government road on the other. The plot was covered with kiawe trees, some lantana and rocks, and seemed at first a trifle uninviting for the enterprise. Ground was broken in March, 1894. Large gangs of men were out to work, and soon the place was cleared and railway sidings where laid to on Queen Street, nearly opposite Kathe spot where the new buildings were ahumanu, and directly fronting the to be erected.

was the three-story structure to ac- Queen Street and the other on the commodate the big acid vats. Next water front. A notable fact about came the manufactory, in which the crude stuff is carried through what jammed to the doors with merchanseems an endless chain of machinery, dise, and there is at all times the addition of chemical properties. By the side of this was built the engine house, walls. containing two of the largest boilers in the country. Across the track, in front, two immense warehouses were erected, and another has recently been thew Watson McChesney, father and built on the Ewa side. Mauka, fronting on lanes leading to the Government road, are neat cottages, about M McChesney. The elder McChesney, a dozen in number, occupied by the was a native of New York. He was heads of the various departments in a tanner by trade; and immediately

buildings were up and the machinery nexed to it, was in motion. In the meantime two of the great large cargoes of guano had arrived from Laysan Island, and on this the start was made. The first year about 6000 tons of high grade fertilizers were turned out. But the demand was far In 1888, however, he died at the ripe. greater than the supply, and a pressing necessity for greatly increasing the capacity of the works at once mani-

which would double the output. These with him. were submitted to Mr. Paul Isenberg. one of the promoters of the enterprise, and the plans for increasing the fac- customer has made this possible.

the supply of crude material will stand, the business grew and paid and proved

will be turned out. Various grades of fertilizers, to meet the demands of Big Commission House-Its Fertil- manufactured. The enterprise is one the soil it is required to treat, are izer and Coffee Establishment.

The great house of H. Hackfeld & high grade fertilizers have come into general use, and to this fact is due in Ocean side of the world, was estab- a large measure the great increase in lished by Captain Henry Hackfeld on the sugar output for 1896 over that of preceding years. The industry em-

was engaged in trading between China, more recently launched is coffee. Of the 7000 bags shipped to this market last year, the firm handled over 3000, Attracted by the business prospects of or nearly half. They have purchased this country, he, having married and 300 acres of fine coffee land near Hilo. decided to settle down, left the sea and, which will ultimately be devoted to accompanied by his young wife and the crop. A new warehouse, ground for which will be broken next week, brother-in-law, J. C. Pflueger, then a at Waianuenue and Front street, Hilo. at Waianuenue and Front street, Hilo. will be used largely for receiving and Mr. Hackfeld's business venture was storing coffee as it arrives from the

his own ships

In 1861, Mr. Hackfeld returned to Germany to look after the business at that end of the line, leaving Mr. Pflueger sole manager here, From that period the business increased by leaps and bounds. Enlarging upon their shipping enterprise, the firm controlled the first steamer line between San Francisco and Honolulu. In 1875, the present premises were secured from the Government and the business was transferred to that place, J. C. Glade, H. W. Schmidt and others offi-

PLAINING MILLS.

Good Business Built by Lumber

Among the manufactories of Honosame time a number of plantations, well equipped mills for the prepara-Co.," the principal stockholders being Peter High, Dr. J. S. B. Pratt and Bernhard Johanson

The mill property extends from Ala-

J. A. Hopper.

Opposite the mill just mentioned, J. required by the plantations of this A. Hopper conducts one of a similar In the latter part of 1893, Messrs, character. He does not, however, take Hackfeld & Co. and G. N. Wilcox of contracts for building, his business Kauai organized The Pacific Guano being confined principally to mill work

M. W. McCHESNEY & SONS.

Soap, Leather, Coffee and Fruit Their Specialty.

The wholesale grocery firm known as M. W. McChesney & Sons is located boat landing. The building occupied Then, like "Mushrooms in a night," by them has two floors and two main the mammoth factory buildings and warehouses went up. The first one entrances, the principal one being on

walls. The house of M. W. McChesney & Sons was established in 1879 by Matgrandfather of respectively the present proprietors, R. W. and F. W. and J. M McChesney. The elder McChesney upon his arrival in Honolulu establish-In about six months all the factory ed a tannery with a small grocery an-This was the beginning of the great house forming the subject

of this sketch. For a time the old gentleman was assisted in his enterprise by his two sons, H. N. and R. W. McChesney. age of 83, and the sons came into conbrother, and the latter took his sons, Plans were drawn for arrangements F. M. and J. M., into full partnership

From that time forward the strides made by the house have been almost and had to await his presence in the phenomenal. Its trade grew beyond country. Upon looking over what had been accomplished, Mr. Isenberg at out to every part of the Islands. Thrift once sanctioned the additional out- on the part of the firm; a principle of lay. More machinery was procured, the best goods for the lowest market most of which was manufactured here, figure, and square dealing with the

tory and warehouse capacity, which in 1885, the Honolulu Soap Works has since been done, were adopted was established with McChesney & During the year 1896 all that had Sons as the prime movers behind it. been outlined in the way of improve- It was a new and doubtful enterprise; ments was accomplished. During 1897 but what it lacked in promise the over 15,000 tons, or about as much as firm supplied in extra push. Of course

ness of McChesney & Sons is strictly Oakum." a home industry, and, in a way, a savings institution to the town at large. Material from which the soap ingredients are obtained were in former years thrown away at the slaugther house and elsewhere. Now it is all collected and put to practical uses, to go to the mountains and find the been attempted and earried out than in The business at Iwilei employs a man who had so often frightened us, years before. Its sub-departments, number of men at good wages. F. W. McChesney is now president of the company and principal owner of the enterprise.

Another important enterprise which this house has been instrumental in launching is the Woodlawn Fruit Co. This business is new, but has every promise of the success which has attended all previous ventures made by this enterprising firm. A cannery is now talked of, and, with this in, the business will take the leap forward which is confidently expected of it.

A fourth great enterprise, one in which the McChesneys have been wonderfully successfully, has been the preparation of island coffee for the trade. They stand today supreme the pioneers and leaders in this important business. Roasting machines were imported from New York, and now the finest coffee is prepared almost ready for the table. Before the enterprise was started, Hawaiian enterprise was started. Hawaiian coffees went to San Francisco to be roasted, sacked and returned here for sale. Messrs. McChesney & Sons have, by their scheme, saved to their patrons from three to five cents per pound on resulted most of the colonies in Hofrom three to five cents per pound on this commodity.

This latter fact is becoming apprecisted. The quality of the coffee, also, has so far commended it that it has supplanted many of the foreign roasts tical apiarist, and E. W. Jordan, and since the landing of the missionaries formerly brought to this market. The demand for the McChesney article has the neighborhood of Kamehameha, in 1820. This department has in the demand for the McChesney article has the neighborhood of Kamehameha, wholesale houses have found it necessary to place large orders for it for their jobbing trade. One of the largest in the vicinity of the groves of Al-wholesale houses of Honolulu recently geroba trees, the blossoms of which adopted the McChesney coffee for ex- furnish an excellent quality of honey.

clusive sale in its business. With all these enterprises on hand at once, the business of the firm runs chased a stand of bees from Mr. on as smoothly as a mechanical system. Nothing is allowed to suffer.

It is constant progress all along the lines. Only by the keenest business the past few years he has found a the past few years he has found a the past few years he has found a tact and untiring energy of Messrs.

tact and untiring energy of Messrs.

fairly profitable market for his honey in Liverpool and London, shipping record been kept up. Outside of busi
his product through Theo. H. Davies ness, these gentlemen are highly re-spected in the community and are exemplary and useful citizens.

W. W. WRIGHT.

Carriages Built in Most Approved Style.

100

Good roads and a climate that takes the starch out of people's energy is sweet. what puts half the residents of Honobuilt than in Honolulu.

can be produced in his shop.

Honolulu-built brakes and carriages Hawaiian labor.

BEE CULTURE.

An Industry That Has Made Rapid tained:

small boys and natives as "Old Oak-cost upwards of \$6 each, the loss is um." He was an eccentric individual considerable.

mainly through assistance from his friends and lived in a small shack at the head of Fort street. His attire was picturesque, if rags and tatters may be so-called outside of art circles. Often the would ratrol Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street carrying a small shack at the bead of Fort street sha

he would leave the town and make a tension of the business. The lantana trip to the mountains, Tantalus being too, which covers so much of our a favorite spot. He mingled much with waste lands, produces honey much too the natives, and in his conversations with them he would caution them "Our bees gather to with them he would caution them against going over the mountains by the eucalyptus trees and the different of a few weeks, I have had a variety there was a bear up there that would there was a bear up there that would the state of the profit it has been to me. In the profit it has been to me in the profit it has been there was a bear up there that would Honolulu's beautiful gardens. eat them up. This caution was so frea stock of honey in his possession,

hard taskmaster. I remember very at the prospect of soaring aloft in the recollections of Hawaii nei.

a big success. At first only a small well, when as a boy we had a two- balmy air. Finally she tremblingly amount of soap was turned out; today week's holiday, instead of being alspreads her long, silky wings and soo boxes are loaded on the trucks lowed to spend the vacation, as we with a graceful movement unequalled from the works every month. The wished, my brother and I had to pull anywhere in the entire scope of anisoap has met universal endorsement, weeds. On the last day, having finish- mated nature, she swings from her and is now shipped to every hamlet ed our task, I tried to persuade my feet, while her body sways pendu-and plantation in the group brother to ask permission of my father lously as she hovers about the en-This particular branch of the bust- to go up in the mountain and find "Old trance of the hive."

"Knowing well my father's sternness, he declined. Then I mustered up Climbing over the crest of Tantalus Bureau of Public Works and Land and descending a hundred feet or Office, will show an enormous increase more, we found "Old Oakum" chopping away at a fallen tree. He made In the Finance Department it 's

nolulu. After conducting the business alone for a number of years, Mr. Farnsworth took in as paraners U. Thompson of Kamehameha School, a pracsing the landing of the missionaries become so great and positive that the conditions there being excellent never been before, and made improvefor the purpose. A few hives, however, are kept on the Walkiki road country almost too great to be esti-

> In 1885 Thomas Rewcastle decided to embark in the business, and pur-Farnsworth. He has today about 300

> Mr. Reweastle states that in 1896 he averaged between 45 and 50 pounds of honey per hive, but in good years the average will reach 60 pounds. His colonies are located in places convenient to algeroba trees, and his honey is consequently of a beautiful white variety. Sometimes his bees go off among the lantana, and the result is honey of a darker shade and less

Mr. Reweastle considers that the what puts half the residents of riono-lulu on wheels seven days in the week. And nowhere do you find carriages rival bee men make a mistake when better suited to the conditions or better they put their hives at a shorter distance than that from their neighbors. The bees in Honolulu produce honey W. W. Wright, on Fort street, op-only during May, June, July and posite the Club Stables conducts a large August, and as the feeding grounds United States. These buckets, howev- and 30th. establishment for the manufacture of are limited the business of growing establishment for the manufacture of vehicles. He is a thoroughly practical man, and has been in the business a blockaded with a duty of 3 cents candles in boxes. For the dealers in 13d to 17th). Total rainfall 3.46 inches great many years. His men are so well a pound in England and 10 cents a candy, Mr. Steiner's specialty is "staup in their respective lines that under gallon for honey going into the Unit-Mr. Wright's directions a duplicate of ed States. In Honolulu the market is sequently more saleable than imported

The business being limited, Mr. East. are conceded to be better suited to the Rewcastle thinks the bee men of Hoconditions here than the imported art- noisis should consolidate and proicle, and Mr. Wright enjoys the dis- tect each other, as they do in Califortinction of seeing every day the result nia. Aside from the algeroba and a fruits, nuts and cocoanuts in greatest of his handiwork on Honolulu roads. few flowers, the only honey bearing variety; chocolate creams, the most de-He imports all of his material from the blossoms in the Islands are those of United States, and employs white and the Royal palm, and as the supply of five varieties; fondans, plain and fancy; sult to the individual producers is not

bees the following information is ob-

Strides.

and culture of the honey bee has been green and conversation lozenges; rock average except for the islands of Mau it would be a difficult thing to fix the given the utmost care and attention candy, red, white and brown; licorice, and Kauai. The first of these, accomdate of the beginning of the bee indate of the beginning of the bee inin bee culture. Blacks, Hybrids and cough drops; lemon drops, small and in three days ending August 17, a tota
dustry in the Hawaiian Islands. As far
Italians have all been imported at large; maple sugar, in cakes and bricks of 2.27 inches of rain (general averback as the "oldest inhabitant" can great expense. These are forwarded run his thoughts, honey has been gath- through the mail in small cells especi- sorted; fancy mixed cream candies; disturbance, with some unseasonable ered in the mountains. Back in the time they are necessarily imprisoned candy; butterscotch, in bars and three last days of the month a total 50's one of the characters of the city is long, many die before they reach squares. was Dwight Holcomb, known to the their destination, and as the queens

"Regarding the honey producing and was the "bogie man" to the young plants here, every one, including the celebrated White Mountain sage, that Holcomb had no business and lived which has made California honey fahe would patrol Fort street carrying a double-barrel shot-gun and with a game bag hanging from his shoulders. On such occasions it was noticed that

quent and given so earnestly that the is the 'queen.' She does little on no natives began to suspect, and when on outdoor work and usually lives to a different tourists. I have met during my trip. I have heard only expresshis return one day he was found with good old age, despite her arduous oveparous duties. Some queens die, seemthey told him his bear was the mell ingly of old age, the second season, but the sugar industry, and the great futthey and they were not afraid.

The object of Holcomb's trips to the fourth. She usually takes her wedding While it is generally known that coffee mountains becoming known, boys of flight from between two to ten days grows in these islands, but very few 2.62 inches 15 or 16 would frequently beg permission from their parents to accompany prettier or more interesting sight to him on his jaunts; sometimes the boys the apiarist than the first flight of a would follow after him or run across queen as she ventures out cautiously him in their search for land shells. In on the slighting board, with her wings relating his experience when a lod with slightly raised, her tapering body "Old Oakum," a prominent Government elongated and amazingly increased in yours, official said the other day:

"While my father was always intensely religious, and a man devoted to the church, he was at once a rather runs this way and that, much excited states in her letter, the most pleasant on Mauf and north and west Hawaii, on Mauf and north and west Hawaii.

Government Reports.

the necessary courage, but when I bepartment reports for the year leached the door of the house I became very humble, and in that con- crease in business all along the line. dition asked and received permission In the Interior Department more has

no objections to our being there, but little to say that more money has not cautioned us to look out for the bees, been handled since the big Kalakaua When he had chopped sufficiently he loan days. Tax, license, Post Office reached in with his hand and example and Customs receipts have been greattracted the honey. He told us then er than in years. The number of acthat he would self the combs for \$2.50 counts in the Postal Savings Bank or \$5.00, according to the size. One have increased from 3,500 to 7,500 thing about Holcomb I could not un-during the year, an increase of over derstand; he would handle the bees 100 per cent. In the Customs depart-without protection to his hands or ment a great stride will be noted. The face, and was seldom stang. Occa-country's shipping increased in a sursionally he would get a nip, but he did not seem to mind it. That was thirty years ago, and as far as my inshow a large increase. Taxable propformation goes, Dwight Holcomb was the first man to gather wild honey for the Honolulu market."

slow a large increase. Taking property has increased and opened the way for the Honolulu market."

for the Honolulu market."

Twenty years ago John Farnsworth came here from Virginia City, Nevada. A year later a colony of bees swarmed on his place. A day or two after hiving them a man came along

The report of the Department of Education will be one of the most in-

FOR A SWEET TOOTH.

Candies 'Manufactured Here and Sold to the Trade.

The Elite Ice Cream Parlor, of which James Steiner is proprietor, besides furnishing sandwiches and coffee to the hungry, ices and soda water to the thirsty and chewing gum to the little maidens, has within its walls the most modern machinery for the manufacturing of candies of all sorts and conditions, from the fancy creams, with fruits or nuts, to plain every-day but-

ter scotch. From a small beginning this factory fresh every day, and in addition to this, his wholesale trade is with fourfurnishes all of the plantation stores, as well as the Chinese dealers and

er, are confined to use for stick and any carriage illustrated in a catalogue limited, the sales not amounting to goods, which reach here many weeks can be produced in his shop. \$20 per month.

> Among the large assortment Mr. Steiner makes cream candies of all kinds, plain and fancy; some with licious, in 10 varieties; caramels, in this is, to an extent, limited, the re- fringed motto bonbons; cocoanut candies, in cakes, squares and balls; gumdrops, hard and soft; marshmallows; From another extensive dealer in cream almonds; smooth almonds (egg force charactized most of the month "During the past five years the care boxes and bottles: peppermint, winter- storms which brought up the month'

AN APPRECIATIVE LADY

Miss Goldstein Writes to Mr. Wight on Her Hawaiian Trip. Before the departure of the O. S. S.

"Honolulu, H. I., Mar. 10, 1897. To Mr. Charles Wight, President Wilder Steamship Co.,

Dear Sir:-I wish to thank the Wilder Steamship Company, through you, for my 'Hawaiian trip,' I am deeply sensible of the pleasure and of a few weeks, I have had a variety of scene and incident in connection ward districts on all islands, Kona. source of realistic impressions.

my trip, I have heard only expressions of surprise at the magnitude realize that coffee culture has taken such a step forward. I shall be one a low your hopes for the future industry.

AMELIA GOLDSTEIN.

Moist During 1896.

orandum From the Local Observer.

share of rain, the average for all dis-tricts being but 3.95 inches. Rain than it would have been if distributed 5th to 10th, 21st, 30th and 31st; on rain but better distributed. Maui Molokai and Lanai about the 4th. 16th, 20th and 30th; on Oahu and Kaual about the 6th, 16th or 18th, 23d and

except the leeward districts of Kau somewhat exceed this, were all the da and Kona, abundant rains. At most at hand. stations on the other islands rainfall . On Mani the highest record is the was below the average. General aver- of Hana at 1800 feet elevation, near age 4.82 inches.

at its close. In the five days ending the modest figure of 68 2-3 inches Feb. 3d, the average total rainfall for The minimum figure for Hawaii all districts was 2.56 inches, and again that of Pahala, 32 1-4 inches; Olow in the four days ending Feb. 12, there Maul, maintains its reputation was an average of 2.23 inches, 45 per rainlessness, with a record of cent, of the total rainfall for the inches, Kula standing second t month. During the time that the trade 23.2 inches. Waianse, Oahu, recei wind was interrupted, Feb. 17 to 20, only 21.6 inches; Makaweli, Kar there was almost no rain.

MARCH.-Southerly winds return- There were only seven days in ing at the close of the month brought year with a reported rainfall ave coplous rains at most stations-least ing for all stations less than on Kauai, the average rainfall for the inches; not a single day which five days ending March 4, being 2.56 not at several stations a rainfall inches, nearly 40 per cent. of all that cord. In April and in May there fell in the month. Trade wind again no day having an average precip in the latter part of the month brought | tion for all districts less than 0.03 i a good supply of rain except to leeward stations. In five days, ending March of rain record of 76 stations grou 28, the average rainfall for all districts in twenty districts. The most rema was 4.87 inches. The average rainfall able fact brought out is that the for the month was nearly 6 inches. waiian Islands as a whole canno

The central and leeward districts of said to have a dry season. The a Kauai received less than their fair age monthly rainfall during 1896 share

APRIL-In April the prevalent trade August which was exceptionally winds brought comparatively little and January and November w rain until the close of the month when were exceptionally dry, the average they reached the force almost of a the dry season months was 3.51 inc gale, and brought in three days an average rainfall in all districts of 2.60 inches, nearly one-half of all that fel has developed into one, the product of in April. There were also well mark which is sufficient to stock every store on the Islands. Mr. Steiner does a 21st. Total rainfall (average) 5.46 large retail business, his goods being inches. Leeward stations, of course received little rain.

MAY.-The rains of May, a trade fifths of the stores on the Islands. He wind month were mostly concentrated in its first five days, nearly two inches out of the total average of 4.40 falling white store-keepers on the other Isl- in that time. In the nine days ending May 6, the total rainfall (average) wa Candies for shipment to the other equal to the entire rainfall of the Islands are packed in buckets, after the month of May. Additional notable manner of the manufacturers of the rain dates were about the 11th, 27th

> JUNE,-Rains accompanying trade d to 17th). Total rainfall 3.46 inche Notable rain dates, June 3d, 13th and 21st. Very little rain in last-week of month. The only day having an average rain record of less than 0.01 inch was the 24th, the date of the full moon

JULY.-The rains of July centered about the 5th and 22d of the month Nearly 40 per cent, fell in the six day ending July 9. Total rainfall 3.1 inches, a low average for July. Lana which had no rain in June, had a fair amount in July, but droughty conditions prevailed still in Kau, as at lee ward stations generally.

AUGUST .- Trade winds of moderate candy); burnt almonds; jelly heans; of August, and these brought little cachon candies, pastiles, cachous in rain. There were, however, two -a first-class article; fruit tablets, as- age); the second, distinctly a cyclonic of 2.19 inches. Total rainfall of month (average) 5.69 inches.

In Kau the spell of drought wa broken by copious rains on the 10th as well as on the 16th and 30th, the total amounting to more than 11 inches

SEPTEMBER.-September with al most uninterrupted trade wind prove the direct month of the year, with ar average of only 2.92 inches. Forty per cent of this fell in the first four days of the month, in continuation of the disturbance at the close of August Rains were scarcity at nearly all sta tions, except in the districts of Hilo Kona and upper Puna, Maui and Oahu particularly suffering. OCTOBER.-In October again trad

winds prevailed except for a few day in the middle of the month, with Hawaii, having however a reasonabl share. Kanal was more generousl dealt with than in the previou months. The rains were pretty evenly distributed through the month, almost wholly wanting on the 14th and 15th. The notable rain dates were about the 6th and 22d. Total rainfall (average)

NOVEMBER.-Southerly winds and barometer characterized the of the many who will spread abroad month of November, which had after all a rainfall of only 4.36 inches Thanking you one more for my en- Forty-four per cent. of this fell in the joyable trip. I remain, most cordially six days ending Nov. 8. There was little rain from the 14th to the 24th. S REEDEESEE

Oahu and Lanai had a fair amount. 3 8888888888888

would seem that the belt of calms moving southward gave the most norther-

ly Island the first benefit. DECEMBER.-In December, after the first week, northerly winds again Where the Islands Were prevailed until near the close of the month with the rise of the barometer on Again a high barometer and northerly winds brought notable rains on Dec. Interesting and Authentic Mem- 24th and 25th, but the greatest precipitation of the month was in connection with the Kona storm at its close, which reached Kauai about 36 hours earlier than it did Hawali, and added nearly two inches to the rain record of JANUARY.-January, with souther- the month, which stands as 5.89 inches.

Hawaii received less than its average ly and variable winds had less than its of rain. Maui, Molokai, Lanai and storms occurred on Hawaii on the 1st, through the month. Kauai had less ual rainfall, and there bring out clear-

TOTAL RAINFALL 1896.

Maui had a fair amount of rain, 186 inches. In the Hilo districts the a fair share of the exceptionally neary Hamakua, Hawaii, a generous supply highest total is that of Laupahoehoe, rains. FEBRUARY.—In February, prevailing trade winds brought to Hawaii, except the leeward districts of Fan at 900 feet elevation, viz: 152 inches,

79 inches; on Oahu, Luakaha repe The principal rain storms occurred nearly 89 1-2 inches; on Kauai, Ha in the first half of the month, or just lef, heads the list, as usual, but w

22.9 inches.

4.475 inches. Omitting the month

-			896		Ja	G	7 >	Not.	De	7
		-	reh	DELL'	ne	Jy		-	ď	p1.
	Hilo 10 stations	5.42	18.29	18.80	9.46	8.29	18.59	8.17	7.63	182.88
	Hamakus 7 stations	10 19	11.34	7.08	5.57	5.01	1 5.96	4 78	6,66	79.40
HAWAII.	N Kohaia t stations	4.05	5.88	9.49	4.07	484	3.38	3.64	4.07	44.09
	Waimea 1 station	494	5 73	9 11	2,49	2 96	3.90	1.76	3,61	38.15
	Konn d stations	2000	4.28	8.97	8.59	4.16	6.12	0.80	3,48	59.45
	Kan t stations	1.52	6.39	089	0 02	0.73	2.55	0.76	2.66	84.12
	Punaiuka S stations	3.53	16.21	18 17	12 81	9.90	19.03	4.8	8,79	147 48
189	Punalkai 3 stations	3,30	10.33	5 82	4.61	293	4.00	3.68	5.27	67.27
	Wind- ward stations	288	5.74	4.81	8.90	4.15	2000	4 4 16	9.89	60 51
MAUL.	Contral d stations	579	4.98	0.70	1.80	1.51	0.72	1.90	7.54	35 96
	Leeward 3 stations	22	2 07	0.01	0.21	0.67	0.04	01.12	4.25	16 93
MOLO.	1 station	4 14	3,29	1 20	1.43	3.88	0 98	3,26	6.18	33.46
LANAI	1 station	85 8	4.78	0.00	0.00	3.07	1 93 5	8.14	6,85	80.11
	Xona Mona	2.40	4.50	1.61	1.45	0.55	0.65	3 3 6 3 3 6	6.42	33.80
NO.	Interior d stations	3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5.47	6 10	4.78	3.23	7.38	5.67	9.49	68,26
OAHU.	Koolan 4 stations	4.28	4.96	5,63	2.45	19.95	5,66	84.78	9.05	54.56
	Lesward S stations	1.88	2.86	20.08	0.55	0.33	0.42	3.51	4.60	23.97

28228212822

2552529925532

Kanal at length an ample supply. It NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS IN DIF-

Additional interesting and useful in formation is contained in the following table, which gives for each of the districts the number of days distingui by light or heavy rainfall. A rainfall of 0.01 inch or more constitutes a day Dec. 3d and 6th, giving us thirty per of rain record, but throughout this cent of the total rain of the month. table only averages are used, so that the number of days of rain record is probably greater than it would be for any one station, while the number days of heavy rainfall is likely to be somewhat less than for an individual station.

Days are reckoned as relatively rainy when the rainfall exceeds two per cent, of the total rainfall for the current months. In some cases actual precipitation may not have been more than 0.02 inch.

The remaining figures deal with actly the contrast in climate between the windward and the leeward sides of The highest total rainfall reported the several islands. It it interesting is that of Olaa, which reached nearly to note that the leeward stations got

AINFALL.	days of rate	relatively	n(over0.1iu).	rer 0'4 in)	s rainfall over
15130 10	398	160	935	5	19
andantall.	240	119	136	51	100
shade Z Z sentials	235	196	106	88	80
stadoZ S	236	136	96	18	00
sandi	990	168	150	198	10
Kan t s	114	81	560	17	7
adplanng enotiare	301	182	249	118	30
Femilian T	304	172	185	500	13
Mawbulw Acottate	290	148	142	34	10
Septial 4 s	274	127	8	29	ço
braward anottate	105	78	40	6	10
-, moliate i	172	101	83	16	4
dollate 1	11	85	53	13	00
s of anox	254	118	78	#	O1
rofrestral excellate	259	141	156	46	10
ts è nafooM	266	140	123	24	9
braweel snollate	205	113	60	#	5
Windward saotisfers	283	165	181	48	9
	270	156	194	20	6
Central 5 el					_

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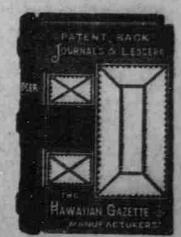
E. M. WHITNEY, I

Notes on Current Topic. Voluntary Labor Contracts. Young Cane Seedlings Industrial Prospects of Fiji. A Planter's Views on the Sugar Crop. Successful Experiment in Greensol

contents for February, 1897.

ng with Lupines. Prof. Albert Koebele and His Work. Report of the Entomologist of the lawalian Government. Farming in Waimes, Hawaii. Nitrate-producing Plants Sugar Industry of Hawaii. Molasses Going Out. Coffee in Hawali. H. B. Oxnard on Sugar.

> HAWN. GAZETTE CO., Publisher



HAWAIIAN GAZETTE COMPANY forces molten type metal into the 12 or 16 page papers as they leave the collector, advertising solicitor, and Alice Kimball who visited here several mould, and a line of type drops down, press. Next comes the old Gazette "Oscar."

Hoose of Hawaii.

Fast Presses.

Its Manufacturing Department

The Hawaiian Gazette Company as

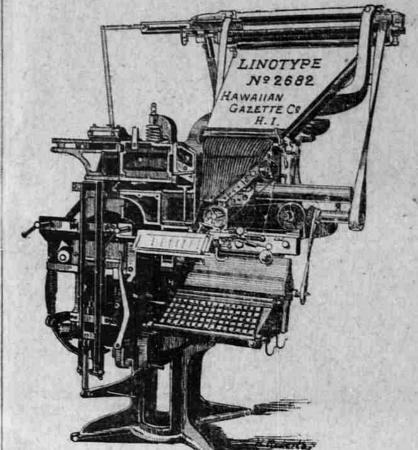
dious business office is found, well lighted by the large front windows on King street. Abreast of this is the editorial room, similarly lighted and MODERN IN EVERY FEATURE a targe skylight is the reporter's room. There is an entrance to the printing department direct from the head of the front stairway. Here is found one of Linotype Machines and the roomiest, airest and lightest composing rooms-where type is set or "composed," also "imposed" or made ready for the press-to be seen anywhere. It contains an array of type-Excellent Work Turned Out From setting stands, imposing stones, etc., of modern construction such as might done. An elevator shaft is provided besides stairs for communication with the press room on the ground floor.

an incorporated business concern, is The job printing department is thor- to 30 ems. Longer lines can be formed of comparatively recent organization, oughly equipped with all the latest of course, by using two lengths of the mince the articles of incorporation were styles from San Francisco and the Linotype lines placed end to end. most issued until 1882. Branches of the rest of the United States. The Hono- A specialty is made of the blank establishment were conducted for many lulu merchant is as desirous of seeing book work and commercial printing.

quicker than it takes to tell, into place stop-cylinder press made by the great | The power used in the establishment next to the previous line cast. All firm of R. Hoe & Co., New York, The is electricity. The motor is of 10-horse this is performed without the oper- finest machine in the shop is, however, power capacity. There is in addition ator leaving his seat, and more too, an "Optimus" press. It is superior as a gas engine of the same power, which Largest Publishing and Printing the upper story. Beginning a tour of A steel hand on the end of a long, a book, job or fine newspaper press. is used to supplement the motor in curved iron arm swoops down and grasping the line of matrices raises it aloft, where a lateral plunger that has moved out of the way to let the hand spacious, and in the rear, lighted by pass, returns and pushes the line into an enclosed passage. As each matrix comes to the chamber in the reservoir where its own kind belongs it drops into place, ready to make the rounds again when its time comes. By this machine as much type may be set in one hour by an expert operator as a rapid compositor can set of movable type in four hours.

The Linotypes are used for bookpublishing as well as for newspaper be expected where so much work is work. Four different styles of matrices representing four different styles of type are used-Nonpariel, Brevier, Long Primer and Small Pica. The length of the lines varies from 13 ems

years prior to that date, however, as his hand-bills, circulars and adver- The Gazette Company carries a stock



LINOTYPE MACHINES USED BY HAWAHAN GAZETTE bureaus now maintained by the Gov-COMPANY.

The Paradise of the Pacific with its case of necessity. When running full The studies in which these scientists fine illustrations is printed on it. It force the gas engine consumes about and their clerical assistants are emhas a speed anywhere from 1,200 ten gallons of gasoline daily.

to 1,800 an hour, and among its advantages, which printers will appreciate, are the following: Detention of pressman long enough for, him to observe the "color," the technical term OFF TO THE COAST.

of Well Known People. rollers, ease of getting at the "forms" away from the Oceanic wharf to begin

months ago. The ceremony will take place at "The Lawns" the home of the Kimballs, near Mill's Seminary, Ala-

meda County, on April 17th Henry Lee the actor and his secretary, R. C. Burt, on their way to the United States to fill several engage-

ments. Last but not least, Messrs, Harry Gillig, Frank Unger, Donald De V. Graham, Alex. Hamilton and Jerome Hart who stood in line and waved good-bye in concert to their many friends on the wharf.

As is most nearly always the case when the Australia departs there were

some amusing incidents. M. Ezekiels, traveling agent for the big wholesale grocery firm of H. Levi & Co., of San Francisco, was honored with a lei of carrots, radishes, onions, potatoes and other vegetables. D. Chase who presented Mr. Ezekiels with the vegetable lei did not trust to ordinary twine to hold the various parts together but used a small rope, As the Australia was bauling away Mr. Chase got back most of his vege

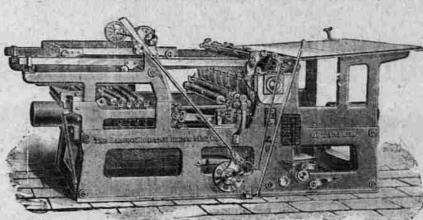
Then there was a man who could not get up the gang plank, so he hailed a boat, threw his traps and himself into it and climbed up a rope as the Australia was backing away from the wharf. A bottle wrapped in white paper seemed to be the most important piece of luggage the man had with

The Hawatian Band gave its usual farewell concert, favoring the departing passengers with several popular Hawaiian airs.

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE.

The suggestion has again been brought forward that considerable economy could be effected, as well as a more accurate and comprehensive service rendered, by consolidating under one head, the Department of Science, all of the 28 strictly scientific ernment. These several departments

now cost annually \$8,000,000. ployed comprise the earth and its products, the atmosphere and its changes, economic plants and their culture, domestic animals and their kind, surveys for measuring the land and for the printed sheet in full view of the Australia Departs With a Number sounding the waters, agricultural experiment stations, a fish commission At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the forest, forage and fruit culture, musefor allowance of ink; great facility in gang planks of the Australia were low- ums of objects of art, ethnology, nathe adjustment and shifting of ink ered away and the popular boat backed tural history, mineralogy, geology, etc. Owing to the present lack of co-ordiof type when necessary to make a cor- her voyage to San Francisco. The hation there is ample opportunity for rection or to remove any substance wharves were crowded with people all important work. For instance, the statistics of the natural resources of ability for running off two jobs at one seen. Among those on the deck of the the country are now collected by eight



OPTIMUS BOOK PRESS.

Alougside the large machine stands a happy time in Honolulu. a "Pony Optimus," with a bed 18x24 imposing stones used expressly for perfectly flat. It differs from the old inches, or about half the size of the big watian trip" offered by the Wilder "Optimus." It has the same kind of mechanism as the other and has a ca- his late home in California. and there is less liability of splitting pacity of 2,800 an hour. There are in addition three other presses which are

presses for copperplate work. The stereotype machines are of the same pattern as those used on the on their way East. Mr. Hobron is off pressed the opinion that books emsolid lines-that is, instead of one The company furnishes nearly all the newspapers in the United States. What on business but will find some time bracing the author's views and theois known as the chalk plate process is for pleasure. His wife will accompany ries never amounted to much, especialused. The artist, with a sharp stylus, him on his travels.

on each side, with mechanism for colors and styles, were the following: different departments, not counting the either of the feeders to stop the cylin- Count Theo. di Kergorlay, bound census, which usually goes over the home after a trip around the world and whole field again. In this and many other cases a single executive head

Miss Goldstein who won the "Ha-Steamship Company for the correct

Mrs. Brenig who goes to San Fran used on job and small work, and her property there. cisco on business in connection with

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Hobron who are books and writers. An Oxonian ex-

college men, among them Thomas Carlyle, were one evening discussing ly those who were mainly theoretical.

would produce more efficient service.

A STORY OF CARLYLE.

A small crowd of litterateurs and

scratches the picture on a metal plate on which there is a thin layer of chalk. Who accompanies the remains of her "Young sir," he said, "once upon a time there was a man in France whose name was Rosseau, and he wrote a book which was filled with theories and opinions, and so on. And the young nobility and fops of the period said that the book was wind. young sir, it is an incident of history that their skins went to bind the second edition of that book."

A SAFE PLACE.

Father Hugh Lagan, of San Rafael, is a plous priest and an excellent raconteur. His reverence relates that he was called in recently to administer the last rites of the church to a dying sinner, who, like himself, was a native of the Emerald Isle.

"I have but one request to make, father," gasped the dying penitent.
"What is it, my son?" inquired the

"That when I am dead, father, you will put me to rest in the Hebrew

"And what for?" asked Father La-

"Because, your reverence," moaned the sick man, "it is the last place on the face of the globe where the divil would look for an Irishman."

PAPER WHEELS.

A paper bicycle has now invaded the field. One of them, owned by a bicycle agent, is now in use in London. Paper in the manufacture of railway carriage

THE VON HOLT BLOCK, THE LARGER PORTION OF WHICH THE GAZETTE COMPANY OCCUPIES the Pacific Commercial Advertiser, tisements finished in the approved of paper for the bindery department time, there being a place for a feeder Australia and laden with lets of all different agencies connected with six for instance. When the consolidation fashion as is the merchant on Broad- valued at from \$6,000 to \$8,000. The of interests took place, the name was way. New York. With its modern and principal ledger paper stock carried is retained which had already come to up-to-date conveniences the Gazette the product of the Byron Weston be well known throughout the United Company is able to meet his demand. mills of Dalton, Massachusetts. Other States as well as locally, the Hawalian The job printing is not confined to qualities of paper are also used in the circulars and posters, however, Pro- work. The company now doing business grammes, invitations, bills of fare and The machinery used in the bindery under that name is a stock company orders of dances are supplied by the is comparatively new, as additions to

in the Advertiser. The Advertiser it- place. The engraving is closely allied self was originally a weekly, but has to the copper-plate department. been u daily paper for the past fifteen years. In addition to these two papers department is in the same room as sewing patent backs to blank books the Gazette Company publishes, on its the type-setting. For job-printing, an- ledgers and the like. This last maown account, the Planters' Monthly, a other force of men is employed, how- chine is interesting. The new patent monthly magazine devoted to agriculture, principally sugar and coffee interests: the Knokoa, a weekly printed in Church Chronicle, the Paradise of the

The newspaper department is supplied with two modern Mergenthaler the binding. to make a respectable business and tions is an extensive one. In addition not only a newspaper and magazine one for each line. The operator sits office book supplies.

that purpose.

with a paid up capital of \$40,000. It company as well. The copper-plate de- it were recently made. All kinds of publishes the Daily Pacific Commer- partment may perhaps be considered commercial and blank book work are einl Advertiser, the only morning pa- as supplimenting the job printing de- done on the ruling machine. This maper published in Honolulu, and the partment. The nice work, as wedding chine takes in a sheet 23x36. Its ca-Hawaiian Gazette, a semi-weekly and other invitations, visiting cards pacity with one feeder is four largely made up of material published and the like are done from the copper reams an hour. Beyond the ruling manumbering drafts and the like: a wire The regular newspaper type setting stitching machine and a machine for ever. On the newspaper force there is back for ledger work permits the book. der or press. a day and a night shift. The forms no matter of how many pages it confor the newspapers are made up on the sists, to lie wide open with its pages fashioned spring back in that respect,

Linotype machines of the most improv- There are also perforating and ed pattern. The Linotype is a most in- rounding machines, a hydraulic press genious machine, composing type in for books, and a power paper cutter. It has other departments, so that it is type for each character there is but business firms of the Islands with their

publishing company but is at the same at a keyboard like that of a typewriter. One of the late acquisitions of the

DESIGNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE DISPANCE

DISPATCH DOUBLE FEED PRESS ON WHICH PUBLICATIONS OF CAZETTE COMPANY ARE PRINTED.

position formerly in a large wooden building new von Holt block on King street. Gazette Company occupies two wings

the native vernacular: The Anglican

Pacific, the Commercial Journal, and

Ka Hoshana are also printed in this es-

tablishment on account of other own-

ers. This work alone is sufficient

the plant for issuing these publica-

time a job printing office with every

facility for printing all sorts of job

work, from the ordinary small dodgers to be thrown about the streets to the

full page show bill or poster; it has a

Toll-equipped stereotyping plant; a

book bindery with capacity for making Mank books of the ordinary vest pocket size to the thousand-page ledger.

It also has an engraving, a copper-

plate printing and a rubber stamp de-

partment. This consolidation of inter-

ests was made necesary by the de-

mands of a community of men doing

business in the modern and progres-

give fushion, and who needed material

furnished them without unreasonable

delay. It is the natural outgrowth of a printing office situated two thousand

miles from the source of supplies. The

ability which comes of long experience and the excellent work done has won

for the establishment an enviable rep-

Its mechanical departments are easi-

by superior to any others in the isl-

ands. They are supplied with appliances calculated to facilitate work and

to accomplish it expeditiously. As a business establishment the Hawaiian

Gazette Company occupies no mean

utation.

modious quarters are necessary. The the letters desired are sent into a line, feed newspaper press by the celebrated type machine and the hot me all poured his late name in California. offices and various departments were formerly in a large wooden building a warning bell tells him when he has Babcock Company of New York. It block, which is taken out and sawed her home in Santa Cruz, California, bicycle weighs 20 pounds, and is as en Merchant street. Fifteen months ago nearly filled his line, and, stopping at can be fed by one or two pressmen as into proper shape for the press. The premises are L shaped, and the key and the line of matrices, forming the machine that prints the Advertiser one people. company occupies two wings a complete mould, moves within a and the Gazette. Attached to and made the Lon the second story, besides a complete mould, moves within a and the Gazette. Attached to and made two editors and three reporters, and of months spent on the islands.

Another hard day for the lei girls, the business department of the manthree space on the ground floor. The casing upon the side of a wheel; a expressly for it is a "Dexter" folder the business department of the manthree ditorial department consists of to his home in Boston after a number of two editors and three reporters, and of months spent on the islands.

Another hard day for the lei girls, the business department of the manthree ditorial department consists of to his home in Boston after a number of two editors and three reporters, and of months spent on the islands.

Another hard day for the lei girls, the business department of the manager, bookkeeper, subscription clerk, to be united in marriage with Miss pular island people.

Owing to its extensive plant com- and as he taps the keys matrices of press room is a "Dispatch" double- The plate is then placed in the stereo- grandson, drowned at Sans Souci, to fiber, similar to that sometimes used

were moved to the handsome the end of the last word or syllable desired, and with two has a capacity the mechanical, job and newspaper with her brother, F. W. Makinney. that the line will hold, he depresses a of 3.600 impressions an hour. This is departments give employment to forty- Mr. A. T. Hartewill, nephew of Gen-duction of bicycles of this sort.-Cyeral A. S. Hartwell, who is returning cling Gazette.